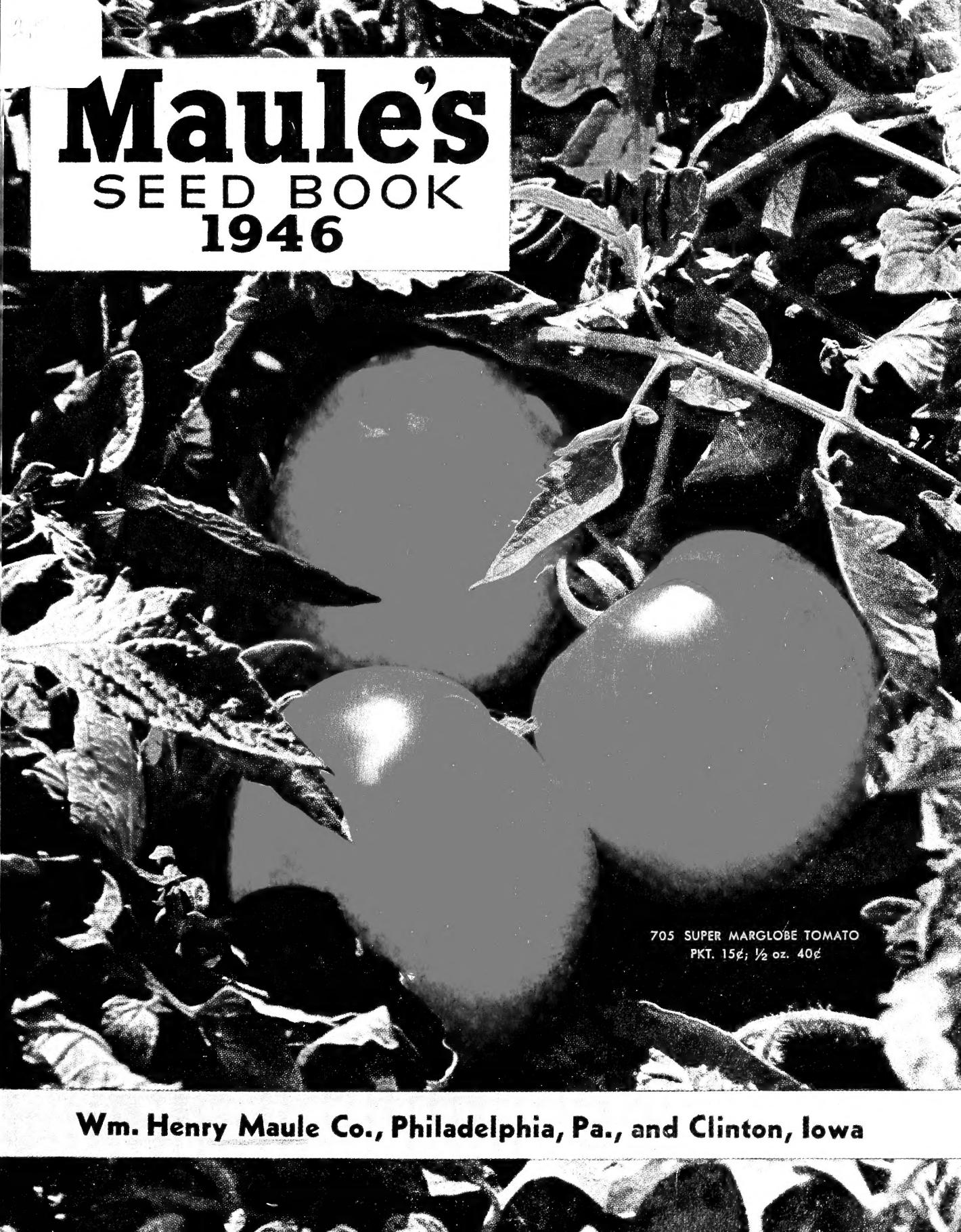


Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

Maule's

SEED BOOK
1946



705 SUPER MARGLOBE TOMATO
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢

Wm. Henry Maule Co., Philadelphia, Pa., and Clinton, Iowa

83 BLACK SEED OR LULU LETTUCE

84 DETROIT DARK RED BEET

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢

11 TENDER POD BEAN

Pkt. 13¢; ½ lb. 30¢

572 CRIMSON GIANT RADISH

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢

What's it Worth?

What's your garden worth to you? \$25? \$100? \$300? No figure can be correct, because your garden gives you things that money can't buy and whose worth can't be measured.

Of course the money measure is an important one. Most folks with a good sized garden can count on saving at least \$200 a year in money they would have had to spend for food. But there are three other things not measurable in cash. Here they are:

First, what could you do with the time you spent in your garden which would be so healthful, and so profitable at the same time?

Second, where but your own garden can you go to pick beans off the plant a half hour before you eat them? Fresh vegetables are delicious vegetables; stale vegetables can never satisfy the man who's had a garden. Canned peas taste about as much like fresh peas as canned milk tastes like fresh milk.

Third, if you've had a taste of Jubilee tomato, or Tender Pod bean, or Maule's Perfection muskmelon, where will you find these wonderful Maule specialties on the market? These and other desirable garden favorites are just not commercial varieties, and if you have found them as toothsome and as hard to forget as most people, it would be sad indeed to be without them because you didn't grow them yourself.

So a garden is worth money, it's worth health, and it's worth intense satisfaction to you. Make it bigger and better than ever this year.

Free Seeds

Again this year, as in so many years past, Wm. Henry Maule expresses gratitude for loyalty with a free packet of finest flower seeds. This year's gift will be mixed colors of

Carnation Flowered Marigolds with odorless foliage.

Colors in this fine mixture range from deep orange through bright yellow to pale primrose. The plants grow 2½ ft. tall, and the blossoms are 3 in. across, appearing freely over a long blooming period.

As an EXTRA GIFT, in addition to the marigolds, we will include a free Surprise Packet of some of our finest and most expensive flower seeds. Remember, every customer will receive these two free packets of valuable flower seeds with his order.

Postal Notes

We call to your attention a new method of making remittances by mail. Postal notes sold by the post office are much more convenient and less expensive than money orders, and they are perfectly safe.

The Sign of the Four-Leaf Clover

Occasionally, through this catalog, the four-leaf clover symbol appears after a variety name. This symbol is a guide for you when you are uncertain about which variety to choose among several in a class. The  indicates a double choice. It signifies public approval of the variety in terms of quantity purchased; and at the same time it expresses our own recommendation of the variety for a wide range of soil and weather conditions.

The Maule Guarantee

We guarantee the vitality and purity of Maule's seeds and bulbs to the full amount of the purchase price.

We guarantee to refill your order or refund—any time within a year—the full amount paid us for seeds, bulbs, or roots, if you are not satisfied with the results.

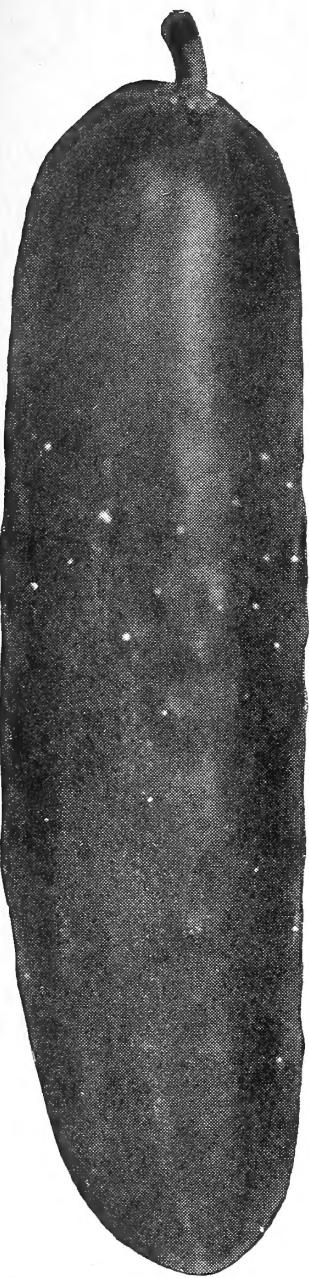
We send you only the highest quality seeds and bulbs and gladly stand back of them. But weather, soil, and care also influence crops, so in no case shall we be responsible for any amount beyond the sum you actually pay us for the seeds, bulbs, or roots.

Maturity Dates

With each description of vegetable seeds we show the number of days to maturity. These figures are an average and were determined at Philadelphia. More northern climates generally induce quicker maturity, and more southern somewhat slower maturity. In the case of tomatoes, and other types started first and then transplanted, the maturity is gauged from the transplanting date.

We Prepay Transportation

Everything in this catalog is sold with the understanding that we will prepay transportation charges anywhere in the United States. We may send shipments by parcel post or by express, but in either case the prices we list in this catalog show your whole expenditure. There are no "extras"; everything is prepaid to you when you order from this seed book.



259 Burpee

Hybrid Cucumber

Resists cucumber diseases

We'd like nothing better than to claim this outstanding breeding achievement for our own. It is the kind of advancement in the seed world that changes the whole growing procedure as radically and as wonderfully as hybrid corn has changed the growing of our nation's corn crop. But this new hybrid cucumber was bred by Burpee, and is such a great stride forward that we are glad to acknowledge its origin, and to present it enthusiastically to our customers.

The remarkable thing about the Burpee Hybrid cucumber is the fact that it is resistant to the diseases which have plagued cucumber growers for many years. There are three principal cucumber diseases—bacterial wilt, downy mildew, and mosaic. When your vines shrivel and die rapidly and disastrously at an early age, or just as they are beginning to bear, one of these three diseases is most likely the cause. It has been astonishing even to breeders whose stock in trade is plant miracles to see what a decisive comparison exists between this new hybrid and all other commercial varieties. The plants remain green and producing long after all others are dead. In a field of cucumber trials nothing could be more impressive than to look across the rows on September 1 and see desolation and death everywhere except for those rows of lush green foliage where the hybrid cucumber still grew freely and without hindrance from disease.

It is perfectly true that this hybrid will eventually succumb to disease, but under most conditions you can expect a month additional production from these resistant plants. This is often the means of doubling, tripling, or quadrupling your crop, or even of harvesting a good crop where absolutely none could be grown of ordinary cucumbers.

We have seen these facts repeated three successive years in our trials, and we have reports from experiment stations in all parts of the country which wholly substantiate our own observations.

This cucumber is of the white spine, slicing type, grows 8 in. long and $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick. It is of excellent type and quality, being blunt at both ends, and of a fine, dark green color. First fruits may be harvested in about 60 days from planting, and we feel sure that you who plant this great, new cucumber will find that you have a multitude of fruits to pickle and to give to your neighbors long after their own vines have withered.

Burpee Hybrid cucumber carries our highest recommendation, and we are sorry that the intricate production problems connected with this seed crop make it impossible for either the producers or ourselves to offer it in larger than packet quantities this year.

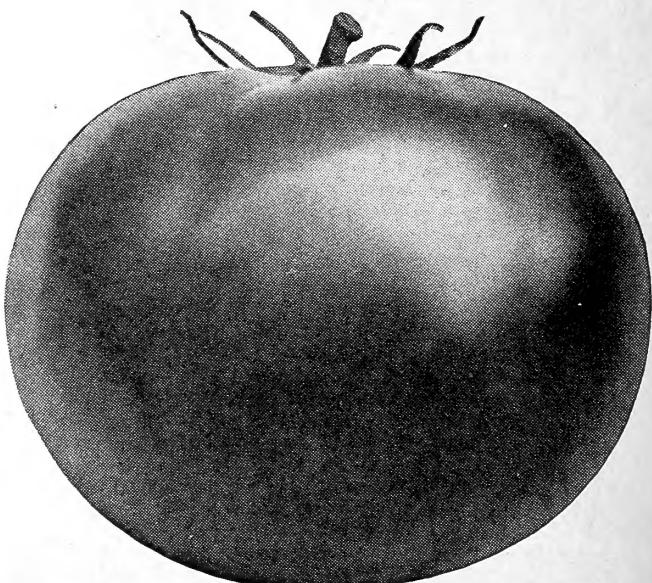
Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.

730 Fordhook Hybrid Tomato

Every seed from a hand pollinated fruit (60 days)

Introduced in 1945, this new tomato is another hybrid, setting a new standard of excellence for this vegetable. The magic vigor of first generation hybrid plants makes new things possible in familiar crops. Fordhook Hybrid is early, in season with Earliana, and yet it is much better quality, more nearly round in shape, and vastly more prolific. It yields more fruits than any standard variety on the market, regardless of maturity. These fruits are red, weigh about 5 oz., and have a good interior. The plants grow 2 ft. high and spread as much as 5 ft., providing a luxuriant growth of foliage to protect the fruits. A considerable degree of wilt resistance makes this the first really early tomato with the resistant characteristic. Because this seed must always be produced painstakingly by hand pollination, the amount available is small. Order early to avoid disappointment.

In packets only. Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.



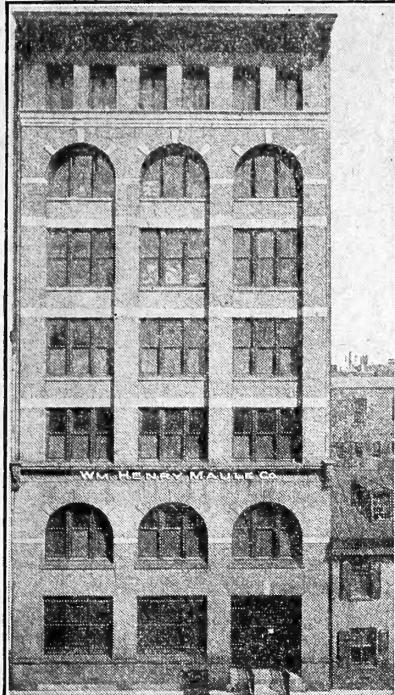
Maule Grows Westward

NEW SEED HOUSE OPENS AT CLINTON, IOWA

This year Maule establishes a seed house in Clinton, Iowa, the seed center of the Middle West. Our new enterprise is of immediate benefit to both our western customers and those in the East. The shorter distance mail must travel will greatly increase the speed of delivery for those who live west of Ohio, while the relief in the heavy concentration of our steadily growing business will also benefit our friends who send their orders to Philadelphia.

If you live west of Ohio, send your order to Clinton, Iowa, for best service. If you live in Ohio, or east of that state, continue to send your orders to Philadelphia. Customers who live outside the United States should also send their orders to Philadelphia as usual.

Maule's new seed house is a natural continuation of our policy of finest service since 1877.



Philadelphia, Pa.

*Zuicker
service
for every
customer*



Maule Building, Clinton, Iowa

A new Bush Lima and a new Lettuce

56 Fordhook 242 Bush Lima

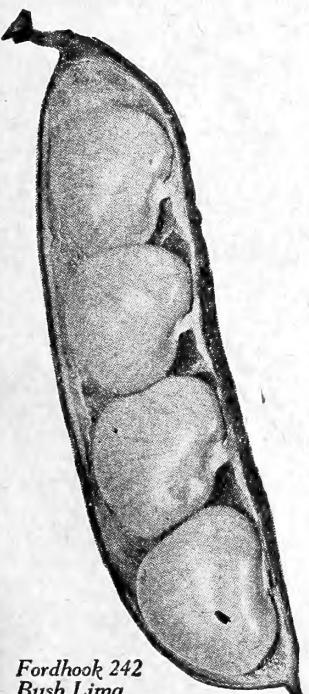
A new and superior Fordhook selection (75 days)

All-America Bronze Medal Winner. A new selection of the famous old Fordhook bush lima bean. This selection has as its chief superiority the ability to make a crop under conditions where the other thick-seeded limas fail. Even where Fordhook makes a good crop, the new Fordhook 242 consistently outyields it. The quality is high, the seed holds its green color for a long time, and the shelled seed is indistinguishable from standard Fordhook. Grow 20 in. tall and spread 2 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.15; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

321 Imperial 456 Lettuce

A new, surer heading, crisp lettuce (90 days)

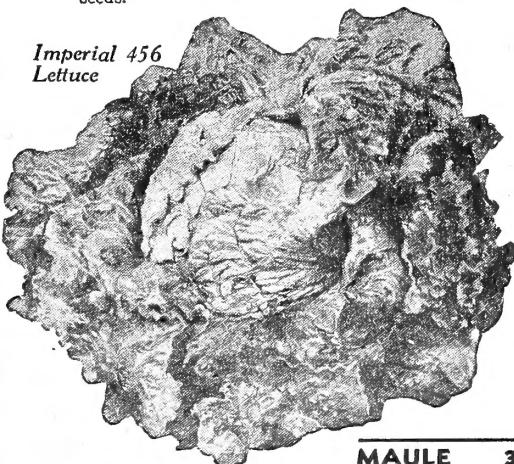
We are pleased to report that in the crisp head lettuce class in our 1945 trials Imperial 456 was not only superior to others of the Imperial group, but also in our opinion the best head lettuce of the year. It made the highest percentage of heads, and they held an unusually long time in marketable condition. Detailed description on page 27. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢.



Fordhook 242
Bush Lima

The new vegetables presented on these pages are not just novelties. Like our new seed house at Clinton, Iowa, they represent our effort to give you the best of everything in service and seeds.

*Imperial 456
Lettuce*



Maule's Specialties

655 Jubilee Tomato

Vivid, brilliant orange color (72 days)

The success of this new variety is phenomenal. For many years there has been a preference for red tomatoes, but the brilliance of Jubilee's appetizing orange color is something so new and refreshing that it has placed this variety in a position of great importance in just three seasons. In addition to their superb color, Jubilee fruits are very large, smooth, and extremely solid. The canned juice is delightfully mild and flavorful. The plants are vigorous, spreading, and very heavy yielding. If you've never tried Jubilee you have a real treat in store for you.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.20.

Both Old and New

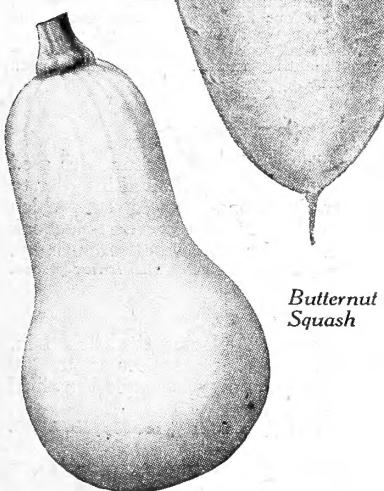
145 Maule's Golden Rod

Famous half-long carrot (75 days)

Long ago, in 1900, Wm. Henry Maule personally located and brought this wonderful carrot to this country from France. The roots grow from 7 to 8 in. long, and 2 to 2½ in. thick at the shoulder. They are sweet, mild, and of excellent quality. Golden Rod gained popularity through merit, and has kept it 46 years because it still has real superiority.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

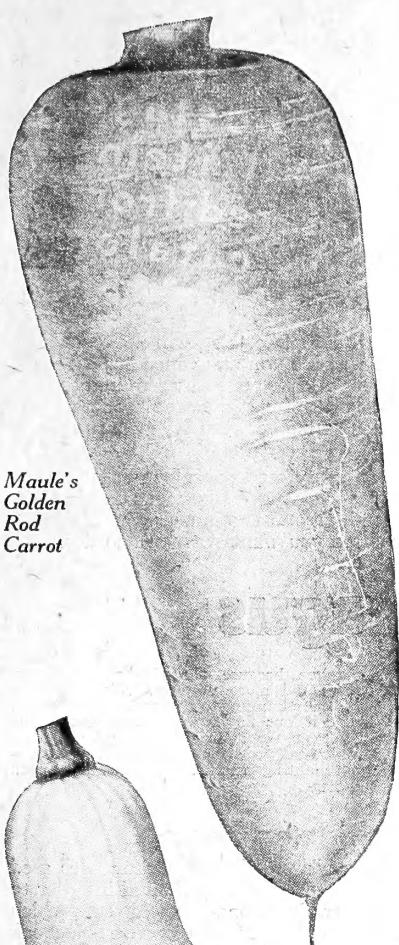
Maule's
Golden
Rod
Carrot



Butternut
Squash



Cheyenne
Bush
Pumpkin



Maule's
Golden
Rod
Carrot

634 Butternut Squash

New variety of supreme quality. Winter keeper (85 days)

Everybody has his own favorite variety of squash, but lots of us will have to change favorites upon Butternut's arrival. It is just as rich in flavor as its name indicates. Five in. thick and 12 in. long, it's solid, very fine grained, and a wonderful baking variety.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

560 Cheyenne Bush

Quality pumpkin; bush type plants (100 days)

For small gardens this new variety is ideal. Cheyenne Bush takes no more space than the bush type summer squash, yet it produces the finest quality pie pumpkins you can grow. The fruits are small, shaped like Small Sugar, and just right for baking one or two pies. Good winter keeper. A very desirable and worthwhile introduction.

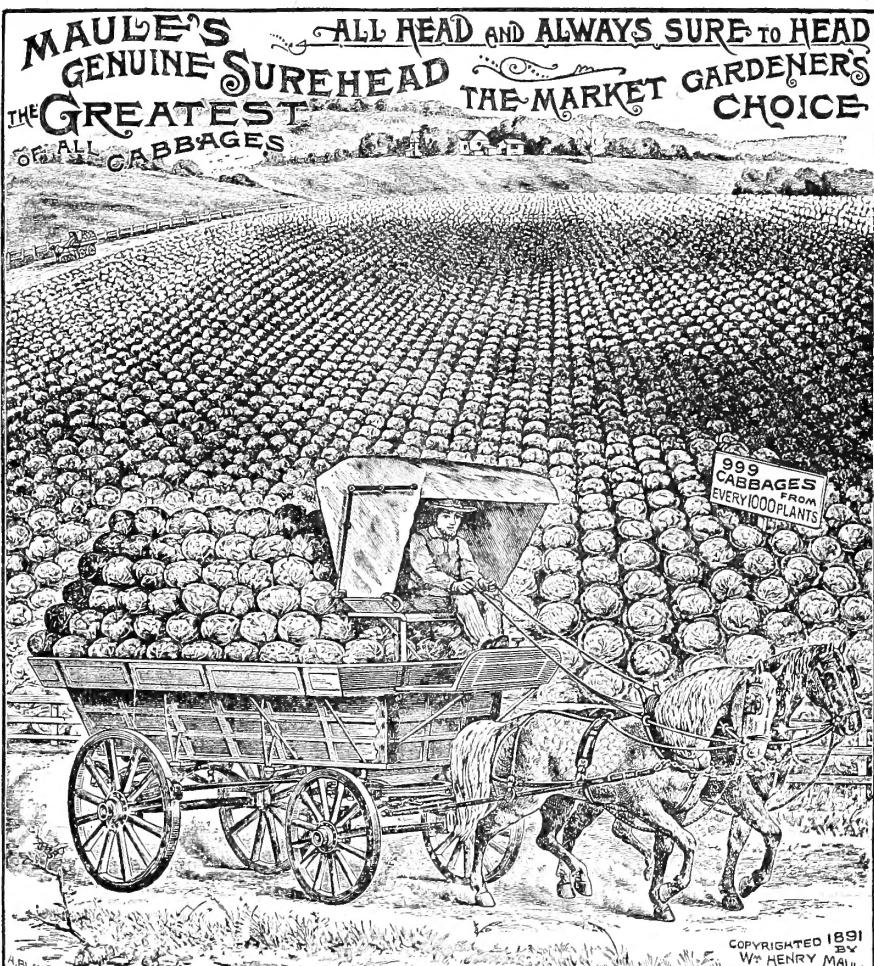
Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢.

131 Maule's Surehead

Time tested cabbage variety (90 days)

The 69 years which have passed since Maule introduced this variety serve to emphasize its worth. The large, flattened, 10 lb. heads are still among the most popular and reliable of all varieties. Its solidity makes it a good keeper. Nearly three generations of gardeners recommend Surehead to you.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

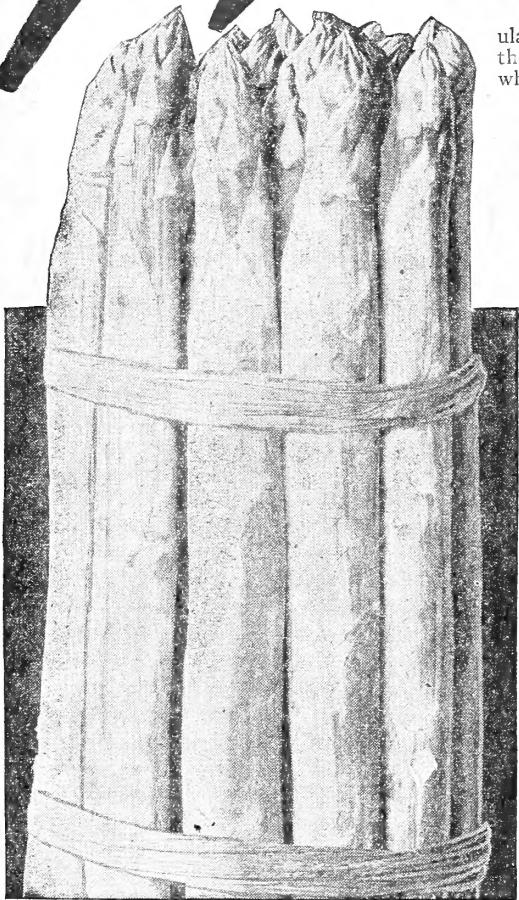


Remember this one?

There's a fondness for old woodcuts which makes this old-timer a pleasure to see again. It was made in 1891.

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA, PA., AND CLINTON, IOWA

Vegetables



Mary Washington, Rust Resistant Asparagus

Soy Beans

Simplicity of planting and tending makes soy beans a gardener's delight. Plant them about 2 in. apart and 2 in. deep in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. They come up rapidly and grow swiftly, easily outdistancing weeds. Through poor soil, drouth, wind, hail, in-

sects and burning heat the plants survive where almost any other garden plant fails. Pods hang high and in great profusion. A packet plants about 25 ft.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 100 ft.; 60 lbs. to the acre. Use both for green shell and dry shell beans.

34 Bansei *

(96 days) Bansei is the variety most people have planted because it is adapted to the widest range of climatic conditions. It is early, vigorous, and very heavy yielding. Plants grow 24 to 30 in. tall, requiring no support. Pods are short, fuzzy and multitudinous, and contain two or three oval green beans. At maturity the beans turn pale yellow and become round. Heat and drouth resistant.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$2.75.

26 Funk Delicious

(111 days) Excellent for central and southern states. Plants grow 30 to 36 in. tall and stand without support. Pods contain 2 or 3 large plump beans, rich in oil and delicately flavored. The mature beans are large, round, and straw yellow. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

32 Giant Green

(88 days) Very early. The plants are short, growing from 12 to 18 in. high, but they bear an astonishingly heavy crop in spite of their size. Pods generally contain two beans. The plant is dark green, and the very large seeds are a vivid green during the green-pod stage, even retaining a pale green color at maturity. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

Maule pays
the postage
on all items
ordered from
this catalog *

Maule helps you choose the most popular and desirable varieties by marking them with the four-leaf clover symbol *

Maule's descriptions are honest and complete. You will notice at the heading of each description that we give you assistance in planning your garden by stating the number of days generally required to bring that variety to maturity. In the case of cabbage, tomato, etc., the number of days shown refers to the time between transplanting and maturity.

Cultural instructions are printed on every seed packet, giving the time and method of planting, together with suggestions for the care of the growing crop. Free leaflets are listed on the index page. You are invited to include requests for those you want with your order.

Asparagus

Asparagus is a long-term project, but like anything else worth while it repays patience handsomely. An established bed will last for many years, each new crop repaying with interest the initiative that started it going. The cutting season continues for 7 to 8 weeks, beginning very early in the spring. Mary Washington has replaced all other varieties of

asparagus because the shoots are larger, thicker and more uniform. This variety is practically immune to rust and other diseases. The delicious flavor and tenderness of the dark green shoots are unsurpassed, and their straight, tall growth makes them most attractive. Planting instructions accompany each shipment.

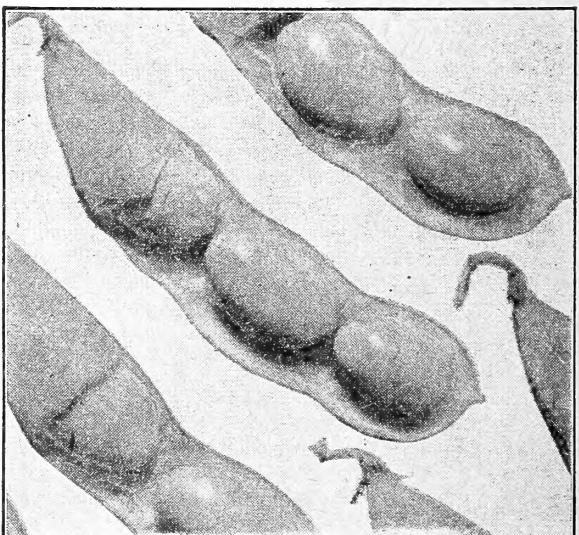
69B56 Mary Washington Roots

These strong, vigorous roots save you a year's wait in comparison with seed plantings, although first cuttings (next year) should be very limited in order to allow the plants to develop fully. We offer extra large one-year-old roots which transplant much better than two-year-olds. Older plants receive considerable shock in transplanting, and experiment stations recommend year-old roots exclusively. 25 for \$1.25; 50 for \$2.10; 100 for \$3.50. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

4 Mary Washington Seed

Sow early in the spring, in rows 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. apart, placing the seeds 1 in. apart and 1 in. deep. Keep weeds eliminated. A packet produces about 200 roots for transplanting, an ounce, 750. First cuttings may be made the third season and regular cuttings each year thereafter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 95¢; lb. \$1.80.



Bansei Soy Bean

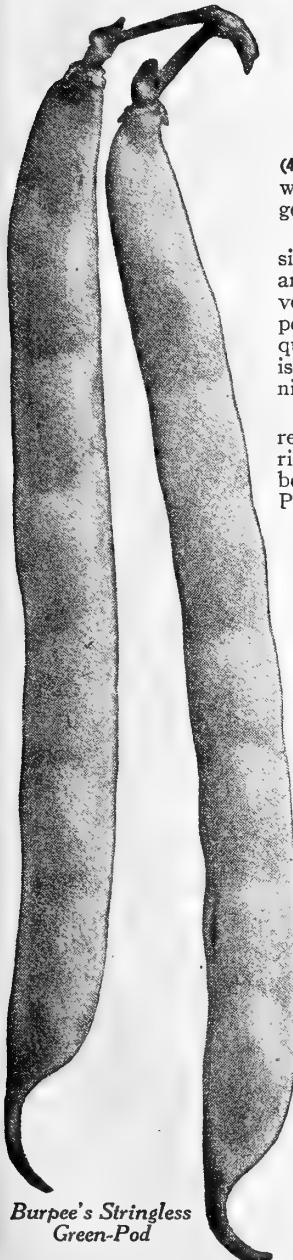
18 Tender Pod*

The most tender podded bean grown (48 days)

Tender Pod is one of the earliest varieties to produce pods of edible size. The pods are attractive, dark, velvety green, straight to slightly curved, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. long, round, smooth, with long and distinctively curved tips. Tender Pod produces more pods per plant, and bears over a longer season than any other early variety; the vines remain green and growing when other early beans have withered. The plants are dwarf, vigorous, and dark green. The seed is a clear, shining white with a small red dot on either side of the eye. It makes an excellent dried bean. But all of these characteristics of Tender Pod merely support its *superlative tenderness and flavor*, which are simply supreme.

This variety was introduced in 1942 after a world-wide search for a better bean. The parent stock came from the Netherlands, and in comparison with every available variety from every country in the world it was far the best. It already exceeds all other snap beans in popularity, even surpassing Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod which has led the field for a great many years. Take advantage of this extensive research by including in your garden this Tender Pod, the world's finest bean.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.



14 Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod*

The standard green-pod bush bean

(48 days) The countless thousands of gardens in which this grand variety has been a mainstay for two generations prove its unfailing dependability.

The plant is a true bush type, vigorous, and resistant to unfavorable growing conditions. The pods are 6 inches long, slightly curved, medium green, very fleshy, tender, and wholly stringless. Young pods develop quickly to a useful size, and even when quite small they are meaty and flavorful. The strain is well adapted to both commercial and home canning. The seed is medium size and dark brown.

Our stock is grown in the irrigated Rocky Mountain region and is free of the seed-borne blight that is carried by much of the eastern grown seed. All bush beans are compared with Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod in judging their value.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

48 Stringless Tendergreen*

(52 days) Tendergreen has practically straight, 6-in. pods of an attractive dark green color. The flavor is particularly outstanding, and is the feature which has contributed most to its popularity. In addition to good taste-appeal, Tendergreen possesses tenderness, a plump roundness, and entire freedom from strings.

The shape of the pods and dark green color make this variety superior for canning purposes, while its very high yield makes every foot of space count. Seeds are colored fawn, mottled with dull purple, and are Idaho certified free of blight.

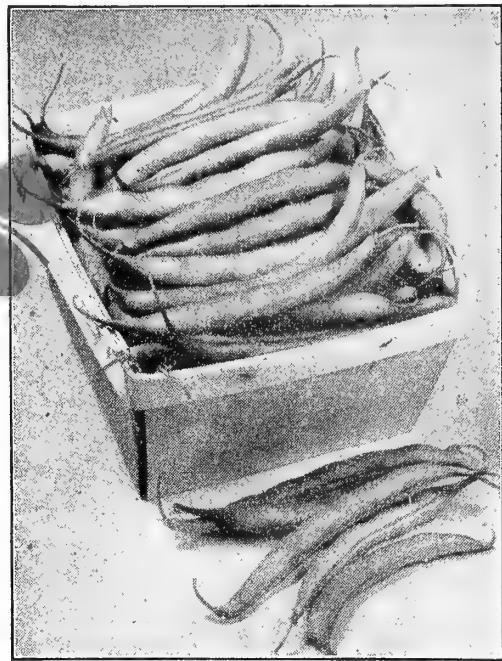
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

10 Mammoth Stringless Green-Pod

(50 days) This variety resembles Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod, but is a selection from Red Valentine. It is larger, both in pod and plant, than Burpee's, and only 2 or 3 days later. Pods are medium green, round, 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, and so fleshy as to appear double barreled. The yield is very heavy; the quality is excellent. Seeds are light brown and certified blight-free.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

Green Pod Bush Beans



Tender Pod

Planting Guide

Plant seed when all danger of frost is past and the soil is quite warm, in rows 18 to 30 in. apart for hand cultivation, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. apart for field culture. Space the seed 2 to 3 in. apart in the row and cover with 1 to 2 in. of soil. Give frequent and shallow cultivation until blossoms appear. A packet will plant about 25 feet of row; 1 lb. 150 ft.; 60 lbs. to an acre. You can make your bean crop most effective if you plant seed at intervals of two weeks until about 10 weeks before the first frost.

12 Bountiful

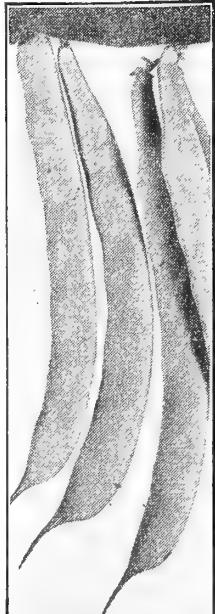
(48 days) The most popular large, flat, green-podded bush bean; unexcelled in its adaptability to various climates and soil types. The plants are hardy, light green, prolific, and continue to bear their crop for many weeks. The large, broad, flat pods are 6 to 7 in. long, slightly curved, meaty, tender, stringless, and of excellent quality. The pod color is light green; the seed is straw-yellow. This variety is favored by market gardeners because of its very high yield, good shipping qualities, and very large pods. It is especially popular in the South for early shipment to the North. Bountiful shows some resistance to rust spots on the pods, a characteristic which adds to its desirability. Idaho certified blight-free seed.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

8 Black Valentine

(51 days) Black Valentine is not the fanciest quality bean available, but it is probably the most vigorous and determined producer in the bush bean family. It is versatile, adapting itself readily to varying conditions. The pods are stringless, dark green, nearly round, somewhat curved, and meaty. They retain their color well after picking. The seeds are jet black, and are Idaho certified free of seed-borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.



Bountiful

Beans Yellow Pod Bush

27 Maule's Improved Butter Wax*

The best golden yellow bean (50 days)

Maule's Improved Butter Wax

Maule's Improved Butter Wax is considered the best round-pod wax bean available today. It was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1908 and has never been seriously challenged by any other variety in the yellow pod class.

The plants are bushy and very prolific. The pods are everything a wax bean should be. They are round, straight to slightly curved, and 6½ in. long. The color is a most attractive, clear yellow. Their brittleness when snapped proves their complete freedom from fiber or strings, and their thick-fleshed walls add to the pleasure of eating.

Uniformity of size and shape makes Butter Wax well adapted to canning. It preserves its brittle freshness through the canning procedure, and holds its rich color very well when properly stored. The seeds are white with only small brownish black markings at the eye, making the strain desirable for dry shelled beans in addition to improving the appearance of the canned product.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢.

Larger quantities not available this year.

35 Improved Rustproof Golden Wax

(48 days) An improved extra early maturing strain of Golden Wax known as Top Notch and valued because of its freedom from rust and other diseases. The rich, golden yellow pods are very attractive, 5 to 5½ in. long, nearly straight, flat, broad, brittle, stringless, of excellent quality, and borne in the greatest profusion. Plants grow compactly and more erect than the old Golden Wax, bearing the pods well off the ground. The rust-resistant quality of this variety makes it one of the safest strains to plant. The seeds are white, mottled with various shades of tan and brown about the eye.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢;
2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

23 Surecrop Stringless Wax

(51 days) The deep yellow pods are 6 to 6½ in. long, rather flat, only slightly curved, thick, and meaty; entirely stringless, brittle, and of excellent quality. Its size and handsome appearance make it a ready seller; a reliable shipper. Surecrop seeds are black. The Maule stock is certified free of seed borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

31 Round-Pod Kidney Wax

(50 days) Plants grow quickly and bear a heavy crop of attractive, round, waxy, light yellow pods, 5½ to 6½ in. long. Pods are thick, fleshy, very meaty, brittle, tender, and never show even the slightest sign of strings. Seeds are white with dark markings around the eye.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢.

Larger quantities not available this year.

22 Burpee's Kidney Wax

(52 days) Plants are small but erect and full of pods which are 5 in. long, broad, semi-round, straight or slightly curved, fleshy, and entirely stringless. Their color is clear yellow. Seeds are white, with a brownish black eye.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢.

Larger quantities not available this year.

Special Collection

Add variety and attractiveness to your bean crop by growing several kinds this season. Here is a collection that is made up of leaders in each of the six types—green-pod bush, yellow-pod bush, and green-pod pole beans. These are the best varieties for canning, pickling, and snap beans.

Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod
Maule's Improved Butter Wax
Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean

3100—3 Pkts.—(1 of each value 35¢) for 25¢

3101—1½ Lbs.—(½ lb. of each, value 80¢) for 60¢

Pencil-Pod Black Wax

WM. HENRY MAULE, 4015 CLARISSA ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.



Surecrop Stringless Wax

Outstanding for Their Rich Flavor Pole Beans

54 White Seeded Kentucky Wonder *

Resistant to severe forms of bean rust (62 days)

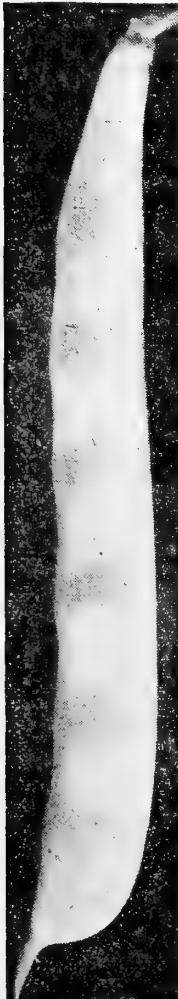
This is the first pole bean to give serious competition to the old standard strain of Kentucky Wonder. It's early, Kentucky Wonder type, with distinct advantages over other pole beans. It is highly resistant to at least one form of the rust disease, entirely stringless when young, and even after the beans have grown to full size in the pod it has only slight strings. The vine is vigorous and a good climber; the seed is white. Pods are 7 to 7½ in. long, thick, smoother than Kentucky Wonder and less twisted, dark green, with that unexcelled pole bean quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

38 Golden Cluster Wax

(74 days) We are glad to be able to offer this old favorite variety again this year. Golden Cluster Wax is the only really good wax pole bean with flat pods. The plants are prolific and strong growing even under adverse conditions. The light waxy yellow pods, 6½ to 7 in. long, are straight, broad, flat, very fleshy, tender, and brittle. Stringless until mature. The vines are vigorous, bearing pods in large clusters the entire length of the vine. Popular for snaps, green shell beans, and dry beans for winter use. Seeds are white.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢;
2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25.



Golden
Cluster Wax

White Seeded Kentucky Wonder

43 Kentucky Wonder*

The most popular pole bean (65 days)

Everyone knows and respects this grand old variety. It was introduced in 1877, and continues to be the most popular pole bean in America and in many other parts of the world. The vines are vigorous and productive, and bear their pods in clusters. These pods are 7 to 9 in. long, nearly round, twisted, and characteristically wrinkled. When they are young, they are of greatest delicacy and tenderness and are free of strings. As the pods age some strings appear, but the wonderful Kentucky Wonder flavor never changes, and both snap beans and shell beans may be used until far advanced toward maturity. To prolong the bearing period keep the vines picked free of pods as fast as they become ready for use. The seed is a light buff-brown color.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

42 Kentucky Wonder Wax

Large light yellow pods (67 days)

True Kentucky Wonder type with a light yellow pod. The plants are vigorous and come into production quickly. The pods are round, 7 to 8 in. long, somewhat smoother and not so twisted as the green-pod Kentucky Wonder. Fine flavor and good quality, with some strings developing as the pods mature. The seeds are chocolate brown.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

46 Maule's Noxall

(65 days) In 1902 we presented this bean to the public under the Noxall name. But for 60 years previous to that date the variety had been privately grown by a Pennsylvania family. The century of enjoyment this bean has brought the gardeners who grew it is only the beginning, for today the variety is more popular than ever. The pods are 7 in. long, round, tender, and bright green. It is a strong climber and a sure cropper, often producing a heavy yield when other varieties fail. Good for either snap or shell beans. Putty-colored seeds flecked with brown.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

45 Lazy Wife

(74 days) Green, thick, fleshy, stringless pods, 5½ to 6 in. long and ¾ in. wide. The broad, flat pods are straight and very attractive, remaining brittle and stringless until ripe. Excellent for snap, green shell and dry shell beans for winter. The dry seeds are round and white.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

41 McCaslan

(65 days) Dark green, fleshy, slightly flattened pods, 7 to 8 in. long, almost stringless, tender, of good quality. The vines are both early and prolific. The white seeds are delicious for dry shell use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

39 Striped Creaseback

(73 days) Round, fleshy pods, 6 to 7 in. long, brittle, tender, but not stringless. Very heavily productive. Especially suitable for growing on corn as well as on poles. Seeds mottled light brown with dark striping.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

Planting Guide

Do not plant pole beans until all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm and moderately dry. If poles are used, set them 4 ft. apart each way and place 6 to 8 beans 1 in. deep around each pole. When plants are well started, thin to 3 or 4 plants to a pole, and pinch off ends when plants overrun top of poles. A packet plants 20 poles, 1 lb. for 100 poles. When planting along a fence use 1 lb. to 250 ft. of row. Keep vines closely picked throughout the season to prolong bearing.



Kentucky Wonder

Bush Limas

58 Fordhook*

Thick, meaty beans. The most popular lima of all (75 days)

This most famous of all lima beans has short, erect, and bushy plants which produce a thick growth of dark green foliage, protecting the blossoms and pods from direct sunlight. The large, thick pods are produced in clusters of from 5 to 8, and contain 3 to 5 thick, meaty, plump, always green beans of excellent flavor. The sturdy, vigorous plants grow 24 to 30 inches high, spread out nearly 2 feet, and stand up well against wind and rain. They begin to bear early and continue to produce for a long time. Because of its earliness, the large size of the bean, and the long bearing season this strain is most popular, and is especially appreciated in sections where the summers are comparatively short. Our seed stock is of a specially selected strain formerly known as Improved Fordhook, and is the best you've ever seen.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.40.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

64 Burpee's Improved

(75 days) Produces an enormous crop of attractive, large pods measuring 5 to 6 in. long and 1 ¼ in. wide. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods borne in clusters of from 5 to 8 and well protected by the vigorous, heavy foliage. In fertile soil the individual bushes will grow to a height of nearly 30 in. and spread as much as 2 ft. We consider this variety's 40-year record of service to be the finest recommendation a vegetable can receive, and we exert special effort to maintain true, original stock.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢;
5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.40.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

65 Baby Fordhook

(72 days) These little lima beans are certainly delectable. Their size gives them advantages in succulence and tenderness that larger beans can never possess. They are particularly fine for canning green and for making succotash. The plants grow about 14 in. tall and bear an astonishingly heavy crop even under adverse conditions. Pods are 2 ¾ in. long, ¾ in. wide, and contain 3 or 4 thick, green seeds. Baby Fordhook is a United States Department of Agriculture introduction bearing a close resemblance to Fordhook in every characteristic except size.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢;
5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

61 Wood's Prolific

(70 days) Extremely prolific, of true bush form, and very early. Really an improved Henderson Bush Lima, with both larger plants and pods, and especially suited to northern states where growing seasons are short. Pods are 3 ½ to 4 in. long, and contain 3 or 4 plump beans with the true buttery lima flavor. Valuable for use either fresh or dried.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

Planting Guide for all Limas

Lima beans grow best on rich, well-drained, porous soil. Do not plant until all danger of frost is past; wait until the soil is warm and moderately dry. Generally, limas are planted about 2 weeks after the first planting of bush or snap beans. Plant bush varieties in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 6 in. apart; later thin to stand 12 to 18 in. apart in the rows. For pole varieties, set poles 4 ft. apart, plant 4 to 6 beans per pole, and thin later to the 2 strongest. Pinch off vines that overrun the poles. Plant all lima seeds edgewise, eye downward, 2 in. deep. Pick the pods as soon as the beans are of edible size. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb., 150 ft. for bush varieties. For pole types a packet plants 10 poles; 1 lb. to 50 poles.



Succotash Special

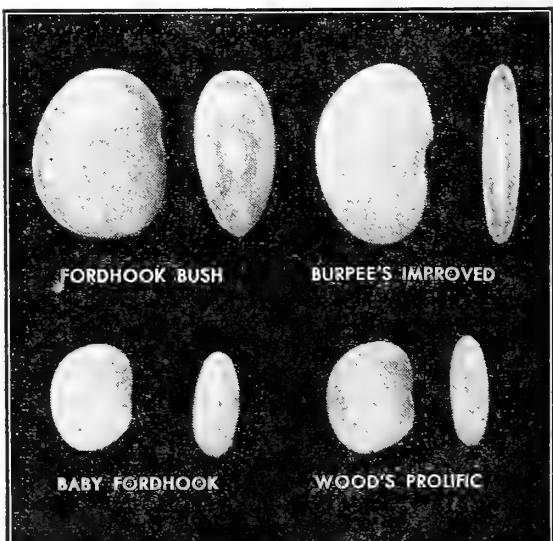
Here's a truly American dish, invented by the Indians—and here are the ideal varieties to combine to make it: tender Baby Fordhook Bush Limas and famous-flavored Golden Cross Bantam hybrid sweet corn. They come into heaviest production together, and for canning and straight-to-the-table cooking you'll say they make the grandest succotash you ever tasted.

3215—2 Pkts. (one of each kind, value 25¢), for 20¢

3216—1 pound (½ lb. of each kind, value 60¢), for 50¢
COMPLETE WITH CANNING INSTRUCTIONS



Burpee's Improved



Pole Limas

53 King of the Garden*

The old reliable pole lima with high yield and long bearing season (88 days)

Wherever pole lima beans are grown, King of the Garden is almost certain to be one of the most popular varieties. The vines are very sturdy in their growth, climbing to a height of from 6 to 10 feet and with a considerable spread of branches. The pods are from 5 to 7 in. long and contain 5 or 6 large beans which are tender and fine flavored. Pods are borne close to the ground early in the season and higher up

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

50 Burpee's Giant Podded

(95 days) The pods are nearly straight, very large, growing 6 to 7 in. in length, and containing, on the average, 5 extra large, tender, buttery beans of the most delicious flavor. Plants are vigorous and produce most freely. The immense pods form in clusters of from 4 to 8 and continue to appear until the vines are killed by frost. These plants attain a height of 10 feet or more. Our stock is now entirely re-selected for the very largest pods.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

52 Maule's Evergreen

(90 days) Maule's Evergreen is a strong, robust, vigorous grower, and very prolific. It is one of the best main-crop pole lima beans, producing its enormous pods in great clusters. The pods sometimes grow 7 inches in length, with 5 or 6 large beans in each. During the green-shell stage the seeds are always brilliantly colored and even after maturity they retain their greenness, adding greatly to the attractiveness of the dried bean. The quality is excellent at all stages.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

Burpee's Best

*King
of the Garden*

51 Burpee's Best*

(95 days) This remarkable pole lima bean surpasses all other pole limas in production. The attractive, lustrous green pods, 5 to 6 in. long and 1½ in. wide, are as thick and well filled as the plump pods of Fordhook Bush Lima to which it is similar in quality and flavor. Four or 5 and sometimes 6 big, thick, plump beans to a pod. Burpee's Best is exceptionally vigorous, growing to a height of 10 to 12 ft., with great clusters of pods the entire length of the vines.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 90¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

6 Dwarf Horticultural

(Snap 48, shell 60 days) A fine, early bush bean, useful for snaps when pods are young and stringless; unsurpassed for green shell beans as the pods grow older. Seeds are large, easily shelled, and buff colored, becoming mottled purplish red at maturity. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

28 French Horticultural

(Snap 56, shell 70 days) The dark green pods are 7 in. long, straight, flat, and broad at the snap bean stage. Color changes to greenish yellow heavily splashed with carmine, and pods become round at the shell bean stage. Larger and later than Dwarf Horticultural.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.25.

29 Fava Bean

(75 days) Also called Broad Bean. Much harder than other beans and should be planted as early in the spring as ground can be worked. Plants are large and erect, true bush form, and produce a heavy crop. Pods are 7 in. long and contain 5 to 7 large, broad, flat, light green beans. Dry seed is large, circular, flat, reddish brown with black eyes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Dwarf Shell Beans

24 White Marrowfat*

(100 days) Long, broad, straight pods filled with 5 or 6 large, clear white beans, highly valued for dry shelling and baking. Plants grow only 1½ ft. tall but are extremely vigorous, sending out many short runners which increase the yield. The seeds are larger and plumper than the standard Navy bean. Dry shell beans need no canning equipment, and they do fill an important spot on winter menus.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 70¢; 5 lbs. \$1.60; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

15 Red Kidney

(95 days) This variety, like White Marrowfat, has been grown in America for well over 100 years. It has long, broad, waxy green pods containing 4 or 5 large red kidney shaped seeds. The plants grow 1½ ft. tall, bushy, and without runners.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Planting Guide

Do not plant shell beans until danger of frost is past and the soil is warm; sowings should be made before July 10. Plant in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 2 to 3 in. apart, and cover with 2 in. of soil. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb., 150 ft.; 60 lbs. for an acre. Shell beans should be left on the vines until they are thoroughly matured and dried before they are put away for winter use. They keep very well when stored in a cold, dry place.



White Marrowfat

Beets

84 Detroit Dark Red *

Deep red skin; dark red flesh (55 days)

We offer a special strain of this famous beet. It excels in uniformity of size, shape, and color, being suited for home use, market sales, storing, shipping, and canning. Roots are of medium size, smooth, perfectly globe shaped, and of attractive appearance. The color of the flesh is a most intense, deep red, showing no signs of lighter zones after cooking. It remains tender throughout and free from fiber until fully grown. The tops are of medium size, ideal for bunching. This variety far exceeds all others in popularity and it certainly deserves its place of leadership.

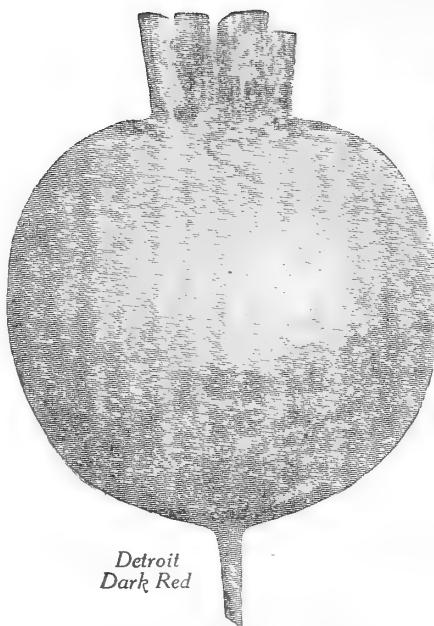
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 80¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.50.

85 Detroit Dark Red

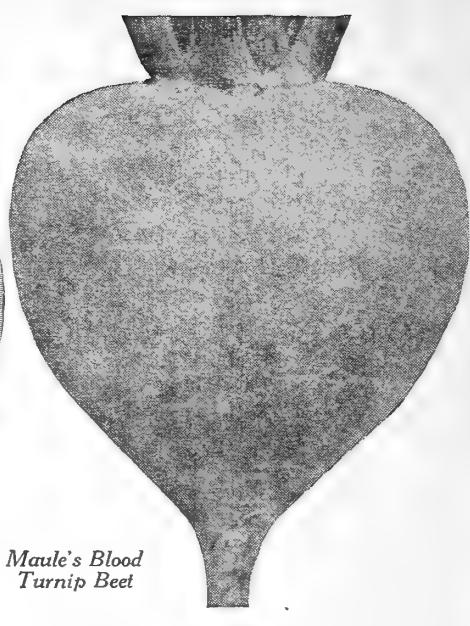
Short top strain (55 days)

This strain is the same as the medium top strain (above), except that it produces smaller, darker, more spherical roots with distinctly shorter tops. The magnificent red interior has such inconspicuous zones that the flesh seems to be one solid ball of dazzling color. It is outstandingly superior for canning whole.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 80¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.50.



Detroit
Dark Red



Maule's Blood
Turnip Beet

BEET COLLECTION

Detroit Dark Red

Maule's Blood Turnip

Maule's Dark Red Egyptian

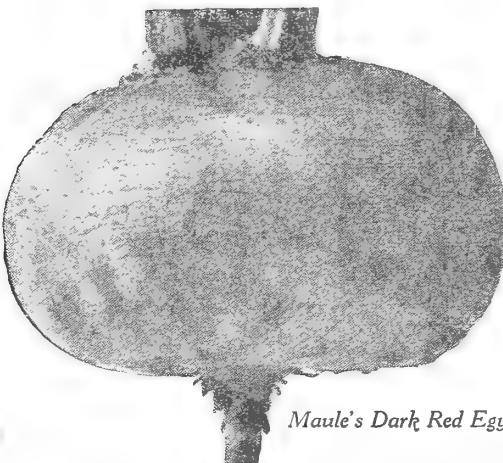
3110—3 Packets (1 of each variety, value 30¢) only **20¢**

3111—3 Ozs. (1 oz. of each variety, value 80¢) **65¢**

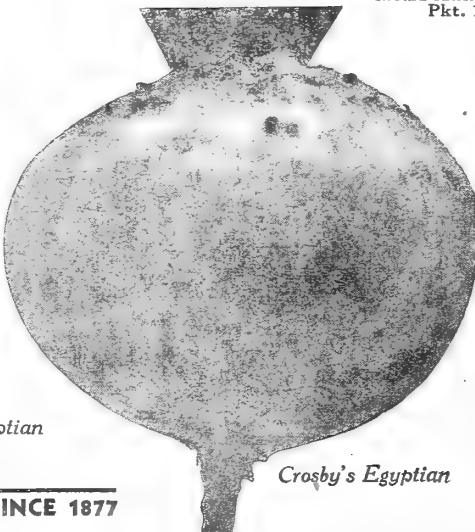
81 Maule's Dark Red Egyptian

(51 days) No other beet can replace this well established variety for earliness. Under favorable conditions the roots grow quickly and reach full size in an astonishingly short time. A favorite among market growers, who plant it for forcing to supply the early market. The flat roots are of medium size, and the tops have only a limited amount of foliage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 70¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25.



Maule's Dark Red Egyptian



Crosby's Egyptian

73 Winter Keeper

(70 days) Truly a long season beet since it will remain tender and sweet all summer, and also when stored for winter. The half-long or top-shaped beets have long, leafy tops, which can be used for greens. Beets are of medium size and a very deep red color. Grows slowly, producing good-sized beets medium early, but even when they get quite large they will be found as tender as much earlier varieties. The texture of the flesh is unusually fine, and this superiority is apparent in the very high quality of the cooked beet. The fine texture also helps preserve firmness in storage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 85¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.60.

66 Maule's Blood Turnip

(50 days) This famous variety has an impressive list of good characteristics. It is early, yet it stands for a long time without growing coarse or tough. It has dark red skin and flesh, and is especially noted for the absence of objectionable light zones. This deepness of color makes the cooked beet a darker red than other varieties and guarantees a superior canned product. The flesh is sweet and possesses a distinctive flavor. Succession plantings should be made since the variety is good at all seasons; it is a most excellent beet for winter storage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40.

70 Maule's Early Wonder

(52 days) Early Wonder is semi-globe shaped, early, uniform and thoroughly dependable. The variety is related to Crosby's Egyptian, and is sometimes called Boston Crosby. However, the shape of the beet differs from Crosby, since it terminates abruptly in a thin tap root, and it has less distinct zones in cross-section. The color is bright red, not so dark as Detroit, but more brilliant and fiery. The surface of the beet is smooth and well rounded, and its texture is fine. Maule's Early Wonder is a carefully selected and refined strain, and we feel that it should satisfy any gardener.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40.

Planting Guide

Seed for main crop may be sown in the early spring as soon as ground can be worked; later sowings for continuous supply, every two or three weeks until the middle of July. Sow seed in rows 18 to 24 in. apart, and cover $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. Walk on the rows to settle the soil where seeds have been sown. Beets require a firm seedbed. Thin plants to stand 3 to 4 in. apart in the rows. The later sowings will produce the best beets for winter storing. The choicest beets for canning or immediate use are the young, tender, small roots about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. across. A packet will sow about 25 ft. of row; an ounce 100 ft.; 5 to 6 lbs. to an acre.

Mangels

For planting suggestions, see Sugar Beets

94 The Jumbo *

The best long, red mangel (110 days)

Roots grow to a truly enormous size; often reaching a diameter of 6 in. and a length of 2 ft. They are uniformly straight and even, and comparatively thicker than most other mangels. Roots grow from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ out of the ground, and consequently are easily harvested. Flesh is white tinged with rose. Where corn cannot be grown, because of a short, cool season mangels make an excellent substitute for stock and poultry feeding. Their food value is equal to grain and superior to silage. A yield of from 10 to 15 tons per acre is average.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢; lb. \$1.60.
Larger quantities at special prices.

95 Maule's Gate Post

Golden yellow, oval-shaped mangel (100 days)

The name Gate Post refers to the desirable habit of the roots growing $\frac{1}{2}$ or more above the ground. This makes the harvesting of this mangel much easier than those which grow mostly below the soil surface. Maule's Gate Post produces large, attractive, oval-shaped roots of a golden yellow color. The flesh is white, sometimes showing a tinge of yellow in the rings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25.
Larger quantities at special prices.

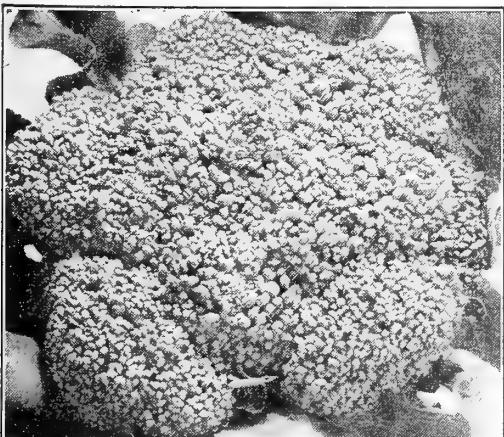
Broccoli

105 Calabrese

Large heads; Italian sprouting (90 days)

Forms large, rich green sprouting heads which, if kept cut, will continue to develop smaller heads for 8 or 10 weeks, providing a continuous supply of greens. Because of its greater tolerance to heat broccoli thrives where cauliflower does not. Use the same growing procedure as for cabbage. Italian or Sprouting broccoli very much resembles cauliflower except in color. A packet produces about 250 plants; an ounce, 3000; use $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre. Fall crops are very successful.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.10.



Calabrese Broccoli



The Jumbo Mangel

Sugar Beets

93 Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet

You can produce your own sugar syrup (90 days)

Half the world's sugar comes from sugar beets. Special equipment is needed for refining granulated sugar, but you can make sugar syrup (part of which crystallizes to form sugar) right at home with ordinary canning utensils. Sugar beet syrup has a distinctive flavor different from other sweets, and attractive to most people. Thousands of Maule customers planted Klein Wanzleben last year, and for many the interesting processing experiment and novel flavor of this homemade syrup calls for a repeat planting, particularly since extra sweetening came in so handy in 1945. An ounce of seed can produce 24 pints of syrup. Instructions free on request.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 85¢; lb. \$1.50.
Larger quantities at special prices.

Planting Guide

Mangels are grown for poultry and stock feeding. Sugar beets are grown in the same way as mangels, and are also used for stock feeding if they are not processed for sugar syrup. Sow seed in May or early June in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover the seed with 1 in. of soil. Thin to stand 8 to 12 in. apart in the row. Use one packet for 25 ft. of row; one ounce for 100 ft.; and 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre.

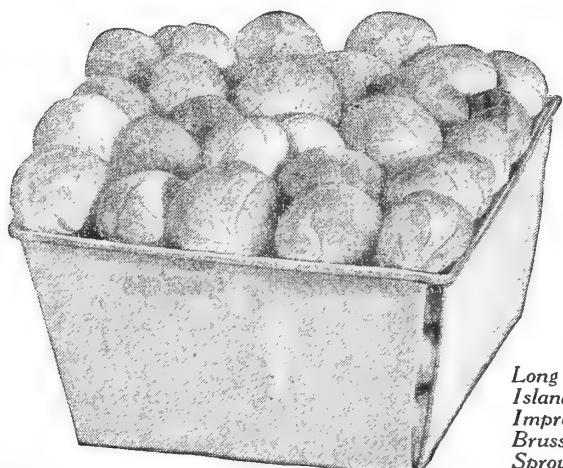
Brussels Sprouts

109 Long Island Improved

The aristocrat of the cabbage family (125 days)

The most delicately flavored vegetable of the entire cabbage family. Plants grow 20 in. tall and produce an abundance of large, solid, dark green, tightly folded sprouts or little cabbage-like heads along the stem. Sow seed June 1st in the open ground. Transplant in rows 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the row. This hardy crop may often be harvested until December 1st if the plants are given some protection. Protection may be given just before severe freezing by raking dead leaves loosely around and over the plants, holding them in place with brush or boards.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.



Long
Island
Improved
Brussels
Sprouts

Cabbage Early Types

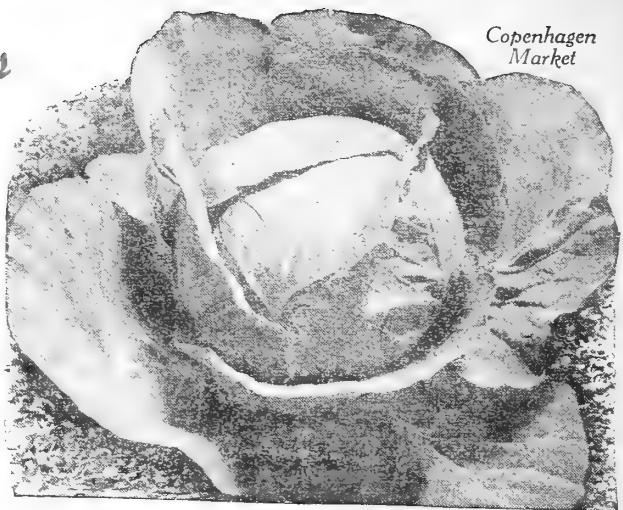
119 Copenhagen Market*

The finest early cabbage. Large, round, solid heads (70 days)

Very early, solid, uniformly round heads, 6 to 7 in. across, weighing 4 lbs. or more. Plants are small, cup shaped, compact and short stemmed, allowing close planting. Very crisp, tender and of excellent quality. This variety is at its best when planted for an early summer crop. The larger, later cabbages are more often used for sauerkraut, but Copenhagen Market is also useful for that purpose, particularly where the season is too short for the late kraut types. We believe Copenhagen Market to be the best cabbage for summer use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

Copenhagen Market



127 Glory of Enkhuizen

(82 days) A splendid, medium-early cabbage with large, solid, round heads 8 to 9 in. across, weighing 5 to 7 lbs. each, and often more. The leaves are finely ribbed, exceedingly tender, and remarkably well flavored. Because of its superior quality this variety is often used for kraut making, especially in areas where late cabbage is not grown.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Maule's
First Early



111 Maule's First Early *

Earliest of the large, flat heads (80 days)

Its plant type and its attractive head type are almost ideal for every use. It is the earliest of the large, flat-head cabbages, and excels all other early varieties in solidness. Its excellent quality and tenderness have made it a great favorite. The heads are 5½ to 6 in. deep, 8 to 9 in. across, and weigh 5 to 7 lbs. This exclusive Maule variety competes with Copenhagen Market and Jersey Wakefield because so many people prefer a solid, flat head to the round or pointed shapes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Planting Guide

Sow early and midseason cabbage seed indoors or under glass 4 to 6 weeks before your usual outdoor planting time. Set plants in the garden or field when the soil has become warm. For medium early cabbage, seed may be started in a frame or open ground seeded early in the spring and the plants set in the open when large enough to handle. Late cabbage seed is sown in a specially prepared bed in late May or early June, and the plants set out in early July, 1½ ft. apart in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet of seed will produce about 250 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants; allow 30 days for plant production.

110 Golden Acre*

(65 days) This is an important early cabbage, with solid, round heads which grow about 6 in. in diameter and weigh about 3 lbs. each. Compact, dwarf plants on short stems allow them to be set quite closely. Our strain of Golden Acre is exceptionally uniform, both in size and roundness of head, and in length of growing season. With a high percentage of plants maturing at one time the crop can be handled with maximum efficiency. This is the earliest round head cabbage, very similar to Copenhagen Market but earlier and smaller.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60.

116 All Head Early

(85 days) All Head Early, one of the earliest of all large cabbages, does well in a wide range of soils and climates. The deep, well-rounded flattened heads are very solid and remarkably uniform in size, shape and color. They measure 8 to 9 in. across, 6½ to 7 in. deep, and weigh 6 to 7 lbs. each. The heads may be cut before they have reached full size since compactness and solidity are reached at an early date. This variety is versatile enough to be useful both as an early and later as a storage crop. Set plants in the spring for summer use and again in midsummer for winter storage.

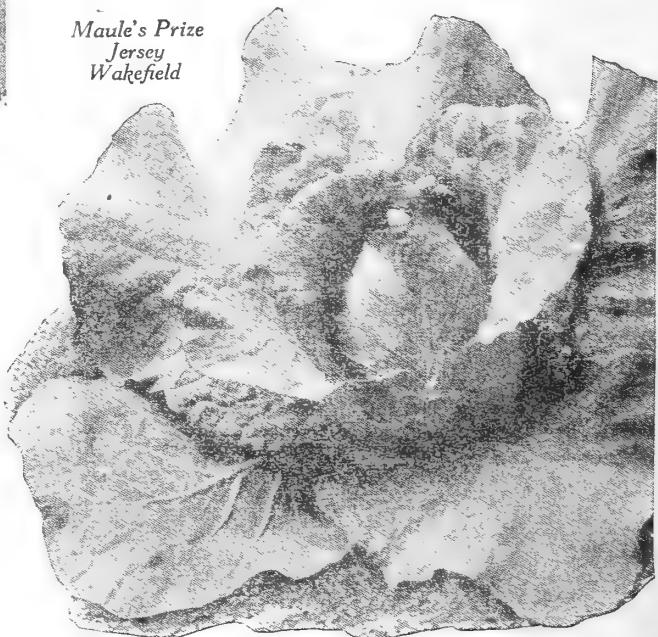
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

113 Maule's Prize Jersey Wakefield

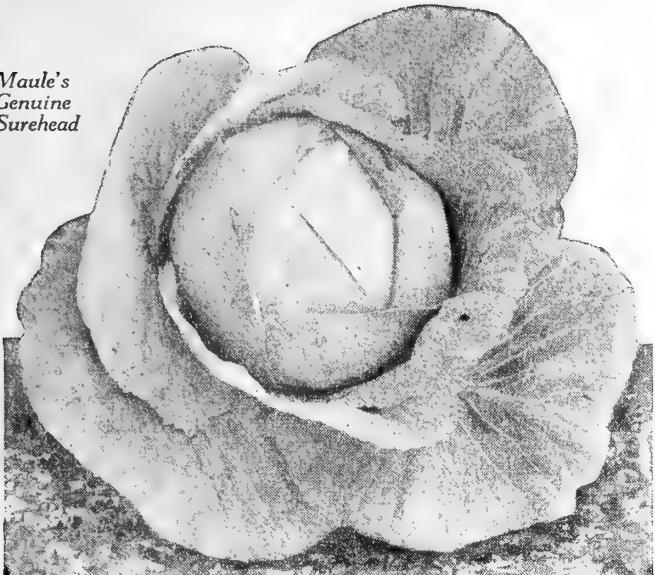
(65 days) Our special strain of this famous Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage represents a decided improvement in earliness, uniformity and quality. The conical or pointed heads form quickly and are tightly folded. The heads are 7 in. deep, 4½ to 5 in. across and weigh 2½ to 3 lbs.; their attractive shape and extreme earliness make them welcome in many gardens.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Maule's Prize
Jersey
Wakefield



Maule's
Genuine
Surehead



Midseason Varieties

131 Maule's Genuine Surehead

Widely adapted; large, heavy, thoroughly reliable (90 days)

One of Maule's very first introductions, in 1877, this remarkable cabbage was a strong factor in establishing Maule's seeds as leaders in the industry. For 36 successive years a full catalog page was devoted to Surehead. The increased popularity of small headed strains has caused fewer acres to be planted to this variety, but anyone wishing a large, hard, somewhat flattened, 10 lb. head should grow Maule's Surehead. This variety is absolutely reliable, a perfect winter keeper, and still the unchallenged favorite of thousands of gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

117 Early Flat Dutch

Solid, short stemmed heads (90 days)

This variety has a truly ancient lineage, and was an old standard when our company was founded in 1877. It has remained the best liked variety in some sections of the country through three generations of gardeners.

The heads are mounted on short stems, and have smaller, shorter cores than other varieties. Fully developed heads measure 7 to 8 inches across, 6 inches deep, and weigh as much as 5 to 8 lbs. The leaves are tightly folded, crisp, and well flavored.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Yellows Resistant Varieties

Yellows resistant varieties of cabbage have been bred to grow successfully on yellows infected soil. To insure continued purity of the lines stock seed is grown on strongly infected soil in Wisconsin. Heads which mature there have high natural immunity.

112 Golden Acre *

Round, solid heads of medium size (65 days)

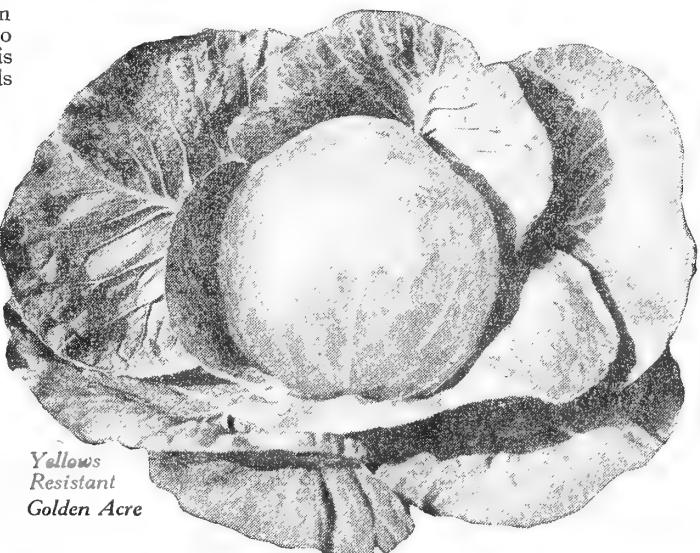
Yellows resistant strain of Golden Acre. Produces medium sized, solid heads, 6 in. across, weighing 4 to 5 lbs., and maturing much earlier than Marion Market. Plants are short stemmed, erect, grayish green in color, and with few outer leaves. Heads are round and well formed, and the leaves are noticeably smooth. Plants may be set closer than Marion Market. This is the earliest yellows resistant strain we offer.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

128 Wisconsin All Seasons

(84 days) A yellows resistant strain selected from All Seasons and maturing at about the same time. It is the hardest flat-head variety, and enjoys the greatest popularity for kraut. Stands drought.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75.



Yellows
Resistant
Golden Acre



Yellows Resistant Marion Market

123 Wisconsin Hollander *

Firm, compact heads, flattened on top (120 days)

Yellows resistant. A selection from Danish Ballhead, requiring about 5 days longer to head but forming larger plants which yield more heavily under favorable conditions. Heads are large, round, inclined to flatten slightly at the top but quite deep. Splendid late fall cabbage for kraut and for winter keeping. The best of the yellows resistant winter cabbages.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

121 Marion Market

Yellows resistant strain out of Copenhagen Market (75 days)

This highly yellows resistant cabbage was originally bred from Copenhagen Market. It matures about 5 days later and makes a considerably larger plant. The heads are practically round, very hard, and ship well. A standard market variety throughout the country. Weight, 5 to 6 lbs. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

Cabbage Late Types



Danish
Roundhead

124 Danish Roundhead *

Short stemmed; 10 days earlier than Danish Ballhead (105 days)

Very large, extremely solid, perfectly round heads having the same remarkable qualities as Danish Ballhead, from which it was taken. The heads, however, are slightly larger, shorter stemmed, and about 10 days earlier. Plants are dwarf and compact with few outer leaves. This permits close planting, and, therefore, when grown commercially, a larger yield may be expected than from any of the other Danish cabbages. On high, dry land where other cabbages are inclined to remain small, Danish Roundhead has produced wonderful results. Keeps perfectly in storage. This variety is the most popular late cabbage.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

122 Penn State Ballhead

(110 days) This special selection from Danish Ballhead was made at Pennsylvania State College. It demonstrates what patience and hard work can do to improve a standard line. Penn State has hard, tight heads weighing at least a third more than Danish Ballhead heads of equal measurements. The crop matures 5 days to a week earlier. It yields exceptionally well, having many per-acre tonnage records to its credit; and in addition to these merits, it is a faultless winter keeper. Adapted to all regions where late cabbage is grown.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

Chinese Cabbage

Plant outdoors in early spring and again about 10 weeks before frost. The fall crop is generally best. Sow seed $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep and thin plants to stand 12 in. apart. A packet plants 25 ft., an ounce 200 ft.

130 Pe-Tsai

(75 days) Heads grow 10 to 12 in. tall. The heart is well blanched, tender, juicy, and of an agreeably pungent flavor. Hot weather can prevent tight heading, but the leaves are as useful as ever, since the midribs are always broad, crisp, and delicious.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.

138 Wong Bok

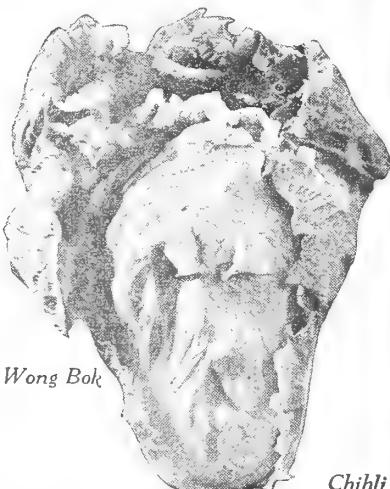
(75 days) Heads grow 8 to 10 in. tall, chunky, thick, and succulent. Hearts may be served as individual salads. The flavor is a taste thrill, with a crispness of midribs as tempting as celery.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.

129 Chihli

(70 days) Long, pointed, extra firm, solid heads, pure white inside and of the finest flavor. The leaves are broad, smooth, and fringed at the edge. When fully matured, heads often measure 18 in. tall and 3½ to 4 in. thick. The many uses to which Chinese Cabbage may be put—boiling, salads, cole slaw, etc.—make it one of the most versatile and likable vegetables.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.



Wong Bok



Chihli

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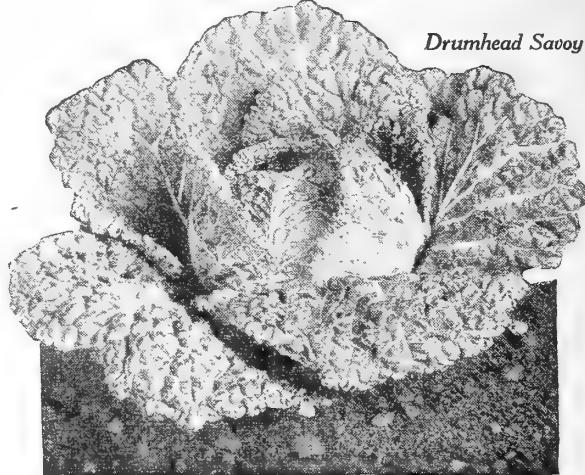
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Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

Drumhead Savoy



141 Drumhead Savoy

Crumpled leaf cabbage (90 days)

Of a milder, more pleasing flavor than the regular cabbages. There is a certain delicacy about this variety that appeals greatly to people who dislike either the strong flavor or odor of other kinds. The heads are large, heavy, compact, round, and somewhat flattened; the average weight is 5 lbs., although they often grow much larger. Leaves are attractively wrinkled and crumpled, even into the center of the head. It is a splendid winter keeper. The Drumhead is the best of the savoy cabbages, and our strain is carefully selected for uniformity and mildness of flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35.

134 Maule's Prize Flat Dutch

Heads large, round, flattened, and very firm (100 days)

An old reliable variety. Heads are very large, heavy, solid, flat on the top but deep. Leaves are a bright bluish green. Our strain is low growing, with a short stem and vigorous plant growth, reaching almost 3 ft. in diameter under average conditions. Heads become firm and solid while still rather small so that you can start to use them in late summer and continue to cut until late fall. Grown principally in the northern states, where it is used as a main late crop. In addition to being a home garden favorite, the variety is frequently used for market, shipping, and quite often also for sauerkraut. Heads attain 10 to 12 lbs. in weight. One of the best winter keepers. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35.

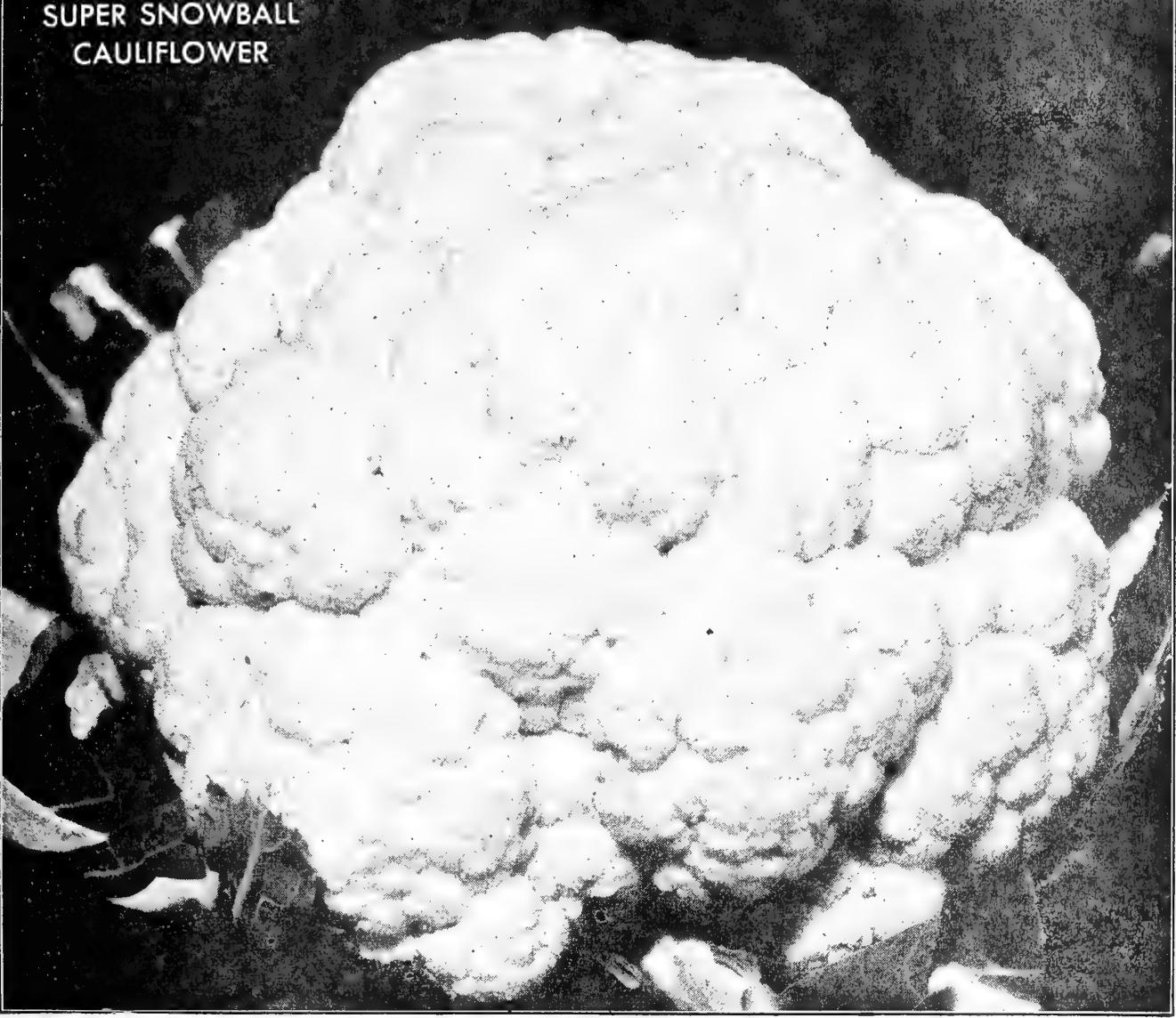
143 Mammoth Red Rock

Largest heading red cabbage; good keeper (100 days)

Heads are perfectly round, very solid and heavy. They often weigh as much as 8 lbs. each. The deep purplish red color continues in undiminished intensity to the very center of the head. When sliced the cabbage presents a most attractive red and white color pattern. The outer leaves of the plants are dark green with red veins. This variety keeps well in storage and is often used for pickling.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.

SUPER SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER



171 Holland Erfurt

The most widely adapted; best keeping curds (90 days)

The plant characteristics of Holland Erfurt and Super Snowball are quite similar, but the varieties differ sharply in the shape and composition of the head. Holland Erfurt has a well-rounded curd with the branches placed very close together, providing unusual compactness and weight. The bottom of the head is not hollow like Super Snowball, but solid all the way across. This solidity and firm nature helps the heads to make up in weight what they lack in size to equal Super Snowball. Erfurt is generally grown for a fall crop; it keeps and ships better than other varieties.

Pkt. 20¢; ¼ oz. \$1.40; ½ oz. \$2.60; oz. \$5.00.

165 Dry Weather

Forms perfect heads when others fail (100 days)

No cauliflower can survive continued hot weather, but this specially bred Danish introduction is highly successful in withstanding dry weather when not accompanied by extreme heat. The plants are bigger and more vigorous than the Snowball or Erfurt types, and while they mature quite late they produce excellent heads in spite of severe conditions. Dry Weather is generally sown for fall harvesting, the seed being planted late in May. The ample foliage makes good protection for the hard, white, compact heads.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00; ½ oz. \$1.85; oz. \$3.50.

170 Super Snowball*

The earliest cauliflower (82 days)

Super Snowball is the strain most often planted by gardeners because of the speed with which it reaches maturity. This quick maturing characteristic often allows the crop to escape the hot weather, which is so disastrous to cauliflower. In some areas maturity occurs very much more rapidly than the 82 days recorded in our trials. Heads are the largest of all popular cauliflowers, and have a gently rounded top surface, white curd, good firmness and keeping quality. The under side of the head is somewhat hollow. There is good foliage growth to provide protection for the heads against light.

Pkt. 20¢; ¼ oz. \$1.40; ½ oz. \$2.60; oz. \$5.00.

Planting Guide

For early cauliflower, start the seed indoors or under glass during February or March. When soil has become warm, transplant seedlings to the garden. For a main crop to cut during autumn sow seed in May or early June in a specially prepared seed bed or frame; transplant seedlings to garden in late June or early July, setting the plants 2 ft. apart, in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet will produce about 150 plants; an ounce about 4,000 plants; two ounces for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants. The fall crop is usually best.

Celery

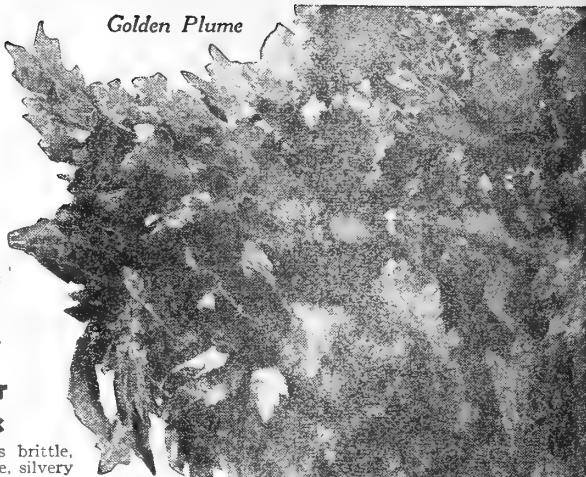
176 Golden Plume*

Early maturing, blight resistant (115 days)

A perfected type developed from the famous Golden Self-Blanching. Plants are semi-dwarf, but have taller, thicker stalks than Golden Self-Blanching. The creamy hearts are very large and tightly folded. When blanched, the stalks are an attractive light golden yellow. The flavor is rich and pleasing. Quite resistant to blight. It's the favorite celery in the United States, since it combines great tolerance to varying soil and weather conditions with exceptionally fine eating quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. 95¢; ¼ lb. \$2.85.

Golden Plume



182 Giant Pascal*

Also known as Winter King (140 days)

Stalks are thick, solid, entirely stringless, brittle, and of a rich, nutty flavor. Leaves are upright, short and dark green. When properly blanched, the stalks are a beautiful yellowish white. They are very broad and quite prominently ribbed, without, however, showing any signs of fiber. Giant Pascal is easy to grow, reasonably quick to blanch, and if properly stored can be kept throughout the winter. The favorite winter celery, following along in perfect succession after Golden Plume.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50.

177 Emperor or Fordhook

(130 days) Stalks are always brittle, stringless, and blanched to a fine, silvery white. Delicious flavor. Hearts are large and tightly folded. Plants are stocky, dwarf, 15 to 18 in. high, and therefore easily blanched. Excellent for fall use; one of the best for winter storage.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.35; ¼ lb. \$4.00.

Planting Guide

For earliest celery, sow the seed thinly in the house or hotbed in February or early March. For a late crop for fall use or winter storing, sow the seed in frames or a specially prepared seedbed in the open ground as early in the spring as the soil can be worked up into a loose condition. Cover seed with no more than $\frac{1}{4}$ in. of fine soil. Keep evenly and moderately moist until the seeds sprout, which usually requires two weeks. Set plants 6 to 8 in. apart in single rows 4 ft. apart or double rows 1 ft. apart, allowing 4 ft. of space between each double row. Celery requires rich, well-manured soil and plenty of moisture for best results. It does especially well on muck soil. A packet of seed will provide about 400 plants; one oz. about 7,500 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre.

Cress

Cress is full of zest and excitement. It is peppery, lively, and the best-savor of dull sandwiches and flat salads. Sow thinly in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. apart; cover $\frac{1}{4}$ in. deep.

240 Upland Cress

(50 days) Resembles Water Cress except that it is planted on dry land and is extremely easy to grow. More pungent and stronger flavored than Extra Curled Cress but with wider, smoother leaves, it has the advantage of standing all summer without going to seed. Plant in spring and late summer.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

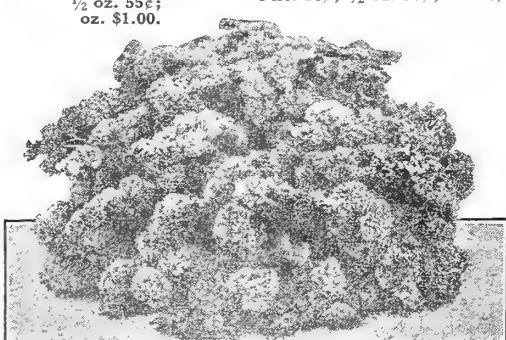
238 Extra Curled Cress

(40 days) Looks like parsley, and makes a fine garnish as well as a peppery addition to many dishes. Grows rapidly. Sow very early in spring, plant successions until mid-May, and again beginning in August.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.50.



Celuce (cross section)



Extra Curled Cress



Celeriac

Celeriac

188 Giant Prague

(120 days) Celeriac is sometimes called turnip-rooted celery, or knob celery. The roots grow about 2 in. across and are as firm and flavorful as celery hearts. Often used in soups and dressings where it is considered superior to celery in flavor and consistency. Culture like celery except that it is much easier, since no blanching is necessary. Roots may be stored for winter use, prolonging the season for that delicious celery flavor in your cookery.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢.

145 Maule's Golden Rod

Half-long, stump-rooted, outstanding variety (75 days)

Seven to 8 in. long, 2 to 2½ in. thick at the shoulder; smooth and uniform, fine-grained, sweet, tender, and never becomes stringy or shows rings. Skin is bright orange; flesh is deep orange with a lighter colored, tender core. Highly recommended for winter keeping, and for market gardeners who wish a quality half-long, stump-rooted carrot somewhat deeper in color than Danvers and heavier in yield. When Mr. Maule brought this carrot back with him from France in 1900, he performed a lasting service to American gardeners. There was an immediate public appreciation of the strain, and now the popularity of the variety has grown to be really tremendous. Each year's sales exceed the previous record. If you are not already a Golden Rod grower, why not compare it with your favorite variety this year?

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

155 Touchon

(70 days) The supremely high quality of this French strain places it foremost in the favor of those who enjoy carrots most. It is of handsome appearance and grows about 6½ to 7 in. in length and 1½ in. in diameter, cylindrical, and holds its thickness well from the crown to the stump-rooted base. The bright orange skin is smooth and free from rootlets. There is no core; the tender flesh is bright orange-red, sweet, fine-grained and with any signs of hard fiber.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

151 Chantenay

(70 days) Adapted to all soils and sections. Roots are 4½ to 5½ in. long; 1½ to 2½ in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a distinctly stump end. The skin is a strong, bright orange, smooth, and clean; the flesh is the same color as the skin and varies little all the way through the root. Chantenay stores very well, and is the variety most often used by commercial canners because of its uniformity of color and its very high quality. Not as large as most other varieties, but a nationwide favorite nonetheless.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

163 Mixed Carrots

(68 to 85 days) Home gardeners who like to have a variety of fresh, tender, and tasty carrots, yet do not want to plant more than a row or two at a time, will find this mixture ideal.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.05.

Maule's
Golden Rod

Sow early in the spring in rows 12 to 30 in. apart. Cover with ½ in. of soil and press gently. Thin the plants to stand 2 to 4 in. apart in the row. Sowings should be made every two weeks until the early part of July. For tender carrots in the fall or for winter storing, the later plantings are best. Store the mature roots in sand in a moist, cool cellar. A packet plants 30 ft.; 1 oz. 200 ft.; 3 lbs, an acre.

Carrots

152 Danvers Half-Long

(75 days) Well-known favorite carrot on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all soils and sections. Commercial crops have yielded 25 to 30 tons per acre. Roots are half-long, almost cylindrical, and under ordinary culture grow 6 to 7 in. long and 1¾ in. thick at shoulder, tapering gradually toward the stump end. If grown in deeply prepared soil, roots will measure 7 to 7½ in. long and 2 to 2½ in. at the shoulder. Skin is rich, deep orange-red; flesh is bright orange, fine-grained, sweet and tender. Much more easily harvested than the long types, and an excellent variety for shipping or storing for winter use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

150 Tendersweet

(75 days) The carrot with the sweetest flavor. It is attractive, fine in texture, practically coreless, and an exceptionally heavy yielder. The orange-red roots, when fully grown, are 8 to 10 in. long, tapering from the shoulder to a rather blunt end. The flesh is very deep orange, sweet, tender, and brittle. Closely resembles Imperator. This carrot type is distinct from the other popular kinds, and is steadily gaining newfriends. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

156 Maule's Perfection Chantenay

(75 days) This variety is neither so large as to be coarse, nor so small as to be skimpy. Roots 6 to 6½ in. long, 1¾ to 2 in. thick, slightly tapering to a blunt end. Tender and delicious, coreless, and a deep golden yellow color. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

146 Oxheart

(70 days) Broad, stocky, heart-shaped. Fully matured, they will grow 5½ to 6 in. long, 3½ to 4 in. across the top, and 2 to 2½ in. at the base. Excellent for growing in hard, shallow soil.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

149 Nantes Half-Long

(68 days) For quality, flavor, and attractive appearance it is one of the best. Six in. long and perfectly cylindrical, 1 to 1½ in. thick the whole length, ending abruptly in a small, thin tail. There is no core; the beautifully pure orange-scarlet flesh extends right through.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

COLLECTION Three Finest Carrots

Maule's Golden Rod
Touchon
Tendersweet

3125—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for just 25¢

3128—1½ Ozs. (½ oz. of each, value 75¢) for 55¢

153 Improved Long Orange

(85 days) In deep, rich soil, the 10 to 12 in. roots will penetrate readily and produce a gigantic crop. Roots are 1¾ to 2 in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a point. Skin and flesh are bright orange.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

Tendersweet

Danvers
Half-Long

Yellow Hybrid Sweet Corn

231 Aristogold Bantam Evergreen *

The highest yielding, biggest eared yellow sweet corn (92 days)

Everything about Aristogold is superlative. It's the biggest yielding, biggest eared, deepest kerneled, stiffest stalked, darkest green, most cold-resistant, drouth-resistant quality sweet corn you can grow. It has yielded ten tons of marketable ears per acre, and that's astonishing even when reduced to garden size. The ears run 9 to 10 in. long with 16 or 18 rows of exceptionally deep, juicy, high quality golden kernels. Husks are tight, resisting ear worms and smut. Plants are sturdy and vigorous, averaging 8½ ft. tall, free from suckers, and dark green. If you live where corn crops are hurt by wind, heat or drouth, this hybrid answers your problem.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$2.80; 10 lbs. \$5.20.

208 Golden Cross Bantam *

(86 days) Because of its seemingly limitless adaptability to all climates and soils, and its rare combination of good qualities, this hybrid is the most widely known of all. It is high yielding, tender, flavorful, and dependable. The plants are wilt-resistant, 6 ft. tall, and very uniform. Each plant generally carries two ears 7½ to 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of light golden kernels. Decisively outyields varieties like Whipple's, Golden Giant, etc., but it is so superior to those strains in flavor that it must be compared with Golden Bantam in that respect.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20;
5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00.

198 Spancross *

(71 days) This is the earliest corn we have ever seen with ears of marketable size. It is the earliest corn we offer, and it is really nine full days ahead of Golden Bantam. Ears are 6½ in. long and 1¾ in. in diameter, very slightly tapering, well filled to the tip with 10 or 12 rows of delicious golden yellow kernels. Stalks grow 4 to 5 ft. tall with the ear set low on the stalk. Resists bacterial wilt.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20;
5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00.

197 Ioana

(88 days) Ears grow 7½ to 8 in. long, cylindrical, well filled with 12 or 14 rows of deep, medium narrow, light yellow kernels of delicious flavor. A midseason yellow hybrid originated at Iowa State College; highly resistant to bacterial wilt and does well under dry conditions. Very successful in the deep south. Plants usually grow about 7 to 8 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20;
5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00.

232 Carmelcross

(79 days) Carmelcross is a good early hybrid which matures half way between Spancross and Golden Cross Bantam. In areas where early drouth makes Spancross hard to grow Carmelcross is often the first corn to make ears. The ears are 7½ in. long, with 12 or 14 rows of yellow kernels of excellent flavor and tenderness. Plants grow 5½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20;
5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00.

Collection of Hybrids

How long does your corn patch last? Is the season over in just a week or two? Does it come in spurts between plantings? Here is a way to have a steady supply of corn for eating and canning all summer long. Make balanced succession plantings with properly chosen hybrids and your crop will span the very extremes of the season.

Free planting chart with every collection

Spancross
Golden Cross Bantam
Aristogold Bantam Evergreen

3151—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 45¢) all for 35¢
3152—1½ Lbs. (½ lb. of each, value \$1.10) for 85¢

210 Golden Hybrids Mixed

(71-92 days) In this mixture is some of each of the hybrids listed on this page. Since these hybrids mature at different times, a single planting provides corn over a period of several weeks. If two or more plantings are made there should be roasting ears available for most of the season. Be sure to plant at least four rows at a time to insure good pollination.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

Quantity Prices

Special prices are available upon request for quantities larger than those listed here.

Spancross

Aristogold Bantam Evergreen

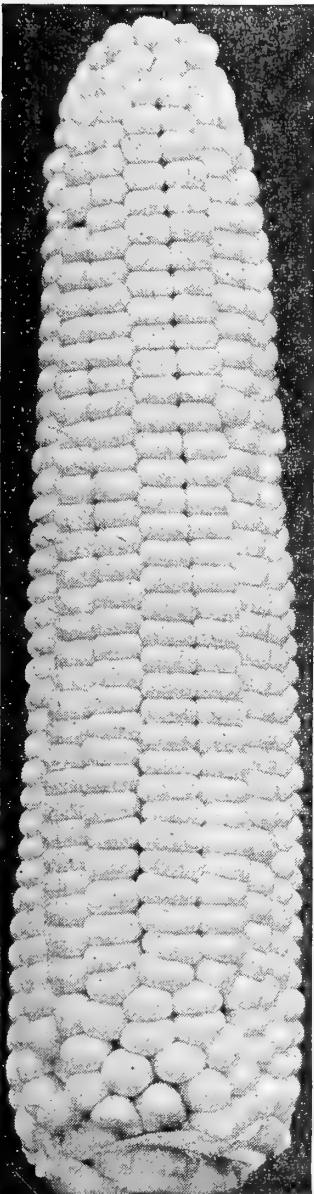
White Hybrid Sweet Corn

196 Silver Cross Bantam *

The most tender, delicious corn you can grow (86 days)

When we introduced Maule customers to Silver Cross Bantam in 1942 we said that it was without doubt the finest white sweet corn ever placed on the market. So many of our friends agreed with us that to date more than half of the standard white varieties we listed at that time have disappeared from our catalog, eclipsed by this wonderful corn. We sell more Silver Cross Bantam than all other white corns combined, and it's simply because it's the best of its kind. Like its yellow twin, Golden Cross Bantam, this hybrid is adapted to every part of the country where corn can be grown. The ears are 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of broad, white kernels. They are supreme in sweetness and flavor, but most of all in tenderness. They continue to be delicious at an age that most corn is inedible. The plants are 6 ft. tall, strongly two eared, and well equipped to resist wind, heat, and drouth. For highest quality corn, and a swell yield as well, grow Silver Cross Bantam.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.20; 10 lbs. \$6.00.
Special prices for commercial growers and canners.



Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid

200 Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid *

(92 days) You will harvest lots of corn if you plant this vigorous, full season hybrid. It is like the old Stowell's Evergreen which was the leading sweet corn for many years, but it is superior to the old Stowell's because it is a hybrid. The hybrid vigor and breeding background eliminate barren stalks, irregular ear type, weak plants, and susceptibility to wilt. Instead, this hybrid has uniformly 7½ to 8½ in. ears with 16 or 18 rows of narrow, deep, clean white kernels. It easily outyields the open pollinated strain, and is actually more widely adapted than the parent variety. Plants grow to a height of 8 ft. We recommend this hybrid as better corn than Stowell's Evergreen.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. \$1.25;
5 lbs. \$2.80; 10 lbs. \$5.20.

White Varieties (NOT HYBRID)

221 Stowell's Evergreen

(93 days) The first sweet corn known to American settlers was obtained on an expedition against the Indians in 1779, and it seems likely that Stowell's Evergreen springs from those very ears taken from a tepee in the Susquehanna valley. Stowell's was almost the first variety to be listed in seed catalogs, and its tremendous life span is all the more remarkable when we consider the fact that only two other white corns (the hybrids, Silver Cross Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid) now surpass it in popularity. Ears are 8 to 9 in. long and contain 16 to 20 rows of deep kernels. The plants grow 7 to 8 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢;
5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

216 Country Gentleman

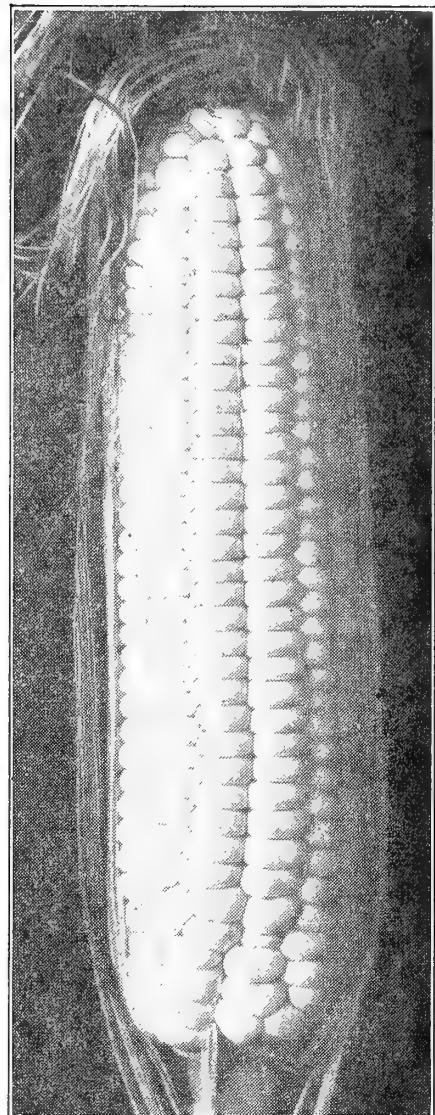
(95 days) Easily recognized by the irregular arrangement of the kernels on the cob. Seeds, when dry, are long and narrow, hence the appropriate common name of Shoe Peg by which it is widely known. Ears are quite large, 7 to 8 in. long, with a small white cob thickly covered with long, slender, white grains of good sweetness. This variety has the favorable characteristic of remaining in edible condition a long time. It has been well known and liked by gardeners everywhere. Stalks grow 7 ft. tall and generally bear two large ears, which makes the strain a heavy yielder.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢;
5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.70.

222 Maule's Lead All Evergreen

(93 days) Of all the old-time white sweet corn varieties this is probably the best. It was introduced by Maule in 1918. We believe that it surpasses all the old standard white sweet corns in sweetness and in size of ear. Where it is an advantage to have the crop come to maturity steadily for quite an extended period, where very long, large, sweet ears are desired, and where a heavy, leafy plant is useful, Maule's Lead All Evergreen is the corn to grow. The plants generally become 8 to 9 ft. tall, and bear ears 8 to 10 in. long with 14 or 16 rows of kernels.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢;
5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.70.



Silver Cross Bantam Hybrid

219 Howling Mob

(82 days) The curious name of this variety was chosen by the originator because of his experience in offering ears for sale at his market stall. He was so overwhelmed by shouting customers (this was in 1902) whenever he had the corn, that he could scarcely hand it out fast enough. Ears are 7 to 8 in. long, with 12 to 16 rows of kernels. Plants grow 6 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢;
5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.70.

205 Maule's Colossal

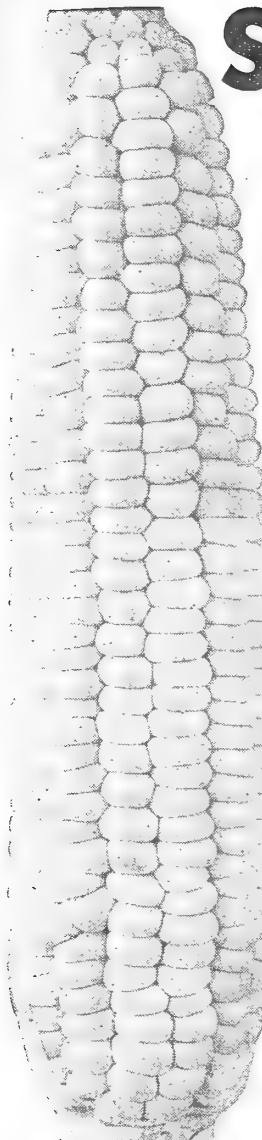
(90 days) Competes successfully with Stowell's Evergreen. It is as big as Stowell's, and has the advantage of ripening earlier under favorable conditions. Plants grow 6 to 7 ft. tall, many of them carrying 2 ears. Ears are 7 to 9 in. long, with 12 or 14 rows of kernels. We believe you'll find that Silver Cross Bantam is earlier, higher yielding and much better quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢;
5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

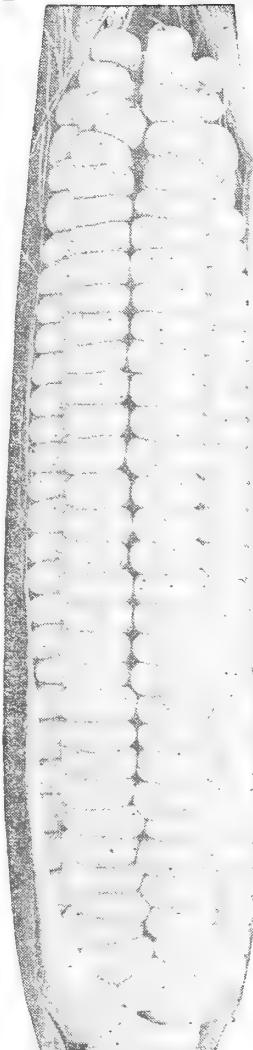
Planting Guide

Full cultural instructions are given on the next page, but here we give important advice. Choose a HYBRID corn to plant, and buy fresh seed annually.

Sweet Corn Standard Yellow Varieties



Golden Sunshine



Golden Bantam

241 New Hybrid Jap Hulless *

(105 days) With hybrid sweet corn and hybrid field corn showing such tremendous advantages everywhere, it was inevitable that hybrid pop corn would eventually appear to displace the old varieties. Hybrid Jap Hulless is a product of the University of Minnesota, and it is an ideal example of hybrid superiority. It outyields regular Jap Hulless by 16%, and that's the least important advantage. The biggest step forward is the fact that although the kernels look the same they pop 29% larger by actual measurement! This hybrid has rapidly monopolized the quality pop corn market. Kernels are white, and the ears resemble Japanese Hulless, listed below. You probably will not be able to buy this wonderful Jap Hulless crop seed for popping, so the way to have some next winter is to grow it yourself. It's worth the effort.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.20; 10 lbs. \$6.00.

235 Japanese Hulless

(105 days) Yields 2 or 3 thick, 4 in. ears per stalk, having 26 to 30 rows of kernels. Kernels are white, small, but deep, like a long, thick grain of rice. Wonderful quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;

2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

236 South American Mushroom

(120 days) Largest of all, kernels measuring over 1 in. across when popped. Seed is golden yellow, but when popped it's creamy white. Ears are long; plants grow 6 to 7 ft. tall, 2 or 3 ears to a stalk.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;

2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

207 Golden Bantam

The true 8-rowed strain. America's old favorite (80 days)

The most widely known yellow sweet corn. The handy sized ears are 5 to 6 in. long with 8 rows of broad, deep golden yellow, sweet kernels. Plants are 5 to 6 ft. tall. There are many kinds of corn that are larger and some that are distinctly earlier, but the rare excellence of Golden Bantam flavor keeps it a best-loved variety all over the world.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

227 Golden Sunshine

(74 days) The outstanding feature of this variety is the fact that it is both earlier and larger eared than Golden Bantam. Instead of 8 rows, Golden Sunshine has 10 or 12 rows of kernels. Plants grow 5 to 5½ feet tall, many bearing 2 ears. These ears are 7 in. long, of good girth, and the bright golden yellow kernels are closely set together. Its sweetness and flavor combined with its extreme earliness make it a very popular variety.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;

2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

211 Golden Giant

(88 days) Golden Giant combines the flavor of Golden Bantam with the large size of Howling Mob. Ears grow 7 to 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of creamy yellow kernels. Stalks grow 6 ft. tall. This variety is the largest and latest standard yellow sweet corn we list. You will find Golden Cross Bantam will yield much more corn, but Golden Giant does have the advantage of maturing gradually over a longer period than the hybrid.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;

2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

Planting Guide for All Sweet Corn

Plant the seed after all danger of frost is over and the ground has become thoroughly warm. Plant in rows 2½ to 4 ft. apart and the seed 8 in. apart in the rows; or put 4 seeds in a hill and space the hills 3 by 4 ft. apart. Cover seed with 1 in. of soil. If planted in hills, allow 2 or 3 plants to remain in each hill. For a continuous supply of good fresh corn make successive plantings every 10 to 14 days up to July 10. Allow enough time for your last planting to mature before your first expected frost. Never plant corn in a single row; it is necessary to plant several rows (3 or 4) side by side. Hybrids show many great advantages over old style varieties, but there is one point to remember. Do not save seed from a hybrid crop. Seed saved from a hybrid crop gives ½ less yield, loses uniformity, size, and vigor. Buy fresh hybrid seed annually. A packet will plant 4 rows, each 25 ft. long; 1 lb. for 200 hills; 12½ lbs. for an acre.

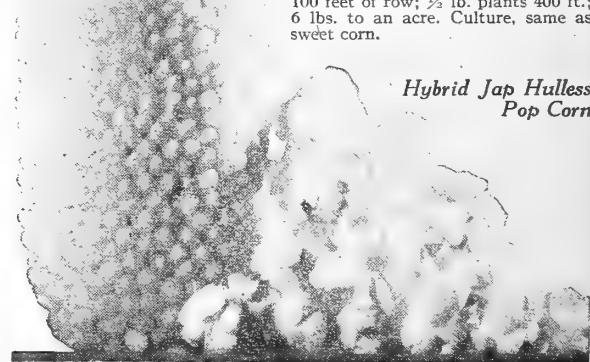
Have you been having trouble buying good brooms? Here's your chance to grow your own, making your whisk, hearth, and straight brooms easily yourself. The plants grow like sorghum and will mature wherever corn can be grown. Harvest at the dough stage, cure, and brush out the seeds. Plant like corn; drought resistant; a novelty of real value.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

Pop Corn

Whether it's popped in a skillet over a gas plate, in a fancy electric popper, or in a wire basket at the fireplace, there's nothing that brings conviviality and good cheer so universally as pop corn. Plan now for next fall and winter. Just a packet of seed plants 100 feet of row; ½ lb. plants 400 ft.; 6 lbs. to an acre. Culture, same as sweet corn.

Hybrid Jap Hulless
Pop Corn



Egg Plant



New Hampshire Hybrid Egg Plant

A rich, sandy, warm soil produces the best plants and yields the highest number of fruits. Seed should be started indoors in boxes or small pots some time during February. Do not cover seed with more than $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of soil. Keep moderately warm until the plants are ready for setting out. A packet should produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants.

282 Black Beauty

(73 days) Produces fruits that grow to really enormous size, but may be used while still quite small. When fully developed, they weigh 2 to 3 lbs. each, are a glossy, uniform, black-purple with no lighter or greenish spots on any part; blunt and broad at blossom end.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

279 New Hampshire Hybrid

(60 days) The very heavy yield and well-colored fruits make it an outstanding variety everywhere, even in competition with later strains. The purple fruits are medium sized, two weeks ahead of other varieties, and mostly pear shaped or round.

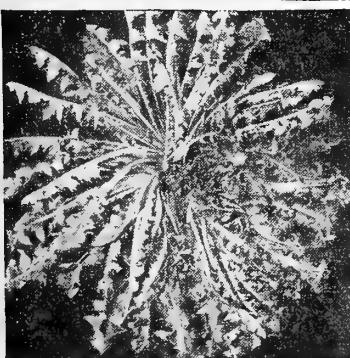
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.30.

277 Maule's Excelsior

(80 days) The favorite with many growers because of its blight-resistance and endurance in drouth and bad weather. The dark purple fruits are of large size and even, oblong shape, and are easily packed for shipping. They are borne well above the ground on strong, upright plants. Where earliness is not the primary consideration, Excelsior holds highest favor.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

Dandelion



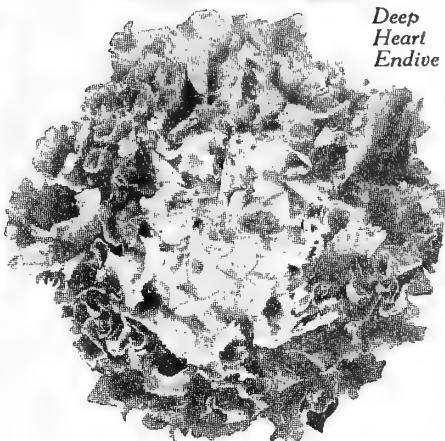
Large Leaved Dandelion

275 Large Leaved

(60 days) A quick growing perennial with large, broad, thick, dark green leaves which make delicious greens. A special strain far superior to wild dandelions. Sow in early spring or late summer in rows 12 to 18 in. apart; thin plants to stand from 2 to 4 in. apart.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 95¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

Endive



Deep Heart Endive

For early use sow in the open ground in April; for main crop, sow in June or July in rows 18 to 24 in. apart. Cover seed 1 in. deep. Thin plants to stand 1 ft. apart in the row. When nearly full grown, the endive is blanched by drawing the outer leaves together over the center and tying them, or blanch by laying a board upon the plant. Use a packet to 25 ft. of row; an oz. to 100 ft.; 4 lbs. per acre.

286 Deep Heart

(85 days) This popular salad plant has large, thick, dark green leaves with curled edges. Forms a compact head which blanches to a light yellow. Hearts are large and mild. Added to a salad or used as garnish it always enlivens the appetite with its piquancy.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.70.

284 Green Curled

(85 days) The finely cut leaves are a rich green color; when blanched, they become a beautiful creamy white, crisp, and pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40.

287 Broad Leaved Batavian

(90 days) Also called Escarole. Large, broad leaves, forming enormous, well-rounded heads often measuring 16 in. across.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40.

Horse Radish



Maliner Kren
Horse Radish

69B84 Maliner Kren (Roots)

Matures very quickly and has pure white flesh. Horse Radish is grown from small pieces of young roots. Set them 15 to 18 in. apart in an upright position, thick end up, with the tops about 2 in. below the surface, in rows 2 to 4 ft. apart. Mature roots may remain in the garden all winter or until needed. Volunteers readily spring from side roots left in the ground.

6 for \$4.50;
12 for \$8.00;
25 for \$1.60;
50 for \$3.00;
100 for \$5.50.

Herbs

Nothing can change drab meals and undistinguished cookery to exciting and inspired artistry so readily as the discreet use of herbs. The average packet sows 25 ft.; an oz. about 200 ft.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Oz.
732 Anise	15¢	40¢	75¢
777 Borage	10¢	40¢	75¢
	10¢	40¢	75¢
742 Caraway	15¢	40¢	75¢
744 Catnip	15¢	55¢	\$1.00
745 Chives	10¢	30¢	50¢
746 Coriander	10¢	15¢	25¢
750 Dill	10¢	35¢	65¢
733 Florence Fennel	15¢	55¢	\$1.00
	25¢	\$1.75	\$3.00
754 Horehound	15¢	55¢	\$1.00
756 Lavender	15¢	45¢	85¢
770 Sage	15¢	55¢	\$1.00
772 Summer Savory	15¢	40¢	75¢
736 Sweet Basil	15¢	45¢	85¢
758 Sweet Marjoram	15¢	45¢	85¢
778 Thyme	25¢	85¢	\$1.50

Four most popular herbs—a bargain collection.

Dill—Summer Savory—Sage
and Sweet Basil

3185—4 Pkts. (1 of each, value 55¢) for 35¢

Kohl-Rabi

Improved Imperial Kohl-Rabi



A large bulb is produced on the stem which is used when young, about 2 in. across, making a delicious vegetable with the combined flavor of both cabbage and turnip. Sow thinly in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart. Cover $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. Thin the plants to stand 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an oz. 200 ft.

310 Improved Imperial

(60 days) Pale green skin, white flesh. When peeled and eaten raw, it has the crispness of a celery heart. When cooked, it is tender and delicately flavored.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

312 Early Purple Vienna

(60 days) Light purple skin and pure white flesh. Good to eat raw, since it is crisp and mild flavored. Very excellent appearance.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

Cucumbers

National Pickling



260 National Pickling *

Heavy yielder (55 days)

Its remarkable solidity will recommend it to everyone, and it is just as firm and crisp after pickling as before. Early, heavy producer, and valuable for pickling in the small sizes or for slicing when large. Fruits are straight, symmetrical, rather blunt at each end but not chunky. Color is always dark green. Wonderfully even in growth, so that a great number of fruits can be picked at one time. Fully grown cucumbers measure 7 in. long and 3 in. thick.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

247 Straight Eight *

Gold medal winner (58 days)

The straight symmetrical fruits grow 8 in. long and about 2 1/4 in. thick. When ready for use, they are rich dark green, well rounded at the ends and do not show any of the striping so objectionable at the tips. A good producer, an ideal shipper, attractive in appearance, high in quality, one of the best for slicing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.70; lb. \$3.10.

246 Davis Perfect

(58 days) Introduced by Maule in 1906. Ideal for shape, color and quality, and just about perfect for size. It retains its rich, dark green color long after picking; in fact, it greatly resembles the handsome, large hot-house cucumbers offered at high prices in all the better markets. Vigorous, sturdy, productive vines bear an abundance of large fruits, 10 in. in length, 2 1/2 in. in diameter and somewhat tapered at each end. Flesh is crisp and of the most delicate flavor. Contains few seeds.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

261 Chicago Pickling

A specialized pickling strain (56 days)

Developed in the Chicago area, this variety is one of the leading pickle types, and is especially desirable for making dill pickles. Fruits are dark green and become 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. Also used for slicing. Flesh is crisp and has an excellent flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 65¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.10.

Straight Eight

Davis Perfect

Maule's Improved Long Green

Green Prolific or Boston Pickling

257 Maule's Improved Long Green *

Long, dark green fruits; pure white, solid flesh (65 days)

Fruits are dark green, from 10 to 12 in. long, 3 in. across, straight, tapering gradually toward the stem end. They are more slender and show less warty or irregularities on the surface than the common Long Green. Flesh is white, firm and crisp. When very young the fruits are used for pickling, but they rapidly reach their full size, and are then used for slicing. Of all the long varieties this has been the most consistent favorite for over 100 years.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.70; lb. \$3.10.

252 Maule's Early White Spine

(58 days) An extra fine improved type of this famous old variety. Fruits are used for pickling when small and for slicing when large. They attain a length of 7 to 8 in., becoming quite plump toward maturity. The vines are very productive.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

256 Green Prolific or Boston Pickling

(55 days) Fruit moderately short and plump when mature, and suitable for slicing. Its principal use, however, is for pickling, and it has a long, gentle taper toward the tip which, together with a dark green color, is its identifying characteristic.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 65¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.10.

Don't miss the new Hybrid Cucumber

259 Burpee Hybrid Cucumber *

A remarkable breeding achievement; resists disease (60 days)

The very first cucumber which resists the three most common cucumber diseases—mosaic, bacterial wilt and downy mildew. These are the diseases which normally cut your cucumber crop short just when the vines have begun to bear. This hybrid is produced from inbred lines like hybrid corn and shows the same vigor and high yield advantages as corn hybrids. The result is even more outstanding because this cucumber often makes a crop when other varieties are a total failure, and it frequently makes anywhere from double to quadruple the crop of any other strain. The vines are extremely vigorous, large leaved, and dark green. The fruits are dark green, 8 in. long, $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick, and of the slicing type. No gardener, regardless of his previous experience with cucumber varieties, can afford to overlook this new hybrid. It's the best we've ever seen. For a detailed description see page 2.

In packets only. Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.

274 Mixed Cucumbers

(55 to 65 days) An excellent opportunity for the home gardener to obtain a wide assortment of both slicing and pickling varieties without having to purchase each kind separately.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.25.

Planting Guide

Sow the seed after all danger of frost is over to supply fruits for summer use and another sowing in late June or early July for pickles and late cucumbers. Plant in hills 4 or 5 ft. apart, placing 8 to 10 seeds in each hill and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of fine soil. When plants are 6 in. tall, thin to 3 or 4 plants in a hill. Succeed best in a light, well-drained soil. A packet is enough for 15 hills; one oz. for 75 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. for an acre.

Burpee
Hybrid
Cucumber



A and C Cucumber

Hybrid Cucumber

254 Maule's Earliest Black Diamond *

It stays green longer than others (56 days)

This excellent white spine cucumber is adapted to all sections and all soils, and we highly recommend it to both small and large growers. Whether used for pickling when small or for slicing when fully grown, it is considered the best by the majority of gardeners. The cylindrical fruits grow 7 to 8 in. long, $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick, and retain their dark green color for a very long time after picking. Firm, white flesh of the finest quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.10.

253 A and C *

Unusually attractive; shipping type (62 days)

The beautiful, straight, cylindrical fruits are about 10 in. long and $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick, well rounded at the ends, and dark green over all. This dense green color remains long after picking, making the fruits especially suitable for delayed use. A relatively new variety, A and C has quickly assumed a leading position because it overcomes many of the faults common to ordinary cucumbers, particularly the undesirable flavor of sharp tapering at the stem end of the fruit. Vines are robust and remain productive over a long harvesting season.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.05; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75.

262 Heinz Pickling

(57 days) When small, fruits are of the ideal shape and dark green color which show up so well when bottled. The young fruits at pickling size are very freely and prominently warted, making a distinctly superior appearance for small pickles. If left to grow for slicing, fruits are of uniform size, about 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. A heavy yielder, with fruits that are smooth and crisp when full sized.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

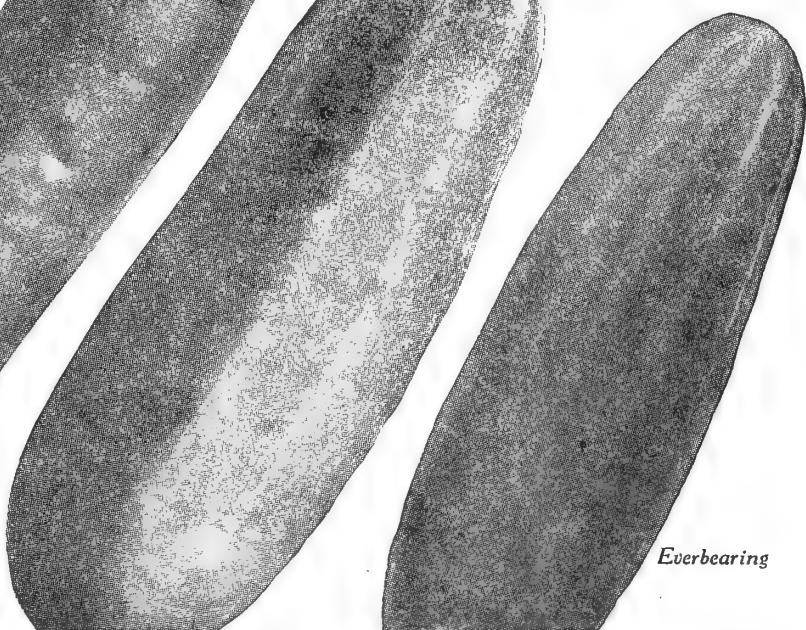
266 Everbearing

Particularly desirable for small pickles. Prolific (55 days)

A general favorite because if picked regularly it goes on bearing throughout the entire season. The fruits may be used at any stage of their development. When fully matured, they are about $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. long and 2 in. thick, and a medium green color.

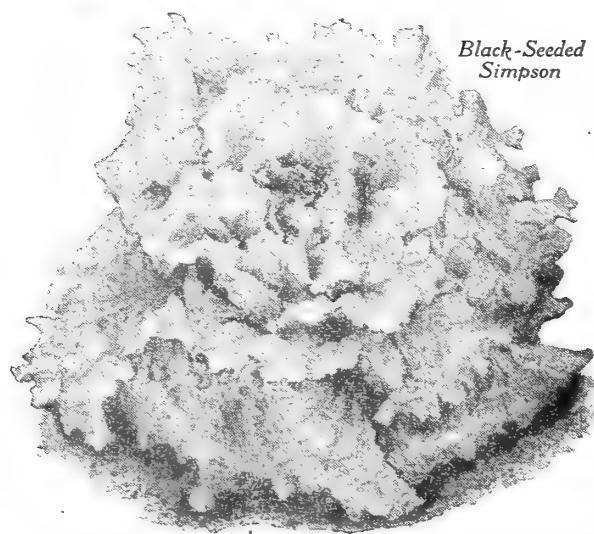
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.10.

Maule's Earliest
Black Diamond

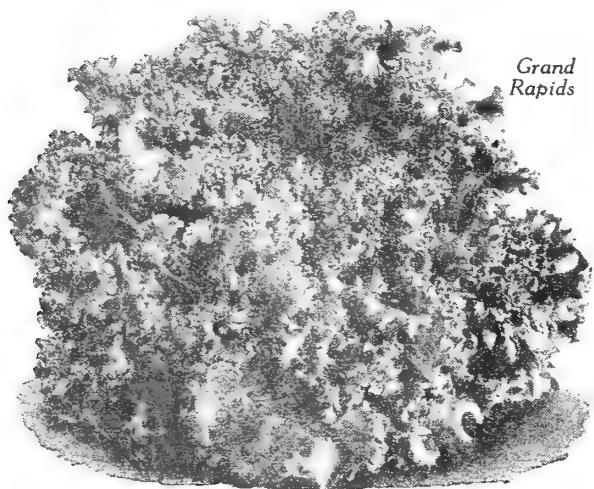


Everbearing

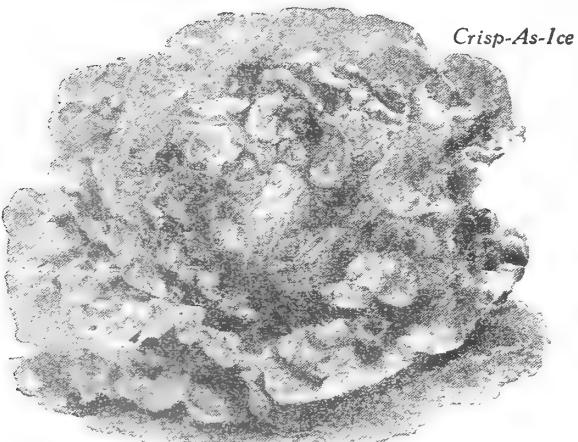
Lettuce



*Black-Seeded
Simpson*



*Grand
Rapids*



Crisp-As-Ice

344 Black-Seeded Simpson *

The best cut-and-come-again leaf lettuce (45 days)

Widely grown loose leaf or cutting lettuce with broad, light green, frilled and crumpled outer leaves; the center leaves blanch almost white. Growth is rapid and the quality of the crisp, tender leaves is excellent. Withstands heat and drouth better than heading varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

342 Grand Rapids

(45 days) The easiest to grow of all lettuces. Forms a large bunch of intensely fringed and curled leaves which are exceedingly tender, crisp, and sweet. Grows equally well during the spring, summer, and fall. Make succession plantings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

327 Deer Tongue

(80 days) Compact, semi-headed plants maturing after most leaf lettuce has gone to seed. Leaves are thick, dark green, savoyed, fairly long and rounded at the tip. Plants measure 12 in. across and 7 in. high. The succulence and flavor of this variety are unusual.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

326 Early Prize Head

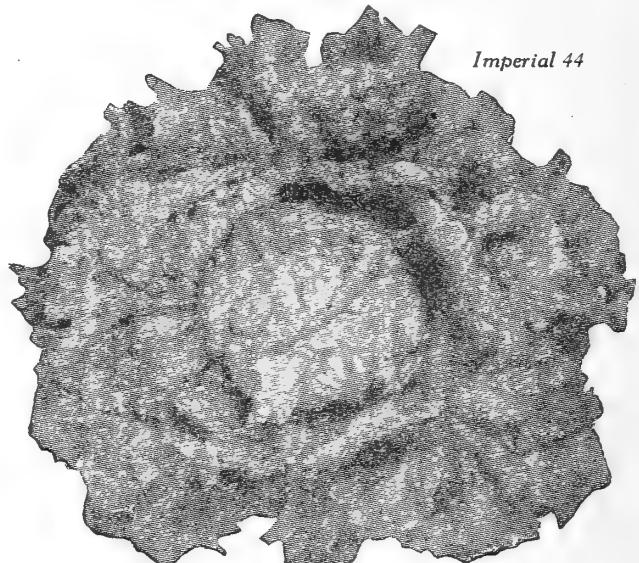
(45 days) Forms large, tender, crisp, loose bunches of bright green, attractively curled and crimped leaves, the outer ones having an overlay of brownish red. They have a decidedly sweet flavor. Belongs in this loose leaf class with Black-Seeded Simpson and Grand Rapids.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

341 Chicken Lettuce

(40 days) Will yield more food for your poultry or rabbits than any other plant you could sow for greens. After cutting, the stumps start out again, making another crop. If not cut, plants grow 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$1.80; 2 lbs. \$3.50.



Imperial 44

328 Maule's Improved Hanson *

A crisp-head lettuce with a long service record (84 days)

Entirely free from any bitter taste; is always crisp, tender, and sweet flavored, not only in the well-blanching white heart but also in the outer leaves. Heads are large, quite broad, slightly flattened, the outer leaves being bright green. Its reliability is widely recognized.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

323 Iceberg

(83 days) The original Iceberg as offered here makes large, handsome heads of light green curled leaves with reddish tinged edges; hearts are crisp, tender, silvery white and of good quality. Must not be confused with the familiar New York type commonly called Iceberg by shippers and merchants.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75.

COLLECTION

3 Choice Lettuces

Maule's Improved Hanson, Black-Seeded Simpson, Crisp-As-Ice

3135—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for only **25¢**

320 Imperial 44***Excellent header in hot weather; illustrated on opposite page (80 days)**

Relatively new, this variety has won friends where heat is a hazard. It has strong competition from the two newer varieties listed below, but its large, solid, slightly flattened heads are hard to beat for crispness and all-round goodness. First-rate market type.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.25; lb. \$4.25.

322 Great Lakes***New; sure heading; free from tipburn (90 days)**

This fine, new head lettuce was developed at the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station. It surpasses all other varieties in its ability to make good heads in warm weather, being even more reliable than Imperial 44. It is phenomenal in its freedom from tipburn (blackened edges on the leaf tips inside the head). The plants are large, vigorous, and most attractive. The heads are unusually solid, and they have the fine characteristic of holding for a considerable period if they are not cut at once.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25; ½ lb. \$4.00; lb. \$7.00.

321 Imperial 456**Newest and best of the Imperial series (90 days)**

This variety was the best head lettuce in our trials last year. The heads are medium size, extremely crisp, and wholly free from tipburn. They hold in good condition for a surprisingly long time, and it seemed as if every head right down the row was a perfect one. We strongly recommend a trial of this fine variety in comparison with your current favorite.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢.

329 New York 515

(80 days) A little earlier than New York 12, which it resembles in general appearance. The large heads are solid, bright green in color, bleach to a beautiful white; always crisp, juicy and sweet. New York 515 has been bred for resistance to tipburn and will stand hot weather better than others of the New York type. It also makes wonderful heads in the fall from late summer sowings. This is a strain of New York (commonly called Iceberg by shippers) which is very successful for most gardeners. It is the most popular of the New York group.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.25.

333 New York 12

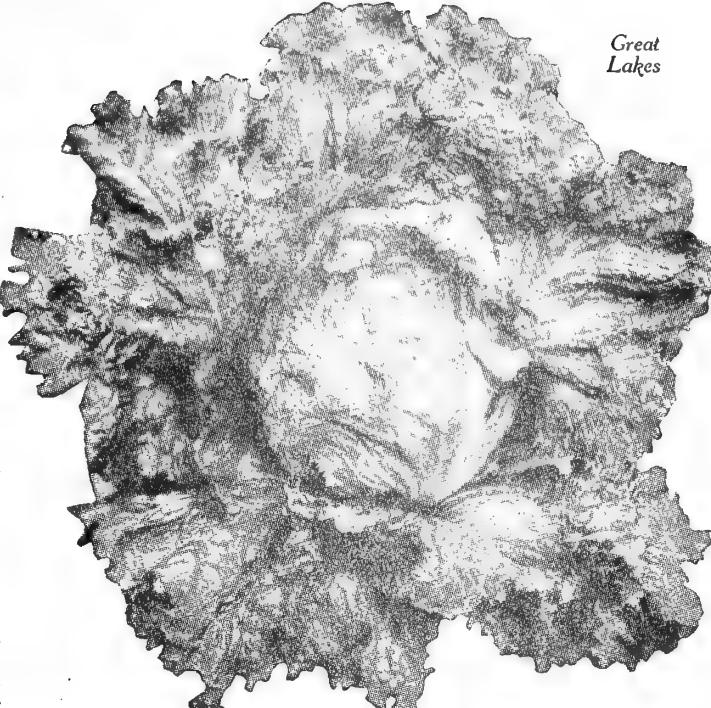
(82 days) On rich soil the heads grow very large, 10 to 12 in. across, almost round, and solid as a cabbage. Outer leaves are dark green; inner leaves are tightly folded, well blanched to a beautiful silvery white, crisp, sweet, and tender. Widely adapted for early spring and fall growing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢;
½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75.**345 New York or Wonderful**

(83 days) A widely used lettuce, commonly called Iceberg. The solid, compact heads well grown in rich soil often measure 1 ft. across and are very heavy; outer leaves are deep green, heart blanches to a beautiful pure white, tasty, crisp, and deliciously flavored. We do not recommend it for forcing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢;
½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75.

White Boston

**331 Crisp-As-Ice***

(70 days) Compact, solid heads of medium size; tender and brittle. The rich green outer leaves are thick, glossy, slightly curled and overlaid with reddish brown; the yellow heart is of a delicate, buttery flavor. This is the most consistently dependable butterhead variety in our trials. Illustrated on opposite page.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢;
½ lb. \$1.60; lb. \$3.00.**340 Wayahead**

(75 days) Attractive, tightly folded heads of medium size with bright green outer leaves, and inner leaves that blanch to an appetizing rich buttery yellow. Heart is firm, cream colored, of excellent quality and sweet flavor. It holds its color nicely and stays crisp and tender longer than many varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢;
½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.**332 White Boston ***

(78 days) Large, uniform, solid heads resembling Big Boston but earlier, lighter green in color and without the reddish tinge on the outer leaves. Heads are tightly folded so that the large, solid heart blanches to a bright creamy yellow; tasty, crisp and always tender. An excellent heading lettuce for all seasons and also well suited for forcing.

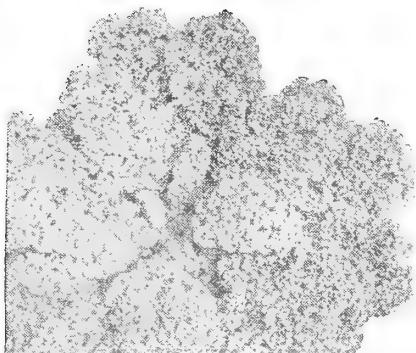
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢;
½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.**334 Big Boston**

(82 days) Heads grow to a very large size; the bright green outer leaves show a slight reddish tinge at the margins. Inner leaves form a tightly folded head, buttery yellow at the heart. It is crisp, tender and has a good rich flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢;
½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.10.**Planting Guide**

Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as the soil can be worked, in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart; cover seed ½ in. deep. Thin plants of loose-leaf varieties to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row and, as they get large, use every other one. Thin heading type lettuce to stand 1 ft. apart. For very early lettuce, seed may be sown in a cold frame or in a box in a sunny window in February, and the seedlings set out in April. Lettuce grows best during the cool seasons of the year. Successional sowings should be made every two weeks from early spring until June; sowings made in August and September will provide lettuce during the fall. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz. about 200 ft.; use 3 lbs. for an acre. For additional information ask for leaflet A 9.

Kale



Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch Kale

One of the choicest vegetables for boiling greens and certainly unlike all others. Plants will withstand considerable frost, which seems to improve the flavor. In most sections of the country they live nearly all winter. Sow seed in July and thin to 12 in. apart in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. A packet produces about 300 plants; an oz., 3,000 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre.

305 Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch *

Very tightly curled leaves (55 days)

Very early and very hardy, low-growing, compact plants with densely curled, dark green leaves making admirable greens. Plants seldom grow more than 18 in. tall. A most satisfactory, long-standing plant. Never bolts to seed prematurely.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.60; lb. \$3.00.

304 Hardy Dwarf Siberian

Healthful greens during the winter (60 days)

An extremely hardy, dwarf, spreading kale with broad, thick leaves of a grayish green color and slightly curled at the edges. Better than capsules or pills, kale is an unusually fine source of vitamins A, B₁, B₂, and C—and tastes good besides!

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.60; lb. \$3.00.

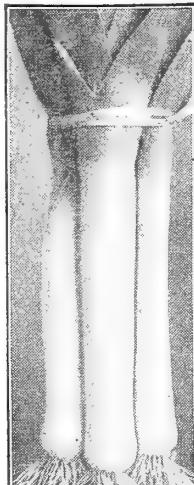
Leek

Sow seed in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart and cover 1 in. deep. Thin plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in rows. Draw earth up around plants when cultivating to blanch as you would celery. A packet will sow 25 ft. of row; an ounce, 200 ft.

313 Giant Italian

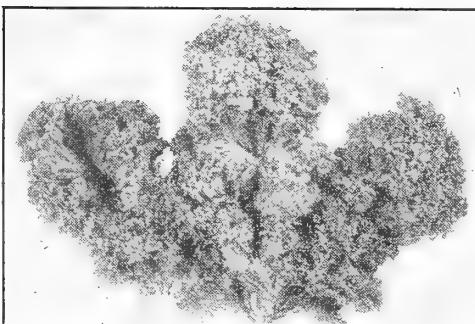
Mild onion flavor (85 days)

Stems are long, thick, and after blanching are pure white, tender, and more delicate in flavor than the mildest onion. For soups, stews or finely sliced in mixed salads. The stalks are also prepared and served like asparagus. Responds very well to fertilizer. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.



Italian Leek

Mustard



Southern Giant Curled Mustard

Sow seed broadcast or in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart and thin young plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. Matures quickly; successive sowings should be made for a continuous supply of healthful greens. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz., 200 ft.

421 Southern Giant Curled

(40 days) Large, light green leaves with intensely curled edges. Plants are upright or slightly spreading in growth, hardy and productive. Mild flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10.

424 Tendergreen

(30 days) A mild spinach mustard of Oriental origin. Produces broad, flat, smooth, rounded leaves in spray form. Can be used like spinach when cut about 5 in. long, or used like turnip greens.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10.

Mushrooms

Mushroom growing is simple but exact, and with the proper care heavy and profitable yields are obtained. Many of our customers make money by growing them for restaurants, hotels, stores, or private trade. They can be grown in cellars, sheds, under greenhouse benches, small caves, etc. Mushrooms produce no seed, but instead a white, fibrous substance called spawn, which we furnish in 1 lb. bricks. Our stock is always fresh, pure culture, and selected with the utmost care to insure a crop of pure white mushrooms of perfect uniformity for color, size, and shape. Fresh horse manure, unvaried temperature, and controlled moisture are the chief essentials for success.

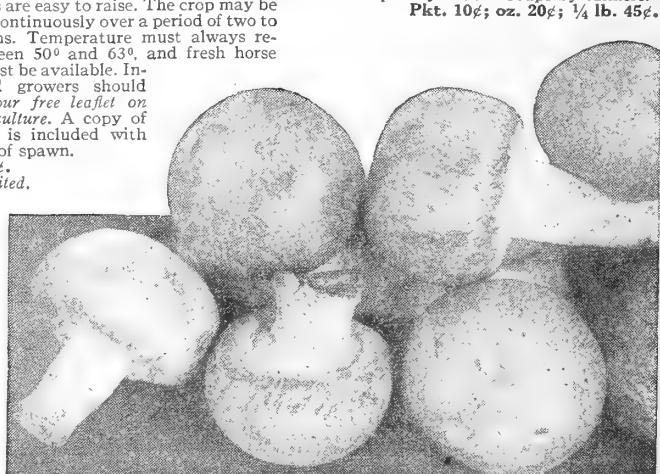
69B68 Pure Culture Spawn

One brick spawns 10 sq. ft. of bed

If proper spawning conditions are available, mushrooms are easy to raise. The crop may be harvested continuously over a period of two to four months. Temperature must always remain between 50° and 63°, and fresh horse manure must be available. Inexperienced growers should write for our free leaflet on mushroom culture. A copy of this leaflet is included with each brick of spawn.

1 brick 50¢.
Supply limited.

Pure
Culture
Mush-
rooms



Okra



Clemson Spineless Okra

Okra pods are used for thickening and flavoring soups, stews, catsup and other relishes. They are also used as a vegetable when the pods are young. The pods develop very rapidly, and should be picked regularly as they appear for best quality and to lengthen the producing season. Sow in May and June, after the ground is warm, in rows 3 ft. apart; cover the seed with about 1 in. of soil; thin young plants to stand 18 in. apart in the row. Use a packet for 15 ft. of row; an ounce for 50 ft.; 8 lbs. for an acre.

435 Clemson Spineless

(56 days) Similar to Perkins' Perfected in type of fruit and habit of growth, but pods are absolutely without spines and, therefore, easier to pick. Pods are 7 to 9 in. long, 1 in. in diameter, only slightly grooved, and of fine quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢.

431 Perkins' Perfected

(60 days) Dark green, straight, slender, pointed pods 7½ in. long; plants grow 4 to 5 ft. tall. The pods are tender and hold their color exceptionally well. This variety is most frequently used in soups by canners.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45¢.

Muskmelons

371 Maule's Perfection *

The overwhelming first choice of Maule customers since 1884 (92 days)

Maule's Perfection is the best muskmelon we've ever seen, and its steady leadership for the past 60 years shows that our customers think so, too. You'll seldom see it offered on the market because it isn't a shipping type melon. It's too big and too tender. But, while its size and its ability to ripen clear out to the skin are the things that keep it from shipping well, they are the very qualities that make it so attractive to you folks who pick them dead ripe right off the vine. Perfection fruits average about 6 lbs., which is twice as big as Hale's Best. There are records of fruits weighing very much more. Best of all, its thick, juicy, salmon-orange flesh is so sweet and perfectly satisfying that other kinds compared with it taste either flat or unpleasantly musky.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

364 Pride of Wisconsin *

You will call it your Pride, too (90 days)

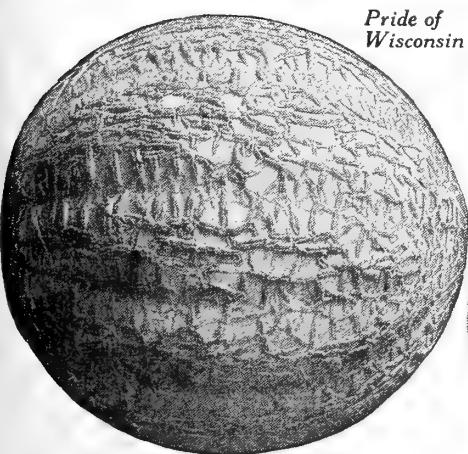
In our melon patch the best strains disappear most rapidly. Maule's Perfection is gone first, and then Pride of Wisconsin is "tested" to extinction. This Wisconsin variety is relatively new, but it's certainly important. It is almost round, well netted, thick fleshed, and flavored with an ideal balance of sweetness, spice, and aroma. It weighs 3½ to 4 lbs., has orange flesh, and easily carries long distances.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

Hale's Best



Pride of Wisconsin



357 Hearts of Gold *

(90 days) Melons are of medium size, almost round, about 5 in. thick, heavily netted, and weigh about 2 lbs. each. The deep orange flesh is sweet flavored, very thick, and ripens close to the rind; small seed cavity. The rind is tough, making it a good shipper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

350 Lake Champlain
(80 days) Very early. Melons are almost round, medium sized, well netted, and moderately ribbed. The thick, golden orange flesh is sweet and melting. The most popular extra early melon because it combines good size and flavor with early maturity.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60.

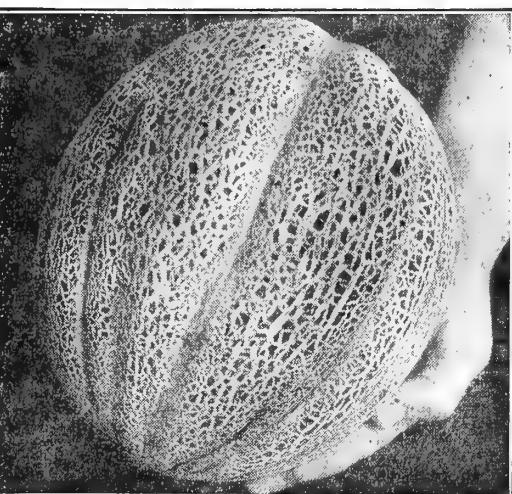
347 Select Rocky Ford

(89 days) Melons are oval, finely netted, and of a size that makes them ideal for serving in halves. Flesh is luscious, green, sweet, very thick, firm, and ripens close to the rind. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

360 Honey Rock

(86 days) Deeply colored salmon flesh and singular sweetness and flavor. Nearly round, 3 lbs., with yellow skin, and heavy, gray netting.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.



Maule's Perfection

Planting Guide

A rich, warm sandy soil is the ideal; melons respond well to fertilizer. Sow the seed when the ground has become warm, placing 8 to 10 seeds in slightly raised hills. Place hills 4 to 6 ft. apart, and thin to 4 plants per hill. Cover the seed 1 in. deep. A packet plants 15 hills; an ounce 60 hills. Keep up shallow cultivation as long as possible. The \$20 prize for the largest Maule's Perfection muskmelon sent to us in 1945 went to Mr. L. H. Brown, Detroit, Mich. for his 7 lb. 4 oz. specimen.

368 Hale's Best *

(87 days) The earliest melon of the Rocky Ford type. The bright salmon-orange flesh is exceptionally thick, firm, and of such a rich flavor as to make it a favorite everywhere. Fruits are oval, about 8 by 4½ in., and heavily netted.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60.

383 Banana Melon

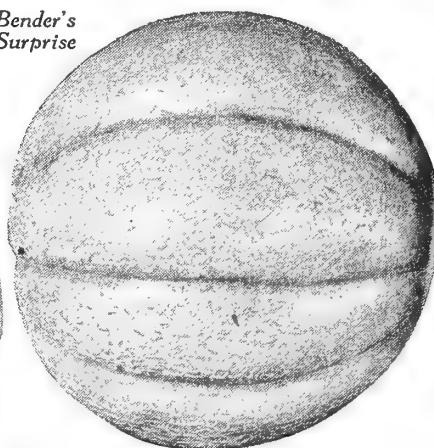
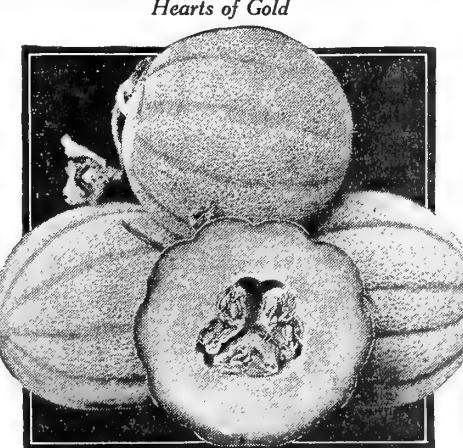
(95 days) Unique both in flavor and type of fruit. Fruits grow 18 to 24 in. long and 4 to 5 in. thick. The melon tastes sweet and has a tantalizing aroma. Cool orange flesh color, and a texture like firmly frozen ice cream.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

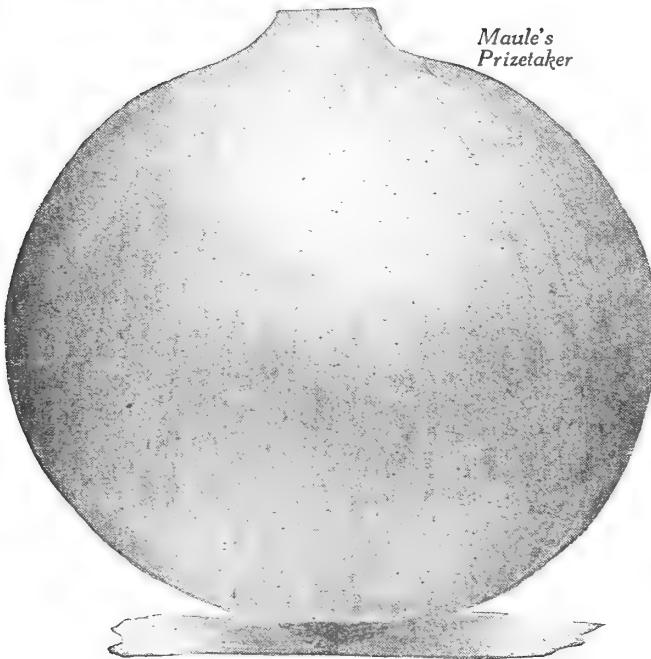
367 Bender's Surprise *

(95 days) Melons are large, many weighing 10 lbs. each; they are short oval in shape, distinctly ribbed, and exquisitely netted. Rind is light green turning to a gold tint when ripe. Flesh is very thick, salmon-orange, deliciously sweet, and of fine flavor; bright, firm and attractive. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75.

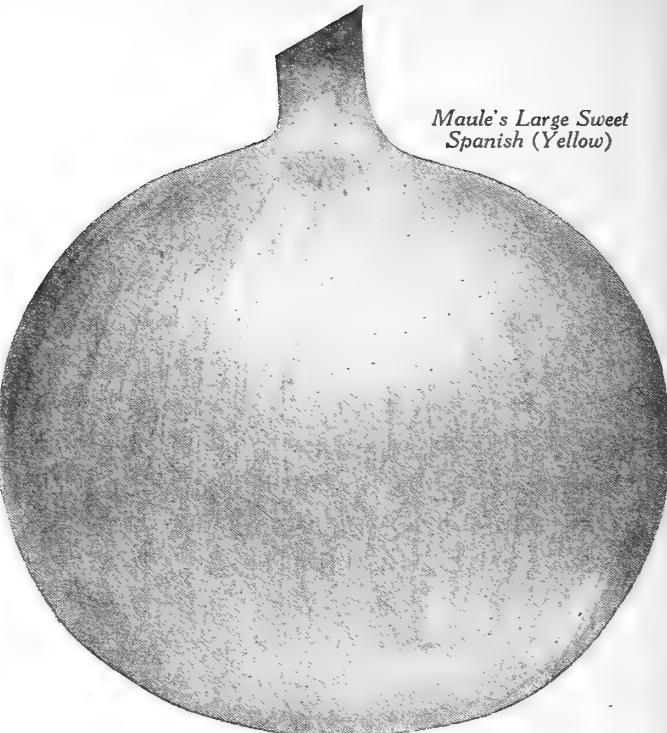
Bender's Surprise



Onions



Maule's
Prizetaker



Maule's Large Sweet
Spanish (Yellow)

441 Maule's Prizetaker*

Large, attractive yellow onion of sweet, mild flavor (100 days)

A most handsome, fine flavored, extra productive, very large yellow globe onion. Bright, clear, thin, strawy yellow skin; pure white, solid, crisp, mild flesh. Grows to a uniform globe shape and has a very small neck. Ripens firm and hard, and can be depended upon to bring a good price in any market. Of even size, shape and color. Introduced by Maule in 1888, and immediately met with great popularity which has continued ever since. Not so large or bland as Sweet Spanish, but a much better keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.20.

448 Green Bunching

Long, white, crisp stalks (60 days to green onions)

Green Bunching stands for a long time without forming a bulb. During this long period excellent scallion type green onions may be harvested. The flesh and skin are pure white, presenting a very attractive appearance. Allow these plants to stand very close together instead of thinning, as with regular bulbing types. This will create longer stalks and discourage bulbing. Plant this variety to extend far into the summer your supply of delicious green onions for the table.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.40.



Green Bunching

451 Ebenezer or Japanese

Longest keeping onion

(100 days) An all-around variety with many desirable characteristics. Ebenezer is reasonably early, tops dry down quickly and completely; the outer scales are tough; its color is attractive; it yields heavily and keeps well. Sets grown from Ebenezer are of excellent color, shape and keeping quality. Onions are 2½ to 3 in. or more in diameter when well grown, flattened, yellow in color, moderately strong in flavor. Very dependable throughout the East and favorably known wherever onions are grown commercially. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

SPECIAL COLLECTION

MAULE'S FAVORITE Onion Varieties

Prizetaker . . . White Portugal . . . Early Yellow Globe

3170—3 Packets (one of each, value 35¢) for only 25¢

452 Early Yellow Globe

Choice strain. 10 days earlier than Yellow Globe Danvers (100 days)

One of the best and earliest globe-shaped onions; beautiful deep yellow skin and clear white flesh. The skin is thick and tight, which makes the onions less susceptible to damage through handling and it also helps to keep them better over winter in storage. An enormous cropper and an especially fine variety for growing on mucklands.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25.

436 Maule's Large Red Wethersfield

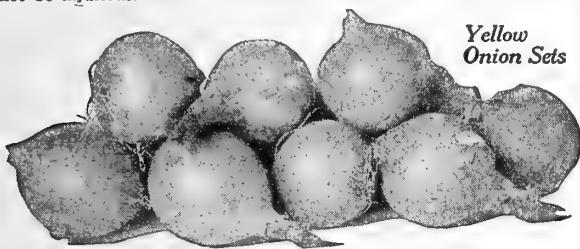
A fine red onion with good, pungent flavor (110 days)

Solid, decidedly flattened, and very large around. Skin is deep purplish red; flesh is white, tinged with pinkish rose near the skin. Beautiful for garnishing and salads, well flavored, moderately pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

ONION and GARLIC SETS

Maule supplies the highest quality onion sets available. The bulbs are large, plump, and in first-class condition. If your sets arrive during cold weather, we suggest that you examine them immediately upon arrival to see if they have been frozen in transit. Onions and garlic are fairly resistant to freezing, and if they are thawed slowly and kept in a cool, well-ventilated place until planting time, light freezing in shipment need not be injurious.



Yellow Onion Sets

69B76 Yellow Skinned Sets

The finest quality sets available on the market. These bulbs produce mature onions long ahead of plantings from seed. Green onions are available in a few weeks, and the crop is useful continuously through maturity. The ripe bulbs are excellent keepers, excelling the white sets in this respect. It's easy to grow onions from these fine sets.

Lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75.

69B72 White Silver Skin Sets

Without equal for flavor and clean whiteness. Green onions are ready very quickly. The plants then reach the pickling onion stage (about 1 in. thick). The bulbs mature well ahead of seed plantings and are white, firm, well flavored and slightly flattened in shape.

Lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

69B64 Garlic Sets

Extra select California-grown sets; large, pure white (150 days)

The pear-shaped bulbs have a strong, pungent odor, but if used in small quantities are highly esteemed for adding zest to soups, stews, sausages, salad dressings and dill pickles. The bulbs (sets) are composed of several sections or cloves, which should be separated and set in rows 1 ft. apart and 4 in. apart in the row. Cover with 1 in. of fine soil. When the tops turn yellow, take up the bulbs, dry in the shade, and store in a cool, dry place away from frost. They will keep perfectly all winter.

½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.95.

456 White Portugal or Silver Skin

(100 days) Really one of the most versatile varieties. It is the kind used for white onion sets; it makes the best firm, white fleshed, green onions; it is often used for pickling; and the matured flat onions keep well for some time in storage. Decidedly pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25.

Planting Guide

For seed: Sow seed in rows 12 to 18 in. apart, as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Sow thinly and cover with ½ in. of soil. When young plants are a few inches tall, thin out to stand about 3 to 5 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 25 ft. of row, an ounce about 200 ft. Onions are easily raised from seed and can be pulled as needed during the summer or left to become fully ripe for late fall or winter use.

For sets: Onion sets should be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Make furrows about 1 in. deep and press the onions into the surface lightly but do not cover; have the rows 12 to 18 in. apart and set the onions about 2 in. apart in the row. Green onions may be had in a few weeks. At Philadelphia, onions large enough to cook are ready in early July, and large ripe onions about the middle of July. By planting sets, onions can be produced several weeks earlier than can be had from seed. A pound of onion sets will plant a row about 50 ft. long.

437 Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers *

The old reliable yellow globe; perfect keeper (110 days)

The onions are of deep globe shape with small necks. The skin is a bright golden yellow; the flesh is white and well flavored. Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers has been famous for many years in commercial onion growing districts for uniform shape, color and keeping qualities. Like the other onion varieties listed by Maule, this strain is designed for areas having 13 hours or more of daylight during the midsummer growing season.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

446 Southport Yellow Globe

True globe shape; sweet flavored; keeps remarkably well (115 days)

The most popular of the Southport type. Perfectly globe shaped, with rather full shoulder, small neck, rich yellow skin, and fine-grained, mild, creamy white flesh. Very productive and a good keeper. The most largely grown yellow market onion, and preferred by many home gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.20.

445 Southport White Globe

(110 days) These onions, because of their handsome appearance and unsurpassed quality, always bring top prices in the city markets and are held in the highest esteem by home gardeners everywhere. The silvery white, globe-shaped onions have a delicious mild flavor, are firm, solid and of the highest quality.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50.

444 Southport Red Globe

(110 days) Perfectly globular, with rich, glossy red skin—the reddest of all onions. Flesh is pure white, fine grained, and pleasantly flavorful. The best keeping red onion, and adapted everywhere except in parts of the world where daylight is less than 13 hours in duration during the growing season.

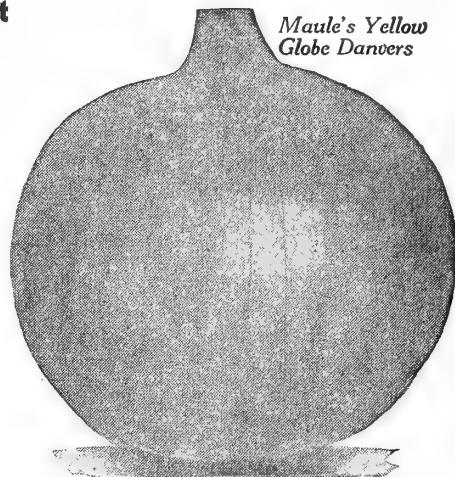
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00.

470 Mixed Onion Seed

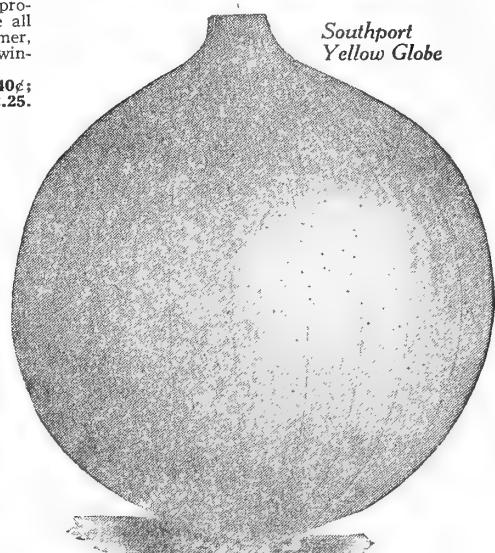
(100 to 115 days) A grand assortment of red, white and yellow onions of various shapes and maturities. Will provide onions for use all through the summer, fall and during the winter if stored.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25.

Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers

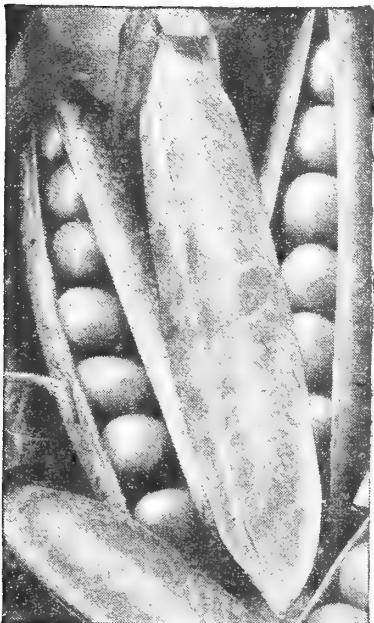


Southport Yellow Globe

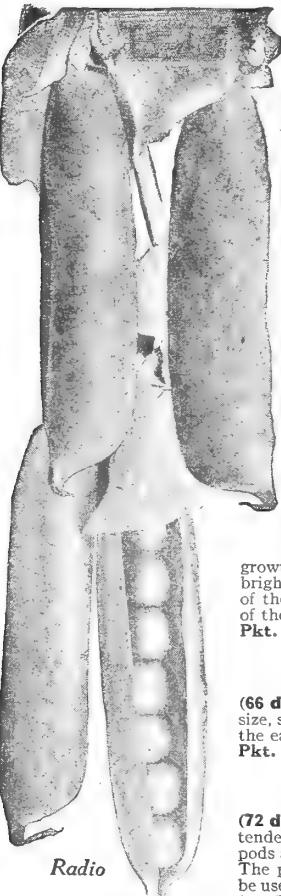


White Portugal or Silver Skin

Peas Smooth seeded types



Maule's Earliest of All or Alaska



Radio

488 Maule's Earliest of All (Alaska) *

The earliest and hardiest of all garden peas (54 days)

The main reliance of thousands of truckers and gardeners who wish to be first in market with new peas. Popular with canners because of the uniformity of maturity. Vines grow about 30 in. tall and produce in about 54 days a wonderful crop of medium-sized pods filled with small, round green peas of excellent flavor. Unsurpassed for extra-early production combined with flavor, size of pod, prolificness, vigor and regularity of growth. Gardeners who are unable to raise any other peas because of heat or drought find that Earliest of All solves their problem by maturing before hot weather comes. The later, wrinkled varieties may be expected to be sweeter, and under good growing conditions much higher yielding. But peas are a cool weather crop, and where the weather changes rapidly from cool spring to hot summer, Earliest of All gives the best crop insurance. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

506 Maule's Radio

(58 days) Plants are exceptionally vigorous and productive, with crops generally heavier than it seems possible for so early a variety. Vines grow from 12 to 15 in. tall and are loaded with medium-sized pods which, on the average, contain 6 large, round, bright green peas. The flavor is good. The dried seed is not perfectly round, but distinctly dimpled and slightly wrinkled. Maule imported this variety from England in 1924. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

487 Early Bird

(58 days) Hardy, robust and attractive semi-wrinkled or dimpled pea of considerable earliness. Vines grow 18 in. tall and bear a fine crop of beautiful bright green pods about 4 in. long, plump and broad, each containing 7 to 9 very large green peas which are tender and of good quality. This variety straddles the fence. It is earlier, harder and sure to succeed than the true wrinkled types; and better quality than the smooth-seeded strains. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

Planting Guide for All Peas

Almost as important as the variety you plant is the speed you exercise in getting your peas from the garden to the table. Pick the pods when they're young and just before you're ready to serve them. The sweetest peas are the wrinkled-seeded varieties, but the earliest and hardiest are smooth-seeded. Both types should be planted as early as possible in the spring. In order to have peas over a considerable period, plant a group such as the collection offered above. Then, at 10-day intervals until the 10th of May, continue to plant seed of each of those varieties. Sow again during August for a fall crop. Space the rows 2 to 2 1/2 ft. apart for dwarf varieties; 2 1/2 to 3 ft. apart for tall varieties. Cover the seed 1 to 2 in. deep. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; a pound 100 ft. Varieties growing more than 2 ft. tall do better if staked up or otherwise supported.

Edible Podded Peas

When pods are young and peas are beginning to form, they are prepared and cooked like snap beans. They taste like fresh green peas. After the young pods have developed they may be shelled and cooked like other peas.

524 Maule's Giant Sugar-Pod

(70 days) Vines are well-branched and make a vigorous growth about 3 1/2 ft. tall; they carry an immense crop of large, flat, bright green paired pods 6 in. long and about 1 1/2 in. broad. They are of the most luscious flavor. Like all edible podded peas, the quality of the pods is at its peak just as the peas begin to form. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

525 Dwarf Gray Sugar

(66 days) Plants grow 2 ft. tall and bear an abundance of medium size, sweet and tender pods of good flavor. The dwarfest growing and the earliest edible podded sugar pea. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

508 Giant Butter

(72 days) An entirely new type of edible podded pea, possessing the tenderness and fleshy qualities of a snap bean. The curved, semi-round pods are 6 to 7 in. long, very meaty and free from fiber or toughness. The pod is edible until the peas are fully formed and can therefore be used at almost any stage of growth. Vines are sturdy and grow from 4 to 5 ft. tall. Support of string or brush should be provided for best results. Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Collection

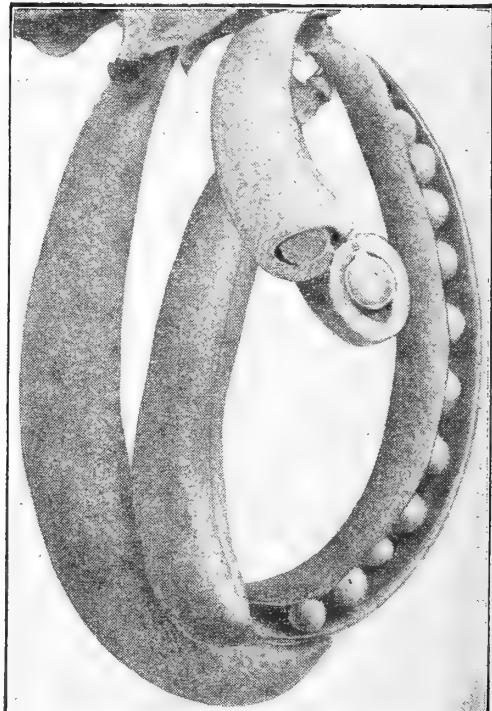
How many kinds of peas do you plant? For gardeners who are not already familiar with the advantages of planting more than one variety, as suggested in the Planting Guide, Maule assembles this collection. By planting the four varieties listed here, you provide for a longer producing season and a surer crop.

Maule's Earliest of All **Little Marvel**
Dwarf Telephone **Maule's Potlatch**

3189—4 Pkts. (1 pkt. of each, value 40¢) for **30¢**
3191—2 Lbs. (1/2 lb. of each, value \$1.00) for **75¢**
3193—4 Lbs. (1 lb. of each, value \$1.75) for **\$1.40**

500 Mammoth Podded Extra-Early

(56 days) Relatively new and a lusty competitor in the earliest group, this variety tells its story in its title. In some areas it has proved to be even earlier than Earliest of All. The oversize 4 in. blunt pods and the 30 to 36 in. vines would be found, normally, in much later group. Round-seeded, but tender and good quality. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.



Giant Butter Edible Podded Pea

Luscious wrinkled seeded peas

509 Giant Laxtonian *

Very large, straight, pointed pods (62 days)

One of the largest podded of all early dwarf varieties and considered the best of its class for home or market garden. Vines are vigorous, about 18 in. tall, and produce a heavy crop of large pods, often more than 4 in. long, each containing from 8 to 10 attractive dark green peas of the choicest quality. The peas are almost double the size of other dwarf varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢;
5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

499 Blue Bantam *

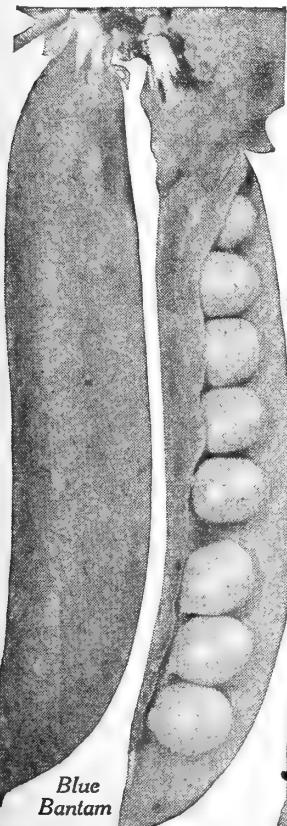
(62 days) Unequaled for its combination of earliness, superb quality and unusual productiveness. The dwarf, vigorous vines average 18 in. in height and carry a very heavy crop of large, deep bluish-green pods 4 in. long, with as many as 8 or even 10 peas in a pod. The green shelled peas have that same characteristic bluish tone that makes the pods so distinctive.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

496 Thomas Laxton

(60 days) Unsurpassed as an early, high quality, all-purpose pea. Vines grow 30 in. tall, and bear a magnificent crop of large, deep green pods which average 3½ in. in length; they are broad, straight and have square ends. Pods contain 6 to 8 large, tender, fine-flavored peas.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

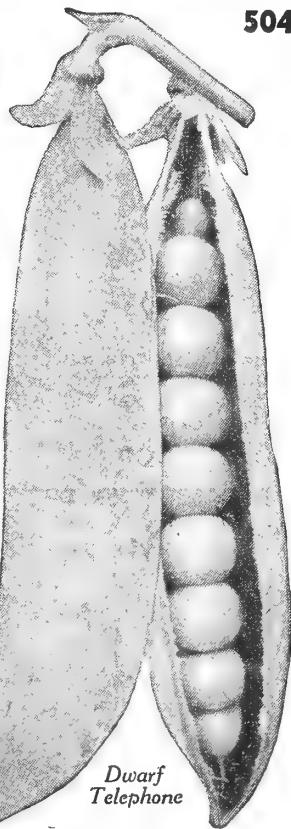


Blue Bantam

502 Laxton's Progress

(60 days) The dwarf, vigorous vines grow about 18 in. tall and bear an enormous crop of deep bluish-green pods 4 in. long, packed with extremely large, luscious, dark green peas. Unusual quality and flavor plus extra-large pods make this a fine early variety.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.



Dwarf Telephone

</div

Parsnips

Maule's Improved Half-Long



Parsnips grow best in a loose, rich, deep soil. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover only $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. Since parsnip seed germinates slowly it is a good idea to sow a little radish seed in the row to act as a marker to permit early cultivation. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an ounce about 200 ft.; 3 lbs. per acre in drills 3 ft. apart. Roots may be stored for winter use, or some may be left in the ground all winter for use early next spring.

478 Maule's Improved Half-Long *

(95 days) Roots are smooth, snow-white, and have practically no side roots. They are uniform, and grow to a good length, but not too long. Their whiteness is remarkable. This is by far the best strain of parsnip for the home garden.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30; lb. \$2.35.

477 Maule's White Lisbon

(100 days) Produces uniformly large and handsome white roots of stocky form. They are heavy at the shoulder, well rounded, and gradually taper toward the base. The white, sweet flesh is of fine texture, free from core and stringiness. They cook tender, and have a fine flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30; lb. \$2.35.

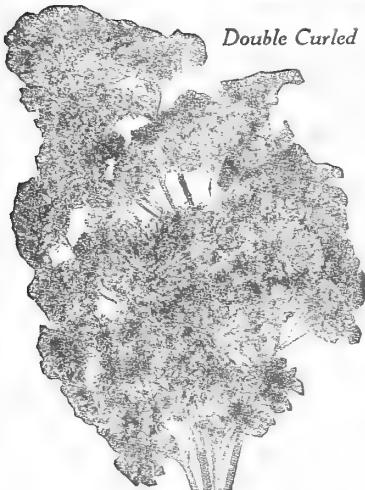
483 Improved Long Smooth

(100 days) Also known as Hollow Crown or Improved Long Sugar. The straight, smooth, and handsome white roots are 10 to 13 in. long. The length and attractive appearance make this a very desirable variety. The white flesh is fine grained and of superior flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30; lb. \$2.35.

Parsley

Double Curled



476 Paramount *

(70 days) This parsley is superior to all other strains, and it shows itself under almost all growing conditions. The leaves are slightly darker green than Double Curled, and slightly shorter stemmed; but the curling is distinctly tighter and more uniform than the regular Double Curled. It dresses up parsley buttered potatoes like a new hat on Easter Sunday. Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.60.

474 Double or Moss Curled

(70 days) Plants are of semi-dwarf, compact habit, growing about 12 in. high and spreading to as much as 18 in. The leaves are finely cut and tightly curled, and are emerald green when young, becoming much darker as they grow older.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30.

Plant in May or June, in hills 8 by 8 ft. apart, or drop 5 or 6 seeds in every fourth hill in the cornfield. Thin to the best 2 plants in a hill. Use 1 oz. for 25 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. are needed to plant 1 acre.

555 Small Sugar *

The best for pies (115 days)

The celebrated Yankee Pie Pumpkin, round and slightly flattened at the ends, lightly ribbed and grows 8 to 10 in. across. Skin is an attractive deep orange while the rich orange flesh is fine grained, sweet, thick and of extra fine flavor. It is without question the best pumpkin for general use, and is particularly excellent in pie making, since it is never coarse or stringy.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢.



557 Connecticut Field

(115 days) Large, round or slightly oval fruits with a smooth, hard, rich reddish orange skin and thick, dry, orange-yellow flesh so highly valued for making pies or canning. Vines make a vigorous growth and need ample room to spread. This pumpkin, which weighs about 25 lbs., is also grown extensively for stock feeding, often planted with corn. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢.

560 Cheyenne Bush

(100 days) A brand new bush type pumpkin ideal for small gardens. The fruit is shaped like Small Sugar, except that it is still more miniature, ideally suited for making just two pies. The quality is superb, and it's very early maturing.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢.

567 Mixed Pumpkins

(100 to 120 days) Includes all the varieties listed here plus Maule's Yellow Sweet Potato Pie, Golden Cushaw, and Green Striped Cushaw. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢.

561 Hundred Weight

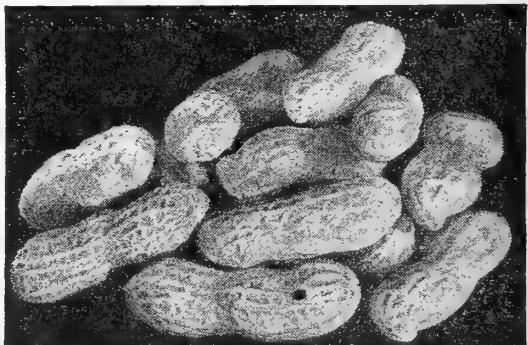
(120 days) A selected strain of Potiron sometimes called Jumbo because the pumpkins grow to such an enormous size. The fruits frequently attain a weight of 100 lbs. or more. In spite of its large size it is a shy seeder and among the best for table and for making pies. Skin is dark salmon and the flesh is bright yellow, fine grained, and sweet. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.60.

Peanuts

Peanuts grow best in a warm, light or sandy soil, rich in lime. Do not plant until ground is thoroughly warm. Plant in rows 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. apart; shelled nuts to be placed 8 to 10 in. apart in the rows, but if planted in the hulls, space them 16 to 18 in. apart in the row. Cover with 2 in. of soil. Cultivate and hoe freely. In the fall, before frost, dig and hang them under a shed or in an airy room to cure. A packet will sow from 15 to 25 ft. of row; a pound from 175 to 300 ft. Use 30 to 45 lbs. of seed per acre. Seed is shipped in the hull.

485 Virginia or Jumbo

(120 days) Early, large, and prolific, yielding fewer imperfect pods than any other kind; produces as much as 100 bushels per acre on medium land. Two or 3 large, richly flavored kernels to the pod, which is borne on a stem underground. Vines spread 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., making valuable fodder for stock. Not adapted to the northernmost states.



Sweet Varieties

542 Burpee's Fordhook Pepper *

All-America Bronze Medal Winner (67 days)

The fruit is blocky, just the right size and shape for stuffing, $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. across and $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. long. It is nearly round in cross section, with 3 or 4 lobes, glossy dark green turning bright red when ripe. Flesh is nearly $\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick, tender, crisp and always sweet. Plants grow 15 to 18 in. tall, erect, bearing fruits upright in large clusters. This pepper is a new variety, and while it is not the largest fruited type available (Chinese Giant and California Wonder are larger), it is much earlier than these other types, and has a more uniform and better shaped fruit. It does well over a much wider area and under more difficult conditions than most other kinds.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25.

552 Early Pimento *

All-America Medal Winner (65 days)

Large, top or heart shaped fruits, $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. broad; very smooth and glossy, dark green turning to bright red when ripe. The flesh is thick, very sweet and tender. Three weeks earlier than the old strain.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55¢; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.

544 Worldbeater

(73 days) Fruits grow $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. long and $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. across, deep green turning to glossy, rich scarlet when ripe. Its flesh is thick and has a mild, sweet flavor. Adapted over a wide area, and very productive.

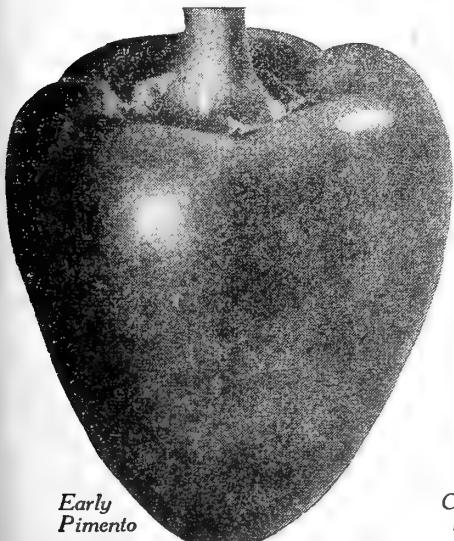
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55¢; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.

533 Maule's Ruby King

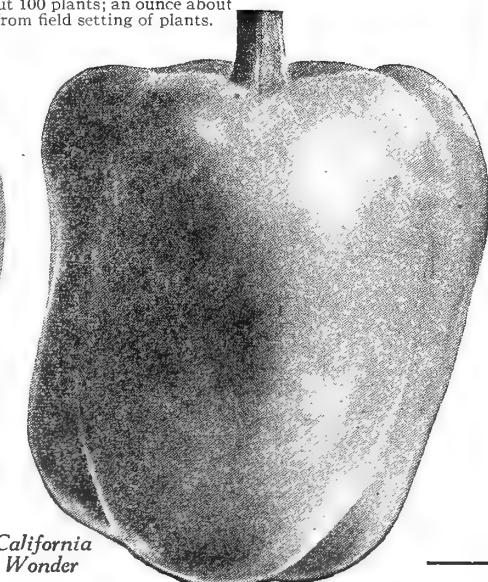
(68 days) Fruits grow 5 in. long and 3 in. across, tapering gradually from the crown; deep green turning to bright ruby-red. Flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild. Early and heavy yielding. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

Planting Guide

Sow pepper seed in March or April in hotbed, greenhouse or in boxes placed in a warm window. Cover seed lightly and keep the soil moist and very warm. After all danger of frost is past, set the plants out in the open ground, in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the rows. A packet will produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 1,500 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre. Days of maturity are from field setting of plants.

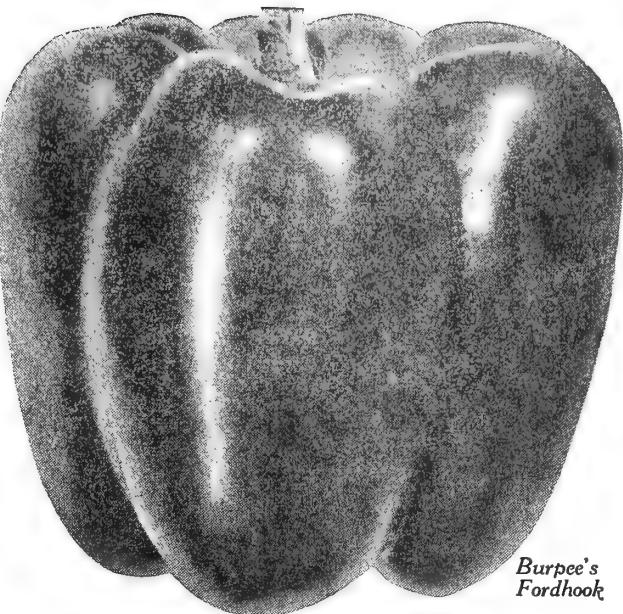


Early
Pimento



California
Wonder

Peppers



Burpee's
Fordhook

546 California Wonder *

(75 days) One of the largest, $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, 4 in. across, and unusually heavy. Flesh is mild, sweet and the thickest of all. The glossy dark green skin turns to crimson at maturity. An outstandingly favorite pepper everywhere south of New York State. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25.

532 Chinese Giant

(79 days) Very large, 5 in. or more across and fully as long, almost square, and blunt at the end. Rich, dark green, changing to a deep red when ripe. Flesh is thick, mild and sweet. Plants make a stocky, bush-like growth, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. tall and 2 ft. across. Too late for northern states, but the biggest there is for other areas.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55¢; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.

537 King of the North

(65 days) Successful in northern gardens. Bears early and profusely; the fruits are 4 in. long, $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. across, mild and sweet. Dark green turning to red.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

549 Hungarian Wax *

(65 days) Quite hot and pungent but milder than the other hot types. Waxy canary-yellow changing to orange-red when ripe, 6 to 8 in. long and $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. across at the largest part; the stem end tapers to a blunt point. Flesh is quite thick.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

535 Maule's Red Hot (77 days) 5 in. long; 1 in. thick. Red.

547 Long Red Cayenne (72 days) Long, twisted fruits. Hot.

543 Small Red Chili (82 days) $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Very, very hot.

Any of the above three:
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢;
oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.



King
of the
North

Radishes *The first vegetable from your garden*



White Icicle

572 Crimson Giant *

Extra large, crisp and tender (28 days)

Large, early maturing, turnip-shaped radish almost double the size of any of the other turnip-shaped varieties; single roots often weigh one ounce and are 5 to 6 in. in circumference. It grows quickly and has a most attractive, deep crimson skin; flesh is pure white, of fine flavor, firm, crisp and never shows any hollow or pithy centers. Used by many people as a sandwich radish because of its mildness and slicing size.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25.

580 Maule's Sparkler *

Attractive, round, red with white tip (25 days)

The best scarlet, white-tipped radish. Flesh is white, crisp and sweet, remaining fit for use longer than most of the other globe-shaped varieties. The color is very vivid and attractive, rich bright scarlet with a large tip of the purest white. An excellent forcing sort and highly recommended for growing in the open for home or market use. This variety supplants the Old Scarlet Turnip White Tipped strain.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25.

584 White Icicle The most popular of all radishes *

Continues to be delicious over a long period during the growing season (30 days)

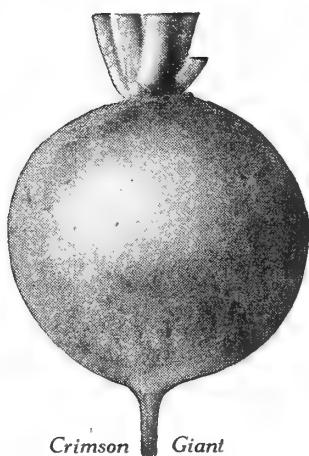
The attractive, straight roots grow about 5 in. long, are very smooth and free from side roots, and are shaped like real icicles. Skin is pure white, thin and tender; flesh is icy white, crisp, brittle and juicy. It is perfectly mild and of a delightfully sweet flavor with just enough pungency to appeal to the appetite. It remains solid during the entire growing season, and is fully as good when 1 in. in diameter as when only $\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

White Icicle, like other radishes, will stand some frost, so extremely early planting as well as late fall crops are possible. These crops at the extremes of the growing season are likely to be the finest of all because radishes thrive best during cool weather, and are of the highest quality when the plants have not been subjected to much heat.

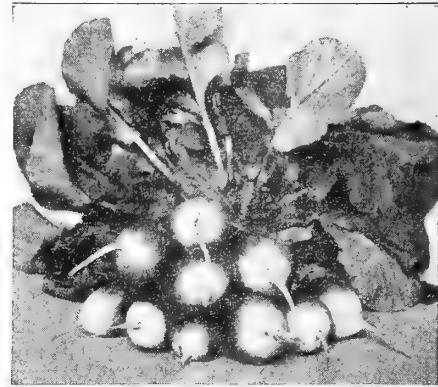
Remember that your White Icicles are going to grow deep into the ground and prepare the earth to a considerable depth to make growth rapid and even.

This is one of the finest radishes grown, and should be in every garden, whether for home or market, spring or fall use.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25.



Crimson Giant



Maule's Sparkler

590 Saxa or Rapid Red

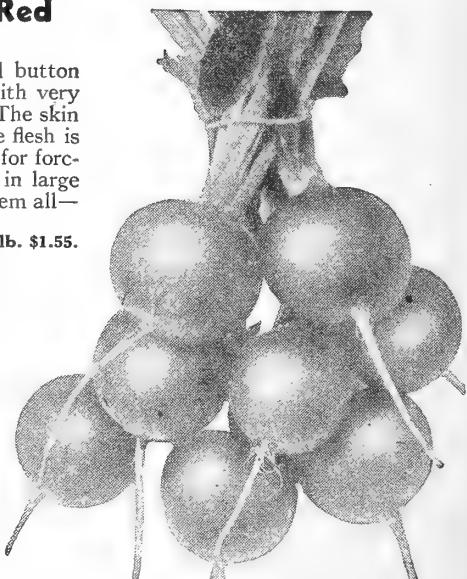
The very earliest (22 days)

Desirable, quick growing, red button radishes as round as marbles, with very small tops and small tap-roots. The skin is bright scarlet. The firm, white flesh is crisp, brittle and juicy. Adapted for forcing or outdoor planting. Grown in large quantities, it is the earliest of them all—your first garden dividend.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.55.

Planting Guide

The seed of *Spring and Summer Radishes* may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Successional sowings may be made every 10 days until September, except where summers are hot, in which sections sowings should be stopped from the middle of May until the first of August. Sow seed thinly in shallow drills 12 to 18 in. apart, cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of soil; thin to 1 in. apart for small varieties; large varieties, 3 to 4 in. apart. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; 1 oz. about 100 ft.; 10 to 12 lbs. per acre. With little care, anyone can grow radishes. They are at their best, however, in finely and deeply prepared soil and when growth is quick and steady.



Saxa or Rapid Red

Delicious Radishes

583 Maule's Earliest Scarlet The favorite early red radish *

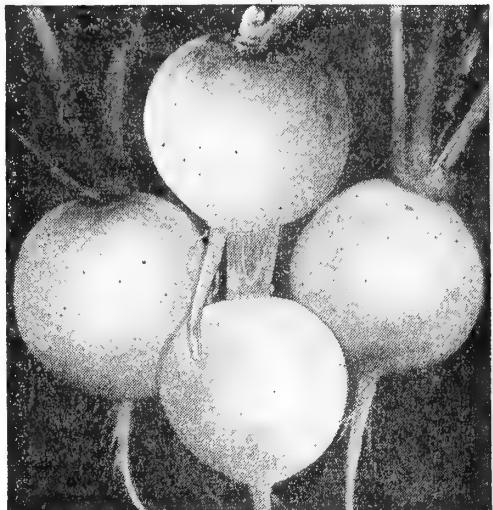
Perfectly round, mild flavor (24 days)

The very first vegetable from your garden will be the earliest radishes, and you'll enjoy Maule's Earliest Scarlet just as thousands of other gardeners have during the past 60 years. This grand variety has constantly held a favorite place, and has been surpassed only by White Icicle in popularity.

The skin is rich, gleaming scarlet, and is very thin and tender. The flesh is pure white, always crisp, brittle, mild and sweet. It is hard to imagine a more satisfactory factory sensation than the first crunching bite from one of these delightfully flavored radishes.

Maule's Earliest Scarlet has a short top, and is well adapted to growing under glass as well as early planting in the garden. It reaches an average size of one inch in diameter and is always perfectly round in shape.

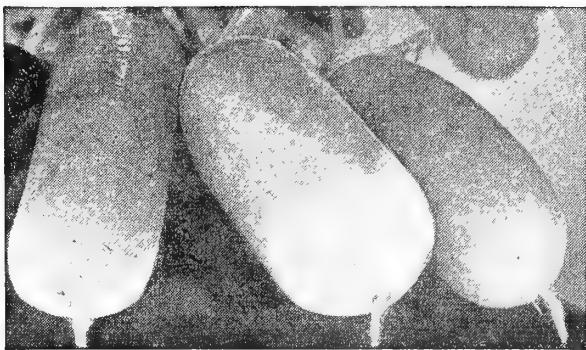
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25.



Maule's Earliest Scarlet

Vicks
Early Scarlet
Globe

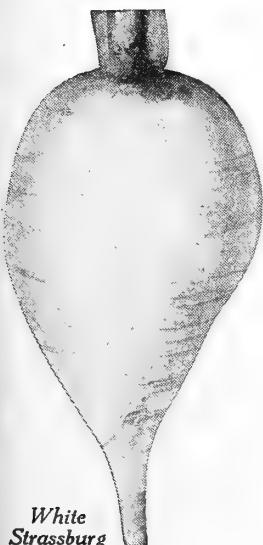
French Breakfast



597 Vicks Early Scarlet Globe

(23 days) Has a good reputation as a forcing variety; it stands the heat required for forcing without becoming pithy in the heart or losing any of its flavor. The thin skin is rich scarlet; flesh is white, crisp and tasty. Grows round to olive shape, has medium-sized tops and very thin, fine roots. Also one of the best outdoors.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25.



White
Strassburg

593 White Strassburg

(40 days) A handsome, white, smooth radish of oblong shape, 4 to 5 in. long and 2 in. broad at the shoulder; gradually tapers toward a thin tap root. Both the skin and the flesh are pure white, crisp, tender and pungent. A favorite summer radish for many years.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.35.

610 Mixed Radishes

(22 to 55 days) Included in this mixture are many different varieties so you may sow a row and harvest from a wide selection of different shapes, sizes and colors in all maturities.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25.

603 Maule's Winter *

The best radish for winter storage (55 days)

Attractive, smooth, pure white roots growing about 8 in. long and 2 to 3 in. in diameter at the base where they are the broadest. Flesh is pure icy white and of mild flavor—the mildest and least pungent of all *winter radishes*. Good keeper. Winter radishes require cool weather at the end of their growing season, and for that reason seeds are sown from mid-June until mid-August. Plant in rows 15 to 24 in. apart; cover seed 1/2 in. deep; thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.55.

592 French Breakfast

(23 days) A pretty radish of bright red color tipped with white; 1 1/2 in. long and 3/4 in. wide, oblong or deep olive shaped, with white flesh that is crisp and tender. Tops are short. Has an attractive and distinctive shape.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25.

3155 COLLECTION

Four Choice Early Radishes

This group represents the four most popular types of early radishes.

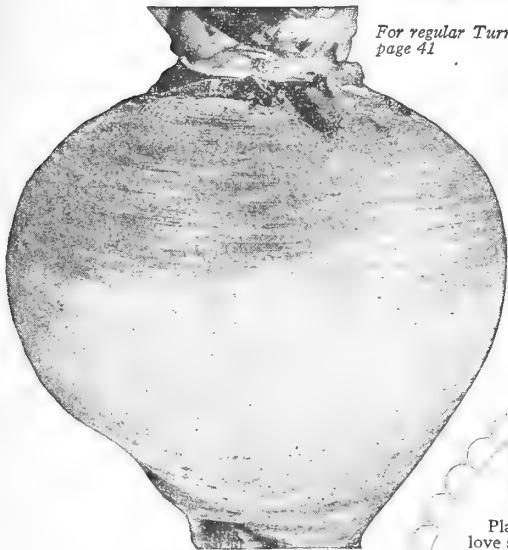
Maule's Earliest Scarlet
Crimson Giant

White Icicle
Maule's Sparkler

4 Pkts. (1 each of the four, value 40¢) for only 30¢

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.

Rutabagas



For regular Turnips turn to page 41

Maule's Heavy Cropping Rutabaga

Rutabagas (Swede Turnips) require a longer season than turnips. Sow from June until August in rows 15 to 24 in. apart. Cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of fine soil and thin the seedlings to stand 6 to 8 in. apart in the row. Use a packet to about 50 ft. of row; an ounce to 250 ft.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. to the acre in drills or $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. broadcast.

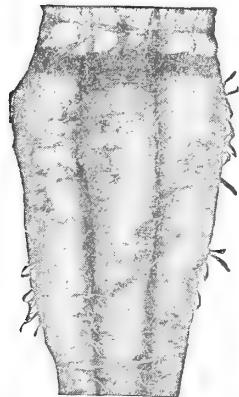
707 Maule's Heavy Cropping *

(90 days) The most profitable of all yellow purple-top Swede Turnips to grow; it is the hardiest, best shaped, and most productive. This variety is an improved strain of Long Island Purple Top. The flesh is beautiful yellow and of the choicest quality, becoming bright orange when cooked.

Pkt. 10¢;
oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40.

709 Golden Neckless

(85 days) This new Canadian selection brings the greatest refinement yet attained in rutabagas. The shape is a deep globe, with generous purple coloring at the top, and the remainder gold. It is fine grained, excellent quality, and remarkably uniform. Extremely small neck. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢; lb. \$1.60.



Salsify

Salsify

The striking similarity of flavor between salsify and oysters has made the species known as Oyster Plant. Roots are equally attractive when creamed or prepared in a stew. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 18 in. apart; cover 1 in. deep. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 5 in. apart in the row. The best roots are grown on rather light soil, but good ones can be grown in any ordinary garden loam if deep and mellow. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain in the ground all winter for early spring use. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; an oz. for 100 ft.

614 Mammoth Sandwich Island

(110 days) Long, thick, tapering roots. The flesh is almost white and has a delicious, oyster-like flavor.

Pkt. 15¢;
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

Rhubarb

Rhubarb needs a sharp freeze during the winter to make it grow properly the following season. Accordingly, gardeners in the extreme southern region in Florida and along the Gulf are denied the pleasure of growing this hardy perennial. Set the crowns of the roots deep enough to be covered with 2 or 3 in. of soil, spacing them 3 or 4 ft. apart.

69B87 MacDonald Roots *

New variety of superior quality

This new variety produces such tender stalks that peeling is unnecessary. Their color is a strong and uniform red which completely covers the stalks. Propagation is entirely by roots, since these plants never produce fertile seed. MacDonald is better looking, bigger, and more delicious than any standard rhubarb variety, and it remains useful longer into the summer because of its tenderness. The stalks are frequently 2 ft. long and exceptionally thick.

2 roots for 75¢;
3 for \$1.10; 5 for \$1.75;
10 for \$3.25.



MacDonald Rhubarb

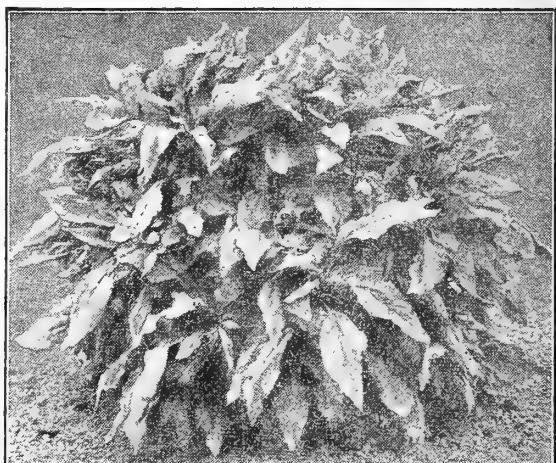
69B88 Victoria Roots

The old standard variety

Roots planted this spring provide a moderate crop next spring, and bear heavily for years afterwards. The stalks are thick, tender, and heavily shaded with red. Caution: never use rhubarb leaves for greens because they contain an acid which makes them unfit for food.

2 roots for 40¢; 5 for 80¢; 10 for \$1.45.

Tampala



700 Tampala

A brand new vegetable greens (50 days)

Tampala grows best in hot weather and greatly outyields spinach. Plants grow 2 ft. tall, and have long, light green leaves which are held high above the ground. The flavor is very mild. Plant thinly and very shallow after the ground has become thoroughly warm. Let plants stand 18 in. apart. Leaves and branch tips may be harvested all summer.

Pkt. 15¢; 2 pkts. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$2.00.

622 New Zealand *

Perfectly heat and drouth tolerant (70 days)

This variety thrives under adverse conditions. It grows freely in heat and drouth, produces heavily all through the summer, and only the most energetic cutting will prevent the plants from spreading 4 ft. across by the time frost kills them. Not the same family as ordinary spinach, it equals it in flavor, succulence, and tenderness.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.40.

SPECIAL COLLECTION

3 Favorite Spinaches

Bloomsdale Long Standing, Savoy Leaved
Blight Resistant, New Zealand.

3130—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for 25¢



New Zealand

Planting Guide

Swiss Chard is a delicious green which lasts all the summer. Remove the outer stalks as needed and the plant will continue to produce freely. Sow the seed early in the spring in rows 18 to 24 in. apart, and cover with 1 in. of soil. Thin the young plants to stand 8 to 12 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow 25 ft. per row; an ounce 100 ft.; 5 to 6 lbs. per acre.



Lucullus Swiss Chard

623 Bloomsdale

Long Standing *

America's favorite spinach (45 days)

The remarkable long standing qualities of the strain make it one of the best for home garden use as well as for canning. It has an exceptionally large plant, with glossy, dark green, intensely crinkled, blistered, and very thick leaves. Best adapted to spring sowing, but also good in the fall. The plants develop slower than some other strains. This slowness of growth is their chief virtue in warm weather.

Pkt. 10¢;
oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 60¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.10.

627 Nobel

(45 days) Moderately smooth, easily cleaned leaves, rapid growth, and long standing ability. The leaves are a very dark green and thick fleshed, and are produced in greater abundance and for a longer time than any other true spinach. Pkt. 10¢;
oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 60¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.10.

621 Bloomsdale

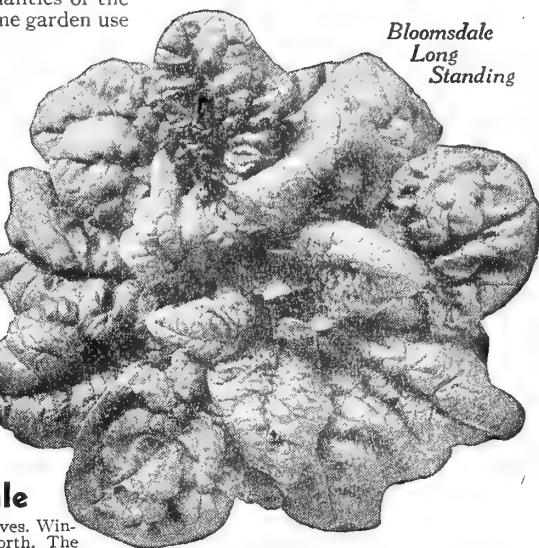
(42 days) Extremely dark green leaves. Winters over when fall planted in the north. The very crumpled, thick, erect leaves are at their best when harvested from the earliest spring crop. High quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 60¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.10.

626 Savoy Leaved Blight Resistant

(40 days) An improved, very blight resistant selection of Bloomsdale; leaves are darker green and more heavily crumpled. Fine for late fall planting to winter over, but bolts soon in warm weather.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 60¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.10.



Planting Guide

Sow seed as early in the spring as the ground can be prepared, and cover 1 in. deep. Seed may be broadcast or sown in rows 1 ft. apart; thin seedlings to stand 6 in. apart. For a succession, sow every two weeks until May 15; for fall use sow from August 10 to September 15; and for early spring use, sow in September and cover with a few inches of hay, leaves, or litter during the winter. A packet will sow about 25 feet of row; an oz. 100 ft.

Swiss Chard

86 Rhubarb Chard *

The most vivid color in the garden (60 days)

A new Swiss Chard that looks like rhubarb. The stalks extend 10 to 12 in. before the leaves begin, and are of the most spirited, glowing crimson you can imagine; the rich red color extends out through the veins into the dark green heavily crumpled leaves. In addition to being by far the most colorful and attractive plant in the vegetable garden it has a wonderful chard flavor to make it attractive on the table as well. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall, and continue to provide greens and tender stalks from July until frost. They are very easily grown, and thrive on poor soil, in drouth, and in all parts of the country. Plant it along the edge of your garden where it will be on display.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 50¢;
1/4 lb. \$1.40; 1/2 lb. \$2.50; lb. \$4.75.

89 Lucullus *

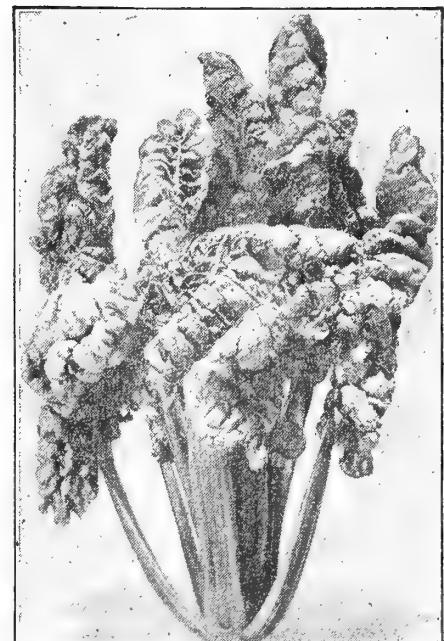
(60 days) Well-known cut-and-come-again spinach beet; grows 2 to 2 1/2 ft. tall, and has rich light green, savoyed or crumpled leaves which are tender and flavorful. The white, thick midribs may be prepared separately and provide a most appetizing dish.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 70¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.25.

87 Fordhook Giant

(60 days) Fordhook Giant differs from Lucullus in the color of the leaves, which is a much darker green, and in the greater thickness of the stems. These stems are outstandingly broad and fleshy.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 80¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75.



Rhubarb Chard

Squash Winter keeping varieties

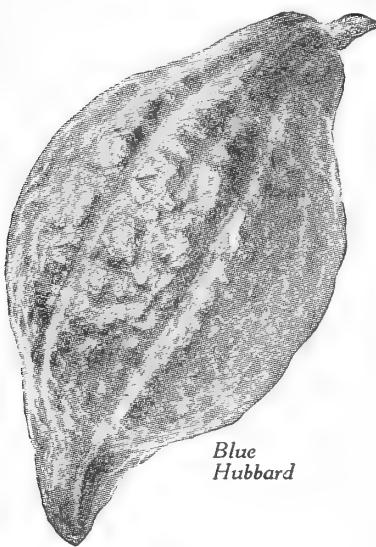
635 Improved Hubbard *

The leading Hubbard squash (100 days)

Maule's Improved Hubbard Squash represents the perfection of all large winter squashes. The fruits grow about 10 by 12 in. in size and weigh about 12 lbs. The flesh is rich orange-yellow, fine grained, solid, dry, and lusciously sweet. The toughness of the dark olive-green warty rind makes it the favorite for winter use, keeping well until spring if properly stored. Improved Hubbard is not only used in every squash recipe but also as a superior material for baking pumpkin pies.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.60.

Improved Hubbard



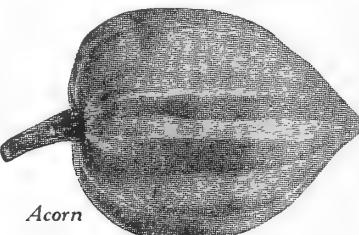
Blue Hubbard

630 Acorn *

Also known as Table Queen (58 days)

The smooth, hard shell is deeply ribbed and dark green, 5 1/2 in. long and 4 in. thick. Vines are long and vigorous. The half-grown fruits are fine for summer use; fully grown fruits are excellent winter keepers. The mature Acorn, like other small squashes, is at its best when baked whole. It is then cut in half, the seeds removed, and served in the shell. Prepared this way, it is the world's finest squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.



Acorn

634 Butternut

A new variety of exemplary quality (85 days)

A number of fine characteristics make this new squash worthy of a place in your garden. The seed cavity is very small, being confined to the globular bottom of the fruit. The thick neck is solid flesh, just right for slicing. The fruits when baked have an indescribable nut-like flavor superior to any squash we have ever tasted. Fruits measure 4 to 5 in. thick at the widest point and 10 to 12 in. long. Just right for baking whole. Winter keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 60¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.75.



Butternut

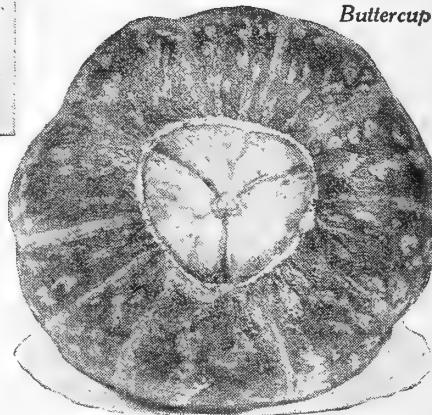
631 Buttercup

Highest quality of all (100 days)

A fine squash of a shape that is quite unique and attractive. Fruits grow 4 1/2 in. thick and 6 1/2 in. across, with a heart-shaped protuberance at the blossom end. Skin is green with stripes and spots of gray; flesh is thick, orange, dry, sweet, of the finest texture, and really supreme quality. The fruits are small enough to be baked whole, and this method of preparation is something which must be tried to be appreciated. Medium sized fruits require about 1 1/2 hours in a moderate oven. Good keeper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.60.

Buttercup



641 Blue Hubbard *

Splendid for pies (105 days)

Fruits are large, heavy, and of a distinctly deep blue-gray color. The shell is extremely rough and hard; the flesh is attractive bright yellow-orange, fine grained, very dry, and exceptionally sweet. Unusually productive and easily stored. Larger than the green or orange-red skinned Hubbards. Fruits grow 18 in. long, 12 in. thick, and average 15 lbs. in weight. The biggest squash we offer for sale.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; 1/2 lb. \$1.75.

645 Red or Golden Hubbard

Orange-red skin (92 days)

Similar to the Improved Hubbard in size and shape, often weighing the same in spite of its earlier maturity, but differing from it in having deep orange-red colored skin which makes it particularly attractive. The thick orange-yellow flesh is richer in color than Hubbard, but of the same fine-grained texture and sweet luscious flavor. Red or Golden Hubbard is easily stored throughout the winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; 1/2 lb. \$1.75.

650 Mixed Squashes

(48 to 105 days) A fine mixture of all the excellent squashes we list, both summer and winter varieties. One sowing will provide for summer, fall and winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

Planting Guide

All squash grows best in a deep, fertile soil. Bush varieties are grown in rows or hills 4 by 4 ft. apart; running varieties, 8 by 8 ft. apart. Sow seed in spring when soil has become warm. Thin bush varieties to 4 plants in a hill, running varieties to 2 to 4 plants to a hill. A packet will plant 8 hills; bush varieties, one oz. 40 hills; running varieties, one oz. 50 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. per acre.

Winter squashes require the same general cultural directions as the summer varieties but need a longer growing season to mature. Fruits must remain on the vine until they have fully matured; gather them before frost, leaving part of the stem attached. Keep in a moderately warm, dry place until used. Handle carefully so as not to bruise them, for bruises may cause decay. Examine fruits in storage from time to time. Many of the winter squashes make excellent "pumpkin" pie.

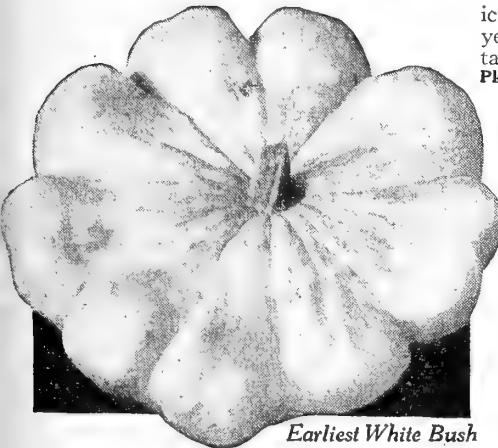
Summer Squash

628 Earliest White Bush *

Early; scalloped fruits (50 days)

Also known under the name of Patty Pan. Squashes are creamy white and scalloped around the edges; flesh is milk-white, smooth, firm and of the most delicious flavor. Plants are of bush form and bear a great crop of fruit. Probably the most used and best liked of all summer squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.



Earliest White Bush

644 Yankee Hybrid *

A genuine hybrid squash (48 days)

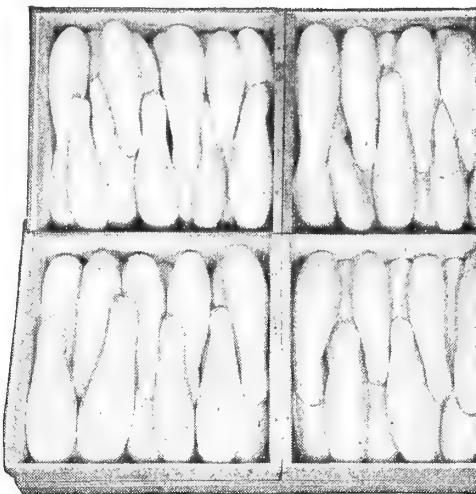
Entirely new and different, Yankee Hybrid is a first generation cross by controlled pollination. It produces the earliest squash in the garden, and makes a heavier crop than any other kind. In addition, the fruits are amazingly uniform, and the bush vines are extremely vigorous. A cross between Early Prolific and Connecticut Straightneck, its fruits are bright yellow and average 8 to 9 in. long, tapering only slightly at the neck. Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.25.

632 Mammoth Golden Summer Crookneck

Fine-grained flesh (60 days)

An improved strain of the old Yellow Summer Crookneck. Fully twice as large, it matures just as early. Fruits grow 18 in. long, have a beautiful deep golden-orange warty skin and salmon-orange flesh. Necks are curved; entire fruits are filled with fine-grained flesh of luscious flavor. Compact, bushy plants.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.



Yankee Hybrid

629 Giant Summer Straightneck

(60 days) This variety is really just the same as Golden Summer Crookneck except that it is not handicapped by a crooked neck. This improvement makes the squash easier to prepare for cooking, and allows easier packing and handling.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

A welcome fall and winter crop—Turnips

693 Extra Early Purple-Top Milan *

Purple-top, white, flat (48 days)

Quickly produces good-sized, smooth turnips with few leaves. The roots are flat, 4 in. across, purplish-red above and white below. The white flesh is choice, sweet and fine-grained. They are without equal for the table and for early or late market. It is one of the best for bunching. Adapted to spring and fall planting outdoors, and is desirable for forcing under glass.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/4 lb. 45¢; 1/2 lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25.

689 Mixed Table Turnips

(48 to 70 days) A mixture of the best turnips for table use; some have yellow while others have white flesh. They mature over a long period during the season. If you do not care to grow the separate varieties, here is your chance to have an assortment at a low cost.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢;

1/4 lb. 45¢; 1/2 lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25.

686 Purple-Top White Globe *

The most popular (55 days)

A large, rapid growing turnip with globular roots of attractive appearance—lower part is white while the upper part is bright purplish-red. The flesh is pure white, fine-grained and tender. It is the best flavored of all turnips, raw or cooked.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; 1/4 lb. 45¢; 1/2 lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25.

702 Large Yellow or Amber Globe

(70 days) Large, almost round roots with light yellow skin and creamy yellow flesh which is agreeably sweet and tender. Keeps perfectly throughout the winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;

1/4 lb. 50¢; 1/2 lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40.

Planting Guide

For spring planting, sow Extra Early Purple-Top Milan in April in rows 12 to 15 in. apart. Cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and thin seedlings to stand 3 to 6 in. apart in the row. Cultivate frequently. For succession, sow at intervals until the last week in May. For fall and winter crop, sow any variety in July or August in rows or broadcast. A packet will sow 50 ft. of row; an oz. 250 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per acre in drills, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. broadcast.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;

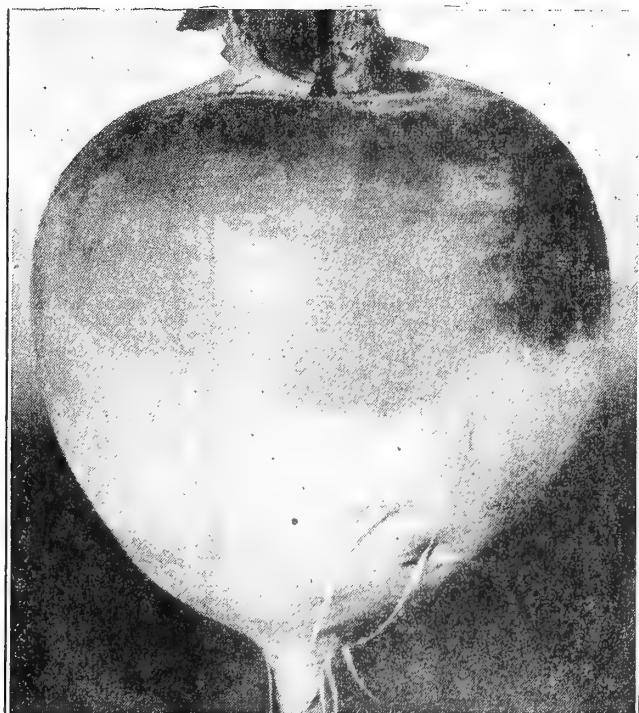
1/4 lb. 50¢; 1/2 lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40.

698 Golden Ball

(60 days) One of the best and quickest maturing of all yellow turnips. Skin is bright yellow; golden-orange, fine-grained and sweet. Roots globe shaped.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;

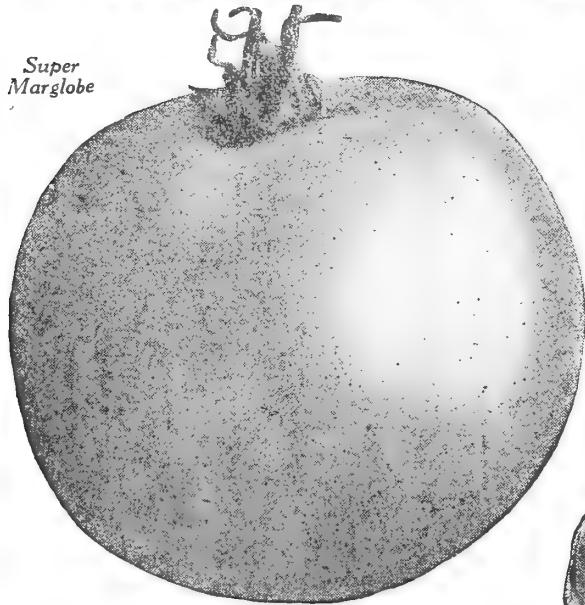
1/4 lb. 50¢; 1/2 lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40.



Purple-Top White Globe

Tomatoes

Super Marglobe



669C Marglobe (Certified stock) *

The popular wilt-resistant tomato (73 days)

In breeding and selecting our stock of Marglobe, we have endeavored to secure a strain that will produce the maximum yield of large-sized, smooth, uniform, bright red fruits that are suitable for long-distance shipping, canning, or for juice production. Vigor, size of vine, and wilt-resistance have also been considered; the result is a tomato which is definitely superior to most strains of this variety. Fruits weigh $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 ozs., are globular, smooth, and with small blossom-end scars. The interior is remarkably solid, with small cells and heavy walls. Delicious and mild in flavor. Vines are heavy and spreading, with abundant foliage, and are wilt-resistant to a high degree.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

681C Pritchard (Certified stock) *

Wilt-resistant, self topping (70 days)

Another of Dr. Fred Pritchard's developments; also known as Scarlet Topper. Like others of his varieties, it is wilt-resistant, and produces bright red, globe-shaped fruits. These fruits are medium sized, 5 to 6 ozs., well rounded on the shoulder, and exceptionally firm. The plants of this tomato are of the self-pruning or self-topping type and, for that reason, ideal for planting in regions having heavy, fertile soils. It is a popular variety in many parts of the Middle West, where other tomatoes frequently make an abnormal growth. Uncertified seed offered on the opposite page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

719 Victor

(58 days) This new variety competes in the early group of Earliana maturity, and it has already gained very great favor. It is high yielding, and begins to bear heavily during the earliest part of the season. Fruits are full red, about 3 in. across and flattened globe shape. Vines are not large, and can stand both rich soil and close planting.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

tomatoes indoors

705 Super Marglobe *

An outstanding tomato; illustrated on front cover in natural color (75 days)

A truly outstanding strain of this most popular of all tomatoes. Super Marglobe is selected for a short, compact, wilt-resistant vine with foliage which will protect the fruit from sunburn and allow it to develop the richest possible scarlet color, for heavy yield, and for an extra large sized fruit still retaining globular shape and refinement from end to end. The solid interior makes for good canning and firmness in shipping. The fruit of Super Marglobe weighs 7 to 8 ozs., is deep, almost globular, with only a minute scar at the blossom-end, and a stem end that makes picking easy. The outside color is bright scarlet, the interior thick walled and firm—the quality unbeatable. This tomato regularly exceeds all expectations.

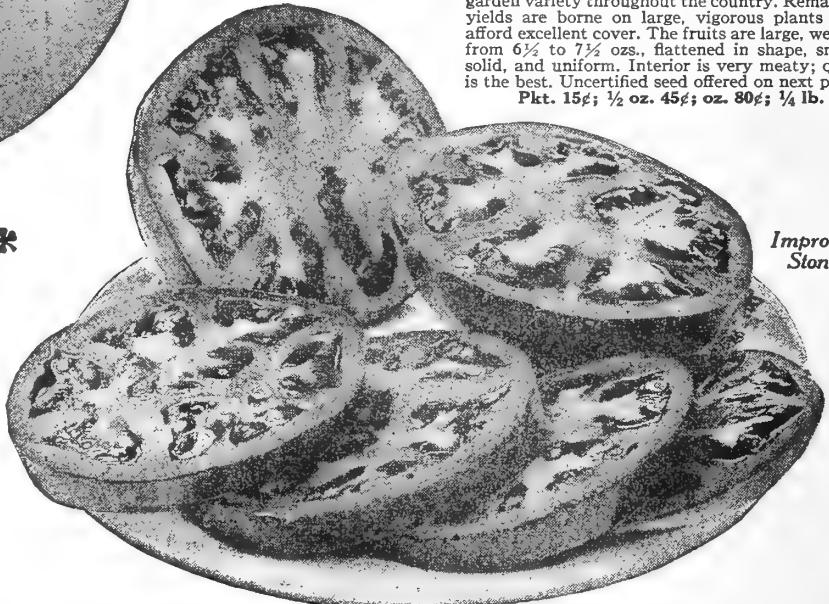
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

672C Improved Stone (Certified stock) *

(81 days) A large, bright red main-crop tomato which has remained in favor with growers of all classes for many years. It has long been an important canning and market garden variety throughout the country. Remarkable yields are borne on large, vigorous plants which afford excellent cover. The fruits are large, weighing from $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{1}{2}$ ozs., flattened in shape, smooth, solid, and uniform. Interior is very meaty; quality is the best. Uncertified seed offered on next page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

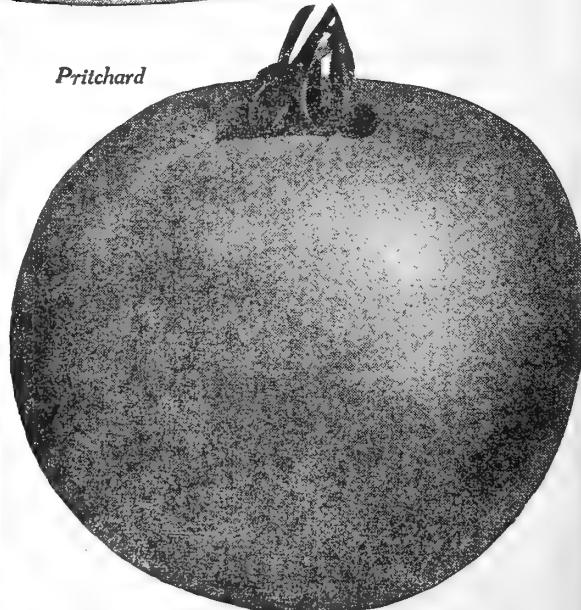
Improved Stone



Garden Guide

Sow seeds in a hotbed, greenhouse, or in shallow boxes in the house, 6 or 7 weeks before the usual time in your locality for setting out the plants. Make sowings in rows 4 to 6 in. apart and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. When the plants are about 2 in. high, transplant singly to 3-inch pots or into shallow boxes 4 in. apart each way. Transplant in the open ground, after all danger of frost is past, 3 to 4 ft. apart each way. Early maturing varieties may be sown directly outdoors after danger of frost, and the plants later thinned to stand 3 ft. apart. Cultivate frequently. A packet will produce about 300 plants; an oz. about 2,500 plants; 2 ozs. produce enough plants for an acre. Days to maturity are from the time the plants are set in the garden.

Pritchard



Many fine strains to choose from

Tomatoes

653C Rutgers (Certified stock) *

Remarkable for its large size and solidity (74 days)

Developed at the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. At present Rutgers is one of the foremost market and canning varieties in the entire country. Like most tomatoes of commercial importance, it is highly disease-resistant and practically free from the attacks of fusarium wilt. Plants are large and vigorous, with heavy stems and coarse, dark green leaves. Fruits average from $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. in weight, are globular in shape, slightly flattened, having well-rounded shoulders and a very small blossom-end scar. A most solid interior and heavy walls make it suitable for shipping. The brilliant red color and excellent quality meet the requirements for juice and canning. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

Rutgers
Certified

651 Maule's Earliest of All *

The favorite of all early tomatoes (56 days)

Maule's Earliest of All is the best early tomato for home gardens and market. Its extreme earliness is not its only merit, for the fruits are large, rich red in color, and extremely meaty. They do not crack, neither do they have a hard core. While they are a trifle irregular in shape, they are not rough.

This famous tomato was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1892, and in the half-century since then it has never been surpassed for earliness. Countless thousands of satisfied customers have grown this time-tested variety, and if you want a supremely fine tomato as well as the very first one in your neighborhood you must grow it, too.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.55.

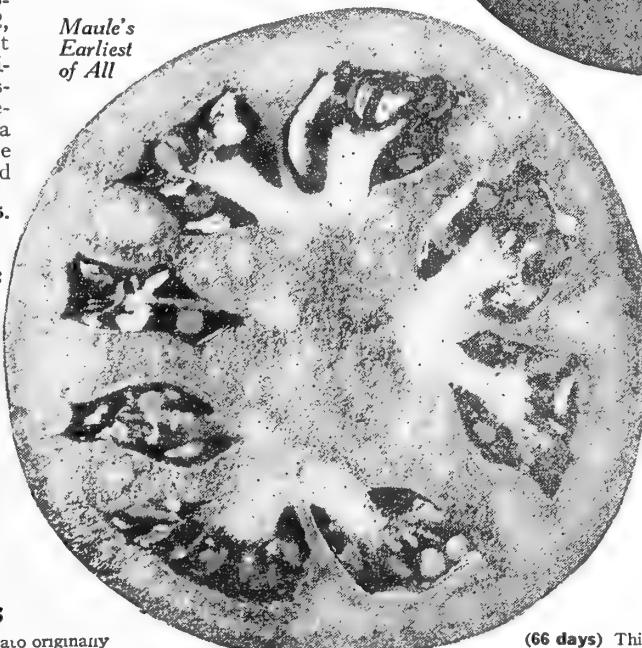
659C Greater Baltimore

(Certified Stock)

(78 days) One of the most highly colored of all tomatoes, and therefore particularly desirable for canning, local markets, and all household uses. A heavy producer of medium sized fruits which are uniform, remarkably free from cracks or ridges, and of delicious flavor. Large, spreading plants carry many branches and an abundance of rather small, bluish-green leaves. This tomato shows considerable resistance to heat and drought. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.40.

Maule's
Earliest
of All



656 Maule's Enormous

(83 days) The very largest deep red tomato originally introduced to the public by us. Maule's Enormous has made a record for both quality and quantity, while the beauty of the fruit makes it an easy and quick seller in all markets. The tomatoes are remarkably solid and firm. They are huge, delicious, and home garden favorites—the red duplicate of Ponderosa.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

Certified vs. Standard Seed

Certified seed is produced from crops inspected by officials of State Agricultural Departments and found true to name and free from disease. Our uncertified seed is produced from the same stock and under the same conditions but has not been inspected for certification. Customers who purchase the certified seed gain the benefit of inspection by an expert and disinterested third party in addition to our own breeders' and growers' work. Listed below are six varieties described elsewhere. If you wish to purchase uncertified standard seed use the numbers and prices shown here:

653 Rutgers

669 Marglobe

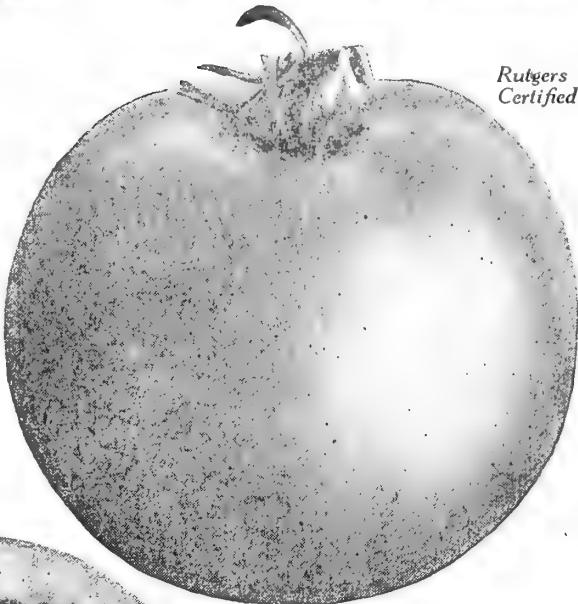
681 Pritchard

683 Bonny Best

672 Improved Stone

659 Greater Baltimore

Any of the above—Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.90.



730 Fordhook Hybrid

An innovation in breeding (60 days)

This is the first hybrid tomato placed on the market. It is about as early as Earliana, yet yields more fruits than any other tomato, regardless of maturity. The fruits are not large, weighing about 5 ozs., but they are of excellent globe shape, and superior to other early varieties in color, smoothness, and flavor. The plants grow with remarkable vigor, as expected in a first generation hybrid, and this free foliage growth protects the fruits from the sun. Wilt-resistant. See page 2 for more information.

In packets only Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.

683C Bonny Best

(Certified Stock)

(66 days) This second-early, scarlet-red tomato can be grown successfully in nearly all parts of this country. Matures early enough to be of value to northern growers, while its quality makes it a desirable variety in sections having long growing seasons. Grown not only by home and early market gardeners, but by greenhouse operators as well. Plants are of medium size and bear an abundance of smooth, deep fruit, weighing $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ozs. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

671 Oxheart

(86 days) Large size, distinct shape and perfect quality all combine to account for the popularity which Oxheart has attained. It is among the largest of all pink tomatoes; bears a truly enormous crop of solid-fleshed, heavy, heart-shaped fruits, the seed cavities of which have almost disappeared. Grown under good conditions fruits often weigh 2 lbs. or more.

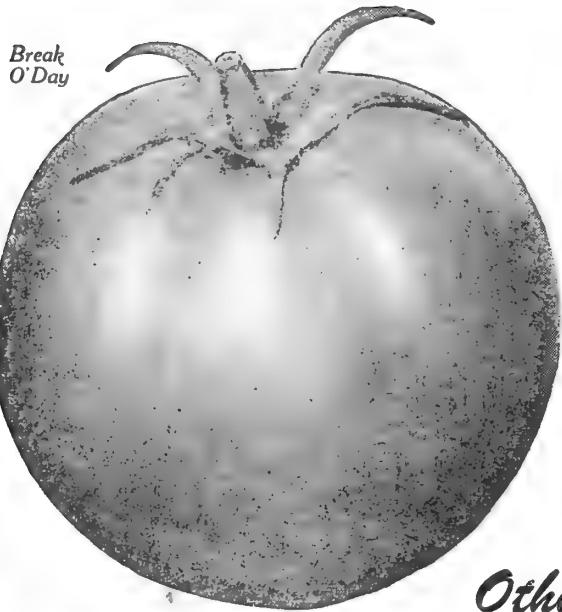
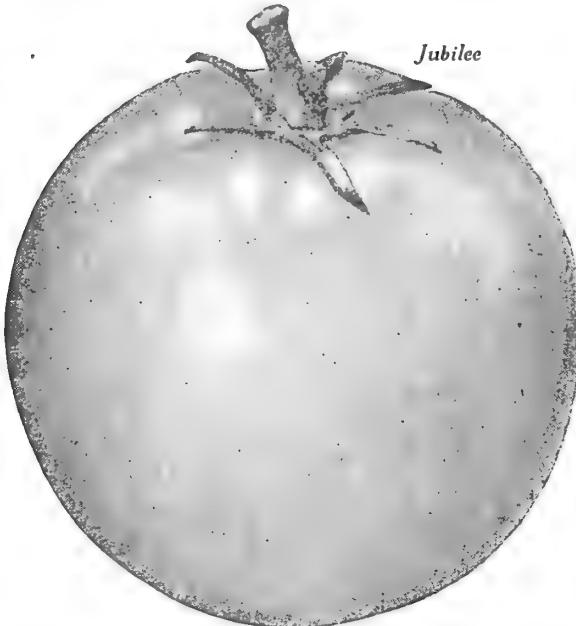
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.25.

660 John Baer

(66 days) The rich scarlet-red fruits are thick through and slightly flattened on top, extremely solid, with small seed cavities, and free from stringiness or fiber. They ripen early and produce a tremendous crop of beautiful fruits which are evenly colored all over.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.

More Tomatoes



655 Jubilee *

New, brilliant orange beauty

(72 days) Everybody everywhere likes Jubilee immensely, and so do we. It's the variety in our own garden, and it is being grown by increasing thousands of gardeners all over the country. We like Jubilee because of its appetizing, rich orange color, its smoothness, and its freedom from cracking. We like it because it's big—most of the fruits weigh $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. or more. But most of all, we like it because it's so solid and so downright good to eat. For slicing, canning and for juice it is the best we've seen. The plants are everything you could ask for—vigorous, leafy, large. Try Jubilee. You'll be glad you did.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.20.

682 Giant Ponderosa *

Extremely large; purplish; mild flavor (81 days)

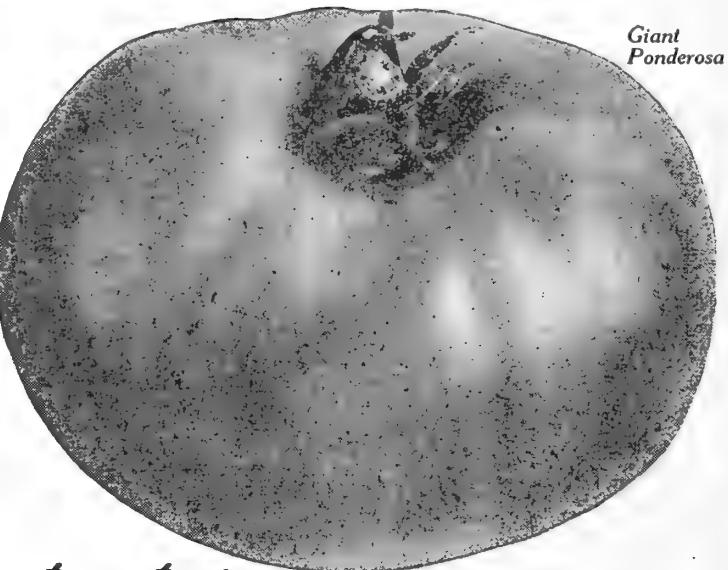
Although introduced many years ago, this attractive purplish-pink-colored tomato is today one of the most popular. Its vigorous vines undoubtedly produce the most gigantic tomatoes ever known, and in great profusion if the soil is not too rich. Ponderosa is essentially a home garden tomato and not suitable for shipping, but many owners of roadside stands have found it very profitable. Because of the fact that these tomatoes are so huge and are unobtainable through commercial channels, home gardeners can display them with genuine pride. Their flavor is mild and preferred by many people because of its low acidity.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25.

661 Break O'Day

(63 days) Break O'Day is the earliest wilt-resistant variety (except for the new Fordhook Hybrid), and among the earliest of all varieties, producing attractive, red, globe-shaped fruits which weigh from 6 to 7 ozs. each. They are of splendid quality and firm enough to stand long-distance shipping. Especially recommended for planting in rich and well-fertilized soils as it will not make an excessive vine growth.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.



Other tomatoes

If your favorite variety is not described in detail on this or the preceding catalog pages, you will probably find it listed below. The fact that these varieties are not given equal space with the others does not mean they are not as good, but simply that they are popular in special areas or for special purposes.

670 Penn State (62 days)

Very early, self-topping. Red globe fruits of excellent quality.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

666 Dwarf Stone (83 days)

Red-fruited dwarf tree tomato. Uses very little space but yields well.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

677 Pear-Shaped Yellow (Preserving Type)

Extremely prolific; yields many small fruits which make wonderful marmalade.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.60.

301 Improved Ground Cherry (90 days from seed)

Ask for free recipes for Ground Cherries including cultural instructions.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.20.

658 Spark's Earliana (58 days)

A fine, productive earliest red tomato of many years standing.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.60.

664 Matchless (73 days)

The finest deep red color. Large size and long keeping quality.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.40.

685 Grothen's Globe (68 days)

A darker red-colored Break O'Day with uniformly red fruits.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

662 June Pink (60 days)

Bright pink fruits; Earliana type with somewhat flattened shape.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

668 Gulf State Market (73 days)

Pink skinned; good for Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

406 Dixie Queen *

Nearly round; very large (88 days)

Vigorous grower, with large, nearly round melons of uniform size and shape; skin is greenish ivory striped with dark green. Flesh is deep red, crisp and of the finest flavor; it is good clear to the rind, which is thin but tough. Small white seeds. 15 in. long, 12 in. across; weight, 30 to 35 lbs.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.60.

399 Stone Mountain *

The famous Dixie Belle melon; extra large (90 days)

The melons are nearly round, blunt at the ends; skin is grayish green; flesh is deep scarlet, of excellent quality, delightful flavor, and without any white hearts or stringiness. Average size melons weigh about 30 lbs. The rind is thin, with flesh edible right down to it. It's a beauty in anybody's garden.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

409 Golden Sweet

Attractive golden flesh (90 days)

Large, oblong shaped melons with dark green skin and luscious *golden yellow flesh* which is unbelievably sweet flavored. It is equal to any of the red-fleshed varieties; many gardeners believe it is superior. You'll be delighted with Golden Sweet.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

Panmure All-Heart



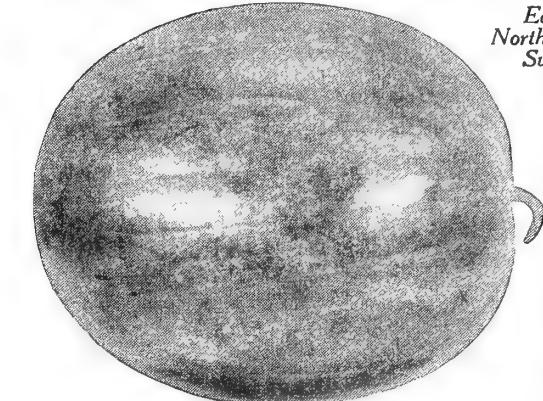
387 Maule's Panmure All-Heart *

The sweetest red watermelon (85 days)

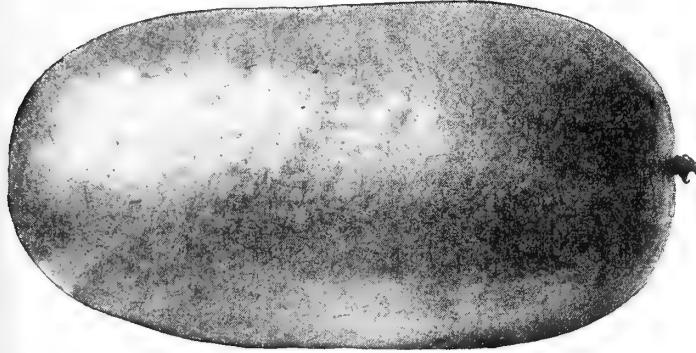
A famous Maule specialty. Long, heavy fruits, with faint mottling on a dark green, thin, tough rind. The flavor is grand, and the red flesh is so firm it appears to be all heart. The fruit has the advantage of possessing very small seeds, further increasing its attractiveness.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

Early Northern Sweet



Stone Mountain



Maule's Improved Kleckley's Sweet

404 Maule's Improved Kleckley's Sweet *

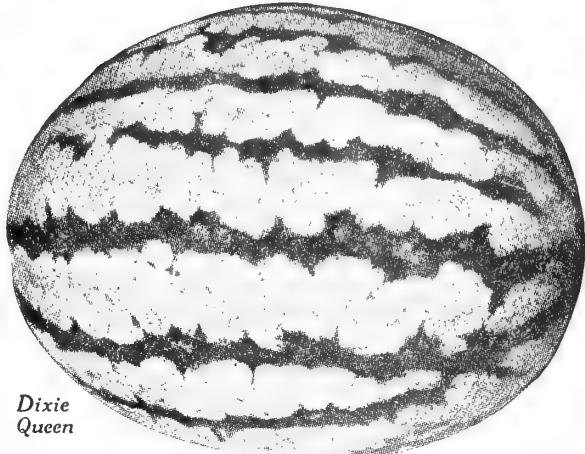
(90 days) Large, dark green, oblong shaped melons, 20 in. long, with dark green skin shaded with faint stripes of a lighter green. Flesh is bright scarlet, sweet and solid. Altogether a handsome melon; its tough rind makes it able to stand rough handling.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

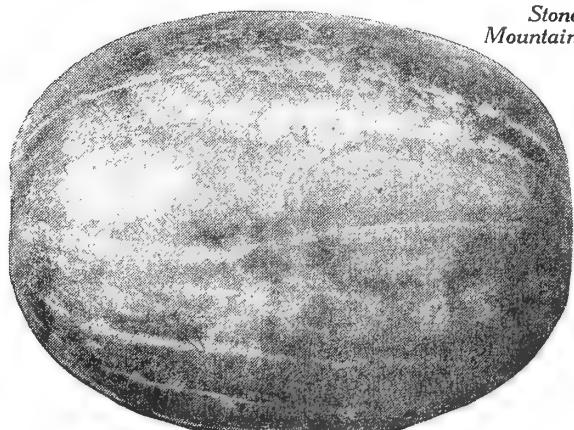
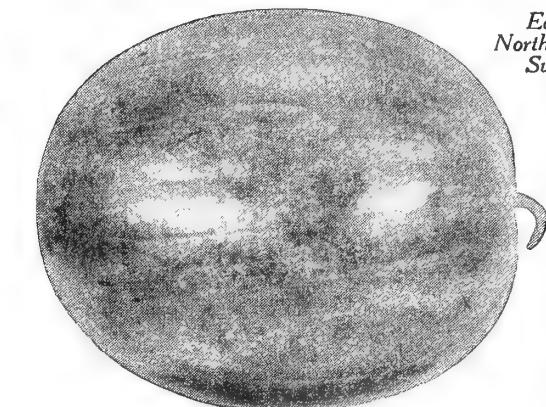
Planting Guide

A rich, warm, sandy soil is the ideal for raising melons; they respond well to fertilizer. Sow the seed when the ground has become warm, placing 6 to 8 seeds in slightly raised hills. Hills should be 8 ft. apart, and thinned to 2 or 3 plants per hill. Cover the seed 1 in. deep. Packets plant 10 hills, ounces 30 hills. Keep up cultivation as long as possible. Largest watermelons can be raised by permitting only one or two fruits to ripen on each vine.

Watermelons



Dixie Queen



393 Kleckley's Sweet

(90 days) Attractive oblong shape with a dark green rind. The flesh is scarlet, very firm, crisp, and of unequalled quality. Recommended for home gardens, since while the thin rind makes it wonderful for eating it is not tough enough to stand shipping.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;

1/4 lb. 75¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.30.

418 Mixed Watermelons

Many varieties (78 to 90 days)

Many varieties in a grand mixture; a choice collection of delicious flavored melons of different shapes from the earliest to the latest ripening over a long period.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;

1/4 lb. 60¢; 1/2 lb. \$1.10.

Maule's Famous Lawn Grass Mixtures



891 Maule's Extra Quality Mixture

Produces a permanent velvety green, deep-rooted sod that presents a good appearance spring, summer and fall. It is made up of grasses that are at their best at different periods and thus a lasting and permanent effect is obtained. It is entirely free from grasses that form clumps. Contains a small percentage of the expensive White Dutch Clover in order to still further thicken the sod.

1/2 lb.	40¢	lb.	70¢	2 lbs.	\$1.30	5 lbs.	\$3.00	10 lbs.	\$5.75	15 lbs.	\$8.50	25 lbs.	\$14.00	50 lbs.	\$27.00	100 lbs. or more @ 52¢ per lb.
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885 Shady Lawn Mixture

This grass mixture will help you do away with unsightly bare spots in shaded areas, since the grasses in this mixture grow naturally in semi-shaded places.

1/4 lb.	40¢	lb.	75¢	2 lbs.	\$1.45	5 lbs.	\$3.50	10 lbs.	\$6.75	15 lbs.	\$9.75	25 lbs.	\$15.75	50 lbs.	\$31.00	100 lbs. or more @ 61¢ per lb.
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797 White Dutch Clover

For extra thick turf sow separately $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for each 2 lbs. of grass seed.

1/4 lb.	45¢	1/2 lb.	85¢	lb.	\$1.65	2 lbs.	\$3.10	5 lbs.	\$7.50	10 lbs.	\$14.50	15 lbs.	\$21.25	25 lbs.	\$33.75	
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Soil Soaker

The most convenient, efficient, economical way to irrigate

A revolutionary new way of watering lawns, shrubs, trees and gardens. It has many advantages over hose or sprinklers, and most important is the fact that it does a much better job of putting the right amount of water where it is needed, and no place else.

This apparatus is a canvas tube 2 in. in diameter with a regular hose attachment at one end and the other end closed. When water is turned into the tube it fills and seeps freely from every pore in the cloth. The water does not run off, even on steep slopes, but soaks right down into the ground exactly where you want it. It releases 20% more water than sprinklers with about 25% saving in water due to less evaporation, runoff, etc. Never wets foliage.

The worst thing about watering a lawn or garden has been the danger of insufficient depth of soaking to help the plants. With the Soil Soaker you can't miss doing the job right. One of the best garden accessories we know of.

52x20 Soil Soaker, 12 ft. length, each \$1.40
52x22 Soil Soaker, 30 ft. length, each \$2.90

Grass seed simply scattered on the ground is almost always wasted. To start a new lawn prepare the soil just like a garden, allow it to settle for a week or two, then rake it thoroughly to create a very fine seed bed. The use of a lawn roller is desirable in order to smooth and firm the soil. An application of lime may be made if the soil is acid; fertilizer may be needed, but do not apply at the same time as lime. Wait for a week before you sow seed.

When you sow the seed, scatter it evenly over the entire area, using about 1 lb. to each 200 sq. ft. Rake the area lightly after the seeds are sown in order to cover them. Then roll the lawn with a very light roller to make the soil compact around the seeds. Seed should not be planted while the soil is very wet, but only when it is moist. It may be necessary to water the lawn thoroughly with a very fine spray several times after planting. Do not cut grass until it is 3 or 4 in. tall. Do not remove lawn clippings. Early spring or fall are the best times to plant grass, but with frequent and thorough watering a lawn may be started during the summer as well.

884 Quick Results Mixture

A beautiful effect in the shortest time possible. Besides the grasses which make a speedy start we have included enough seed of others to insure permanent results. Particularly useful for late spring and summer sowing.

1/2 lb.	30¢	lb.	50¢	2 lbs.	95¢	5 lbs.	\$2.25	10 lbs.	\$4.25	15 lbs.	\$5.70	25 lbs.	\$9.25	50 lbs.	\$18.00	100 lbs. or more @ 35¢ per lb.
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52x01 Insecticide Duster

For use with Rotenone, DDT, or other garden insecticides. This duster is of fine construction with a long metal tube and nozzle designed to get the dust under the leaves where it does the most good. Very economical of dust, and easy to operate.

Each, \$1.60.

52x44 Vegetable Gardening Book

A book that answers all your gardening questions

Here, at last, is a reasonably priced book that gives you all the answers. The dean of the College of Agriculture at Rutgers University says, "It is gratifying to greet a book like this, intensely practical, simple yet comprehensive. . . ." Novice or old timer alike will find this book a reliable guide. It treats more than 60 vegetables and herbs in minute detail, giving down-to-earth, complete information about planting, tending, protecting from disease and insects, harvesting, storage, vitamin content, the amount you need per person, and a host of other facts. The best book of its kind ever published.

Price, only 25¢.

Another book, of special interest to flower growers, is described fully on page 66. From a long list we have chosen this one as the best, at a reasonable price.

Fertilizer

52x27 Bone Meal

Nitrogen immediately available, 3%; phosphorus available for several years, 20%. Provides long term enrichment, is absolutely safe, and does not render soil acid.

Below ceiling price 5 lbs. 50¢.

Below ceiling price 5 lbs. 45¢.

52x10 Mexogen

Many parts of the east and south are visited annually by hordes of Mexican Bean Beetles which form a serious hazard for all bean crops except soy beans. Mexogen is a spray concentrate specifically designed to combat this pest. It kills the adult, larvae, and eggs. Nonpoisonous to humans. *Ceiling prices ½ pt. 85¢; 1 qt. \$2.20.*

52x51 Black Leaf 40

The most effective control over aphids, as well as other soft-bodied insects. This is a solution containing 40% nicotine sulphate. Dilute at the rate of one teaspoonful to a gallon of water. *Ceiling prices 1 oz. 40¢; 5 ozs. \$1.10; 1 lb. \$2.50.*

52x36 Hammond's Slug Shot

An old-time standard bug killer, improved with new ingredients to make it a fungicide as well. Good for controlling Mexican Bean Beetles as well as many other insects. Contains sulphur, nicotine, calcium arsenate, and other effective chemicals. May be used either as dust or spray. This compound is poisonous and vegetables should be washed thoroughly if dust is placed on them. *Ceiling prices 1 lb. sifter-top carton 40¢; 5 lbs. \$1.25.*



Used to lengthen the growing season, obtain extremely early crops, and protect young plants from wind, beating rain, hail, insects, and frost. The reinforced wax paper plant covers are actually miniature greenhouses forcing tender plants ahead at top speed during the uncertain spring weather. The 100 and 250 size packages contain fiberboard setters.

25 Hotkaps and a cardboard setter 65¢; **100 Hotkaps** \$2.20; **250 for \$3.90.**

52x04 Rootone

This hormone powder, containing the most widely effective plant hormones known, stimulates the formation of roots on cuttings and hastens the germination of seed. Just dust your seed with Rootone powder or dip cuttings in the powder before planting. You will be pleasantly surprised at the strong, sturdy roots and superior vigor that result.

¼ oz. package 25¢; 2 oz. jar \$1.00.

52x05 Transplantone

Transplantone contains the safest and most widely effective plant hormones, together with such vitamins as C and B₁ that are effective in assisting root development. You can move plants with less wilt or the usual setback after transplanting. This means earlier flowering on some plants and earlier crops on vegetables such as tomatoes and peppers.

½ oz. package 25¢; 3 ozs. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$4.00.

Insecticides

52x29 Sheep Manure

Quick acting natural fertilizer provided in a finely pulverized condition. Better than horse manure and much easier to handle. Contains nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash.

Below ceiling price 5 lbs. 45¢.

52x30 PlanTabbs

A complete fertilizer in tablet form. Clean, odorless, and safe. Original 11-15-20 prewar high concentration formula now available.

*Ceiling prices
30 tablets 25¢; 75 for 50¢;
200 for \$1.00; 1000 for \$3.50.*

52x54 Vigoro

A balanced plant food that supplies the necessary minerals to make good crops. Five pounds fertilize about 125 sq. ft. Popular 5-10-5 formula suits most gardening needs.

Ceiling price 5 lbs. 75¢.

New!

**in 3 combinations
on page 66**

52x39 Rotenone

Rotenone is by all odds the most versatile and effective garden insecticide on the market. Our stock is called Hammond's Stabilized 75 Dust. It contains nothing but rotenone, rotenone by-products, and inert ingredients, so it is perfectly harmless to plants and humans, but deadly to insects. A few insects, like the squash bug, are immune to all insecticides, but rotenone kills all the garden pests you can hope to control, and is the best general insecticide you can buy. *Ceiling prices 1 lb. canister 45¢; 5 lbs. \$1.25.*

52x40 B-B Dust

A rotenone and sulphur compound used as dust or spray, and positively the most effective control for Mexican Bean Beetles. Many gardeners consider this combination to be the best for general dusting or spraying. The fact that 15% of the dust is sulphur makes the application also useful in the control of fungoid diseases. There are no poisonous ingredients in this dust which will harm humans who eat vegetables treated with it. Used with an efficient duster like the one described on the opposite page, a single bag is usually sufficient for an entire season in the average garden.

Ceiling price 5 lb. bag \$1.10.

52x15 Red Arrow

A highly concentrated solution, the principal basis being the powerful rotenone. This solution is the one to use if you prefer to spray instead of dust rotenone in your garden. During the war synthetics were used in its manufacture, but it is back to full killing power now. Nonpoisonous.

Ceiling prices 1 oz. bottle 40¢; 4 ozs. \$1.25.

Garden Supplies

52x37 Hotkaps

Used to lengthen the growing season, obtain extremely early crops, and protect young plants from wind, beating rain, hail, insects, and frost. The reinforced wax paper plant covers are actually miniature greenhouses forcing tender plants ahead at top speed during the uncertain spring weather. The 100 and 250 size packages contain fiberboard setters.

25 Hotkaps and a cardboard setter 65¢; **100 Hotkaps** \$2.20; **250 for \$3.90.**

52x58 Semesan

The first step in making your seed planting successful. Semesan is a mercury compound for the treatment of seeds. May be used either dry or in solution to prevent damping off and to control many seed and soil-borne diseases.

Garden packet 12¢.

52x56 Legume Aid

An inoculant for garden beans (including soy beans), peas, and lima beans. These bacteria cause nodules to form on the roots of these crops, fixing nitrogen from the air, and increasing both the plant's vigor and the fertility of the soil.

Garden packet 12¢.

52x26 Molegen

A safe, effective preparation for the elimination of moles. It is a powdered bait simply placed at intervals in the mole tunnels. Quick acting. Sure.

½ lb. can 60¢; 1½ lbs. \$1.50.

52x02 Misty Sprayer

A handy and efficient hand pump sprayer with 1 qt. capacity. This implement is sturdily made of galvanized metal, and should last for many years.

75¢ each.

52x43 Large Sprayer

An excellent large garden sprayer with a 4-gallon capacity. Operates by compressed air, throwing a thick, fog-like spray. Made of galvanized metal. Includes carrying strap, right length hose, and angled nozzle. We have a limited supply at \$7.00 each.

Flowering Bulbs

AVAILABLE ONLY FROM JANUARY TO MAY

The flowering bulbs and roots offered on this and the next page are a veritable treasure house of wonderful plants. Since the initial work is already done in bringing the bulbs to blooming size what you actually do when you plant them is to reap the beautiful harvest of skilled growers' efforts. Whether for indoor or outdoor culture, full directions for growing accompany each shipment. Everything is postpaid.



Regal Lily (Regale)

Large, trumpet-shaped, white blooms marked canary-yellow in the throat; outside shaded lilac-pink. One of the most beautiful and most popular of all. With the fragrance of Jasmine, the long regal blooms are borne freely in whorls atop strong, 3 to 5 ft. stems. Very easy to grow. Blooms late June and July.

72B32 Large Bulbs for the most flowers.
40¢ each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.75.

72B31 Medium-Sized Bulbs Guaranteed to bloom.
3 bulbs for only 35¢;
12 for \$1.20; 100 for \$8.50.

Dahlia Roots

From a long list of dahlias we have selected those listed because of their strong growing habits and free flowering qualities. Whether you select the large-flowered Decorative, or Cactus, or the small-flowered Pompon varieties, you will find that they are all lovely in the garden and fine for cutting.

INFORMAL DECORATIVE

Broad, thick flowers with loosely arranged petals.

76B30 Clara Carder The largest of the pinks. Clear cyclamen-pink. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

76B69 Jane Cowl Buff and salmon shades. Immense beautiful blooms. 40¢ each; 3 for \$1.05.

77B40 Margaret W. Wilson Creamy white shaded pink. 35¢ each; 3 for 90¢.

77B61 Palo Alto Soft apricot-buff suffused coral red. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

77B60 Prince of Persia The color of the huge flowers is clear scarlet-red. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

77B99 Collection

5 Roots—One each of the above 5 Dahlias (value \$2.55) for only.... \$2.00

POMPON OR LILLIPUT

Smallest of all dahlias and most free blooming.

76B08 Amber Queen Apricot shade.

76B45 Dee Dee Lovely lavender.

76B48 Morning Mist White tipped lavender.

76B68 Golden Queen Rich yellow.

76B79 Joe Fette Pure white. Profuse.

77B20 Mary Munns Rich fuchsia-red.

77B95 Collection

6 Roots—One each of the above 6 Pompons (value \$2.10) for only.... \$1.75

77B96 Bargain Collection

If you will leave the selection to us, we will send you 6 different named, large-flowered dahlias, each labeled, 6 roots in all (our choice), for only.... \$1.50

Hardy Garden Lily Bulbs

Lilies are easily grown in any good, well-drained garden soil, and when once established will increase in beauty each year. Lily bulbs differ greatly in size according to variety; some are 1 in. across, others 3 in. or more. We supply the sizes that will give the best results. In planting, a general rule to follow is, cover bulbs with soil to the depth of three times their greatest diameter. Complete cultural instructions accompany all bulb shipments.

72B36 Collection of Four Showy Hardy Garden Lilies

Included are one bulb each of—**Superbum**, **Canadense**, **Coral Lily**, and large size **Regal Lily** (4 bulbs in all, value \$1.40) for only..... \$1.00

72B30 Philadelphicum (Flame Lily)

Brilliant orange-scarlet upright blossoms with large, dark maroon spots. The plants grow 1½ to 3 ft. tall. Plant in partial shade.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

72B41 Superbum (American Turk's Cap)

Brilliant orange-scarlet shaded yellow and spotted with purplish crimson at the base; red anthers. 5 to 6 ft. tall. Blooms from July until September. Grows anywhere.

30¢ each; 3 for 80¢; 12 for \$2.75.

74B99 Surprise Collection of Bulbs

This is your opportunity to secure, at a real bargain price, some excellent high-priced bulbs of our selection. Each spring we have a surplus of certain varieties which we put into this collection. Send us your order for this assortment early, and we will send you 75 bulbs, our selection, all properly labeled, as soon as possible **after May 1** for only..... \$3.00.

72B42 Canadense (Canadian Lily) Lovely bright orange, bell-shaped flowers 3 in. across marked with purplish black and having rich red anthers, borne in graceful, drooping clusters during late June and July. 3 ft. high.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

72B43 Carolinianum A showy lily with slender stems bearing reflexed orange-scarlet flowers spotted maroon. Likes a well-drained situation and blooms during July and August. One of the few lilies with fragrance. 2 to 3 ft.

30¢ each; 3 for \$1.35; 12 for \$5.00.

72B44 Concolor (Star Lily) An excellent rock garden lily, 12 to 18 in. tall, with one to six dainty, erect, star-shaped flowers varying in color from scarlet-orange to reddish-orange with maroon spots. The charming little blossoms are only 1½ in. long. Blooms during June and July.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

72B27 Coral Lily (Tenuifolium) Graceful, nodding, coral-red flowers with petals beautifully reflexed. Grow 1½ to 2 ft. tall, bloom in June and July, and are most desirable in borders or rock gardens. The most brilliantly colored lily of all. Plant in a sunny location.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

Strong Divisions of Field Grown Clumps

FORMAL DECORATIVE

Large, heavy blooms with broad, straight, regularly arranged petals of much substance. Good keepers.

76B10 Avalon Light lemon-yellow; popular.

76B70 Jean Kerr Pure white; very profuse.

76C74 Jersey's Beauty Luminous chamois-pink.

76B83 Kentucky Light salmon-orange.

77B24 Mrs. I de Ver Warner Mauve pink.

Any of the above five: 35¢ each; 3 for 90¢.

76B73 Jersey's Beacon Dazzling Chinese scarlet.

77B50 Jersey's Triumph Copper flushed bronze.

Either of these two: 45¢ each; 3 for \$1.20.

76B32 Coral Beauty Lovely coral-pink.

77B73 Salmon Supreme Salmon - orange - pink.

77B67 Red Eagle Very vivid red.

77B85 White Supreme Long stems.

Any of the above four: 50¢ each; 3 for \$1.35.

77B83 Wm. H. Hogan Garnet red tipped white.

77B71 Ruby Taylor A lovely carmine.

77B74 Sultan of Hillcrest Yellow and pink.

Any of the above three: 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

76B14 Bauers Ideal Glowing deep red.

76B13 Blue River Very deep bluish lilac.

76B15 Picardy Pink and gold.

Any of the above three: 75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10.

76B16 White Victory White flushed lavender.

85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35.

77B94 Special Collection Distinct Formal Decorative Dahlias

5 Roots—One each of **Salmon Supreme**,

White Supreme, **Kentucky**, **Avalon**, and

Wm. H. Hogan (value \$2.30) for only.....

\$1.75



Jersey's Beauty

CACTUS AND SEMI-CACTUS DAHLIAS

Most graceful and artistic of dahlias. The true Cactus have narrow rolled petals while the petals of the Semi-Cactus are broader, twisted, with the ends rolled together.

C = Cactus; S. C. = Semi-Cactus.

76B50 Shower of Gold (C) Gold and amber flowers. Well shaped and large flowered.

85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35.

76B47 Dancing Sultana (C) An oriental red. Vigorous.

60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

77B36 Golden Harvest (S. C.) Extra large, light yellow flowers. Very choice. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10.

76B80 Jean Trimbee (S. C.) Beautiful petunia violet color.

75¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

77B05 Snow Boy (C) Large pure white. Unusually charming. Prolific bloomer. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65.

77B98 Special Collection

5 Roots—One each of the above 5 named Cactus and Semi-Cactus Dahlias (value \$3.40) for only.....

\$3.00

Amaryllis

70B04 Giant American Hybrids Huge flowers carried on strong stems. Mixture contains self-colors, as well as penciled varieties. Not hardy. 55¢ each; 3 for \$1.50; 12 for \$5.75.

Anemone—Windflower

Long, stiff-stemmed, showy flowers in many charming colors. Blooms outdoors in May and June. Prefers warm soil and sheltered location. Hardy in mild climates. Fine for pots. 1 ft.

70B08 De Caen, Single Poppy-Flowered Wide range of colors. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 70¢; 100 for \$4.75.

70B09 St. Brigid An extra choice mixture of semi-double and double flowers in many showy colors. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 90¢; 100 for \$6.50.

Caladium

Attractive foliage plants of fine decorative value. While Fancy Leaved is for both indoors and outdoors, Esculentum is for garden only. Not hardy.

70B38 Fancy Leaved Richly colored and marked foliage in combinations of red, green, and white. In many plants the leaf veins are of a contrasting color. 35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

70B36 Esculentum (Elephant's Ear) Enormous rich green leaves often measuring 2½ to 3 ft. long and 2 ft. wide. Succeeds in deeply spaded rich garden soil exposed to the full sun. 25¢ each; 3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50.

Montbretia

72B55 Mixed Like a small gladiolus in shape, the gay flowers come in shades of yellow, salmon, orange and scarlet in mixture. Fine for cutting. Not hardy. 2 ft. tall. 3 for 30¢; 12 for \$1.00; 100 for \$7.50.

78B67 Bagdad Smoky old rose. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B05 Betty Snow Rosy lavender with lighter throat. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

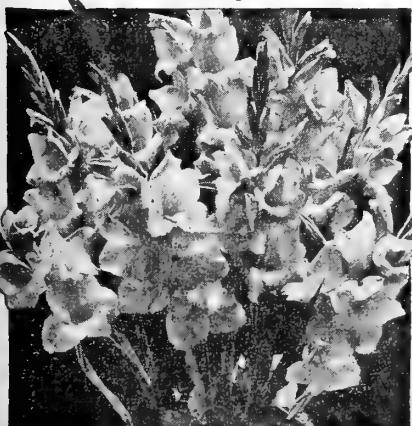
78B68 Betty Nuthall Glowing orange-pink. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B70 Debonair La France-pink shading to shrimp pink with creamy mark in throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B50 Dr. F. E. Bennett Fiery orange-scarlet. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B53 Giant Nymph Light rose-pink with creamy throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

Picardy



Callas

70B40 White (Ethiopica) Large white flowers of cornucopia form sometimes wrongly called lilies. Plant roots singly in pots of quite rich soil, provide good drainage, and water freely while in active growth. Easily grown; fine for cutting. Not hardy. 40¢ each; 3 for \$1.10; 12 for \$3.60.

70B42 Golden Yellow (Elliottiana) Bright golden yellow flowers produced freely on long, sturdy stems. Although not quite so large flowering as the white, it will be found of great decorative value, the attractive yellow flowers standing out in bold contrast to the lovely, showy, variegated green and white foliage. Plant one root to a pot. Not hardy. 35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.

Oxalis

Bloom all summer; the plants are fine for borders, rock gardens, pots and hanging baskets. Not hardy.

72B62 Lasiandra Rosy crimson.

72B66 Pink (Shamrock foliage)

72B64 White (Deppei)

Any of the above 3 colors of Oxalis: 12 for 25¢; 100 for \$1.50.

Tuberose

74B18 Excelsior, Dwarf Pearl Large double white flowers with a rich, heavy fragrance. Closely set on heavy, upright spikes. Make a nice showing in the garden and highly prized for cutting. Do best in a well-drained soil and sunny, somewhat sheltered warm location. Not hardy. Because of State law, we regret we are unable to ship tuberose bulbs to California. 3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.20; 100 for \$8.50.

Gladiolus Bulbs

Lovely to plant in beds, borders or groups here and there in annual or perennial plantings. Ideal for house decoration. Cut spikes when the lowest flower shows color, and all the others on the spike clear to the top will open. Plant bulbs every 2 or 3 weeks up to July 1 for a succession of bloom.

78B66 Anna Eberius Deep velvety purple—a most unusual color. Many open at one time. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B67 Bagdad Smoky old rose. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B05 Betty Snow Rosy lavender with lighter throat. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B68 Betty Nuthall Glowing orange-pink. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B70 Debonair La France-pink shading to shrimp pink with creamy mark in throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B50 Dr. F. E. Bennett Fiery orange-scarlet. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B53 Giant Nymph Light rose-pink with creamy throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

79B22 Special Collection

14 Bulbs—One each of **14 of the named Gladiolus offered here, our selection (each labeled)**, for only 95¢

78B25 Golden Dream Deep golden yellow. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 70¢; 100 for \$5.00.

78B62 Maid of Orleans Milky white with cream throat. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B63 Minuet Clear, light, pinkish lavender. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B69 Morocco Extremely dark, velvety red, sometimes almost black. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B56 Mrs. Leon Douglas Bright begonia-rose striped soft orange-scarlet. Immense spikes. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B59 Mrs. Van Konynenburg Clear lilac-blue. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B65 Picardy Apricot-pink huge flowers. One of the finest. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B73 Purple Glory Ruffled velvety maroon-red. 3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$8.00.

78B77 Red Phipps Light red flowers; long spikes. 3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$8.00.

78B86 W. H. Phipps La France-pink striped salmon. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00.

78B87 Maule's Extra Fine Mixed, All Colors The choicest large-flowered varieties. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

78B89 Mixture, Primulinus Varieties Many colors. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00.

79B16 Collection

15 Bulbs—Three each **Golden Dream, Maid of Orleans, Picardy, Minuet, and Red Phipps** (value \$1.50) for \$1.10

Tuberous Rooted Begonias

Grown in pots, the plants will bloom for many weeks during the spring and early summer. Planted outdoors, in a half-shady position, they will flower continuously until frost. Not hardy.

70B50 Frilled and Crested Mixed

Flowers of largest size in many exquisite colors. Some have attractively frilled and ruffled edges, others have a distinct, cushion-like center.

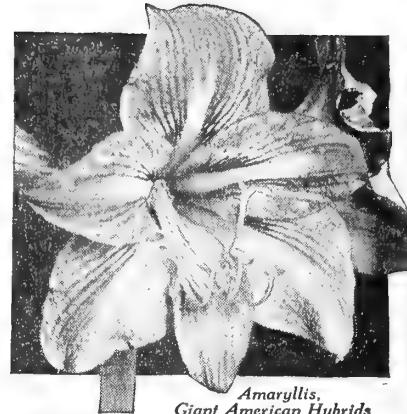
3 for 75¢; 12 for \$2.75.

Double Flowering

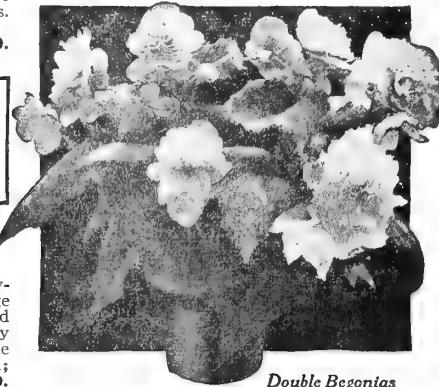
70B45 Pink Any of these: **70B46 Salmon** 35¢ each; **70B48 Scarlet** 3 for 95¢; **70B47 Yellow** 12 for \$3.50.

70B44 Mixed Colors Fine double blooms in all colors. Free blooming.

3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50.



Amaryllis,
Giant American Hybrids



Double Begonias

Canna Roots

Cannas are most showy flowering plants. Their tall, stately growth and their bold colorful blooms make them a foremost bedding plant for tall groups. We send out dormant 2-to-3-eye root divisions. We suggest starting them early indoors, setting the plants out when soil has become warm.

75B15 City of Portland Exquisite, large, rich pink blooms; green foliage. 3½ ft. tall.

75B29 Eureka Creamy white flowers of heavy texture. 4½ ft.

75B35 Hungaria Magnificent rose-pink; green foliage. 3½ ft.

75B50 King Humbert Velvety orange-scarlet, tinted rose; bronzy red leaves with a metallic iridescence. Height, 4½ ft.

75B60 Mrs. Alfred F. Conard Exquisite bright salmon-pink. Most attractive. Height, 4½ ft.

75B75 The President The finest, largest, and most wonderful red canna ever offered. The rich glowing red flowers are of unusually heavy substance. Green foliage. 4 ft. tall.

75B88 Wyoming A bronze or dark-leaved canna with rich orange flowers borne on fine stately stems. 6 ft. tall.

75B89 Yellow King Humbert Deep golden yellow, attractively blotched, striped, or dotted bright scarlet; green foliage. 4 ft.

Any of the above eight:

25¢ each; 3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50.

75B90 Many Varieties Mixed Included are the finest types and colors, all producing exquisite flowers on stately plants.

3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50.

79B01 Special Collection

All 8 Named Showy Cannas

8 Roots—One root each of the above 8 named varieties (value \$2.00) for only \$1.50

NOTE

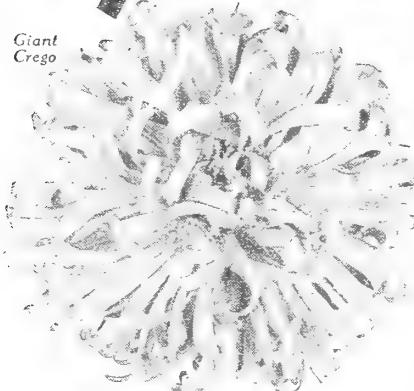
All flower varieties listed are annuals unless labeled otherwise. They bloom and die in one season. Perennials, which are hardy, permanent flowers that bloom for years, are marked (perennial) wherever they appear. Those marked biennial do not bloom until the second year from seed, after which they die.

Flowers

Giant
Branching



Giant
Crego



Giant Crego

Midseason. Large blooms, 4 to 5 in. across, with long, ribbon-like, gracefully curled and twisted petals, giving them a chrysanthemum-like appearance. Flowers are carried on long, strong stems which make them ideal for cutting. The plants flower for several weeks during midseason. 2 ft.

1031 Blue W. R. 1036 Pink W. R.
1034 Crimson W. R. 1047 Violet W. R.
1035 Rose W. R. 1038 White W. R.
1039 Mixed Colors W. R. A careful blending of the above and other colors; lovely for cutting.

Any of the above Giant Crego Asters:

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 55¢.

4127 Giant Crego Wilt Resistant Aster Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above six separate colors (value 60¢) for only 45¢



Extra Early Navy Blue

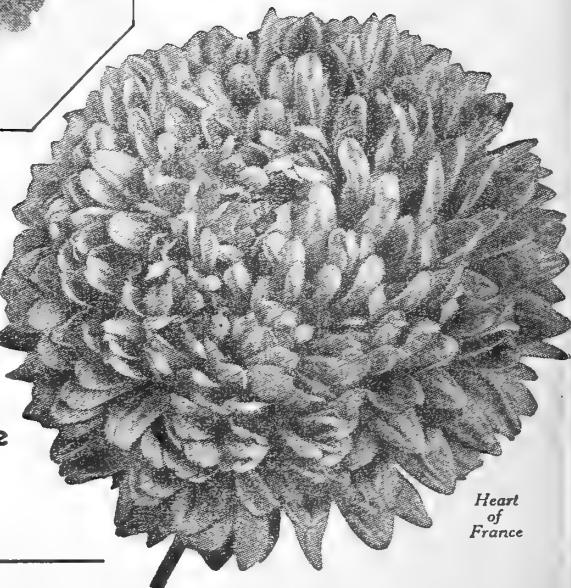
983 Extra Early Navy Blue

A new extra-early, giant flowered aster; rather close in form to that of the Giant Crego type. The flowers are large, about 4 in. in diameter, with long, ribbon-like, beautifully curled, twisted, and interlaced petals of a rich, luminous, deep velvety purple-blue color. Plants grow about 20 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70¢.

1115 Heart of France

W.R. Midseason. Deep, rich glowing red unlike any other red aster. Flowers are of good size, fully double and borne on long, strong stems. Fine for cutting; 15 to 18 in. tall. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70¢.



Heart
of
France

Asters

With its many and varied forms, its wide range of color, and its real beauty, the aster is deservedly one of the most popular flowers we have. By planting early, midseason and late varieties you may have asters from June to frost. **W. R.** means Wilt Resistant—resistant to the destructive wilt disease. We offer all that have been bred so far, and will add more as they are developed. Asters bloom from three to five months after seed is sown, varying with the variety and the climate. By starting the seed indoors 6 weeks before outdoor planting time, earlier blooms may be had. Give your asters rich, well-drained soil, plenty of moisture and sunshine, and they will repay you. The location of the aster bed should be changed every year for best results.

Giant Branching

This excellent strain blooms from midseason to frost, growing more lovely in size and color of blossom up to the very end. Flowers are fully double, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in. across, with somewhat incurved petals. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall, branch freely, producing stems often 2 ft. long. We are pleased to be able to offer below wilt resistant strains of six choice colors.

1091 Azure Blue W. R. 1090 Scarlet W. R.

1094 Purple W. R. 1095 Shell-Pink W. R.

1098 Light Rose W. R. 1096 White W. R.

Any of the above: Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.

1097 Mixed Colors W. R. Most superb blend of many fine colors.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 55¢.

4128 Giant Branching W. R. Aster Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above 6 separate colors (value 90¢) for only 50¢

Maule's Lovely Asters

Earliest Blooming

The first of our large asters to bloom. The flowers are fully double, about 3 in. across, and carried on fairly long stems. Plants are of open, spreading growth and branch freely near the base. 15 to 18 in. tall. Will bloom in June if started early.

- 1021 Crimson W. R.
- 1029 Deep Rose
- 1022 Pink W. R.
- 1011 Purple W. R.
- 1054 White W. R.
- 1053 Mixed Colors W. R.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 55¢.

4121 Earliest Blooming Aster Collection

5 Pkts.—One each of the above five separate colors (value 50¢) for only 35¢

Pompon or Button

Charming, rather early blooming type of aster with small, round, pompon flowers having a few rows of short, broad outer petals and attractive quilled center petals. Plants are of upright, somewhat compact growth, about 15 in. tall, and lend themselves admirably to borders, bedding and cutting.

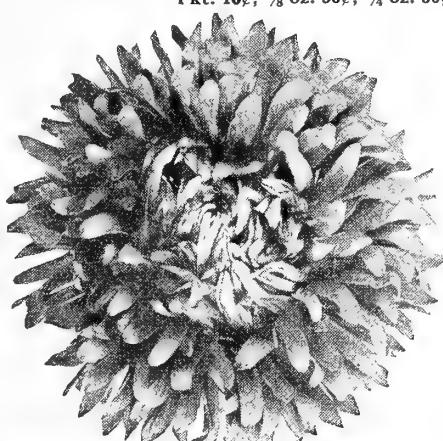
1066 Mixed Colors The most desirable colors are blended in the proper proportion for a grand display in garden or for cutting.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70¢.

1058 Violet Glory

Extremely early blooming; first flowers appear in about 14 weeks after the seed is sown. They are of a rich shade of deep purple-violet, 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. across, fully double and so thick as to be almost globular. Plants grow 1½ ft. tall and are of open, spreading habit. Stems are straight, strong and range from 12 to 15 in. in length.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.



Earliest Blooming



Peerless Yellow

California Giants

Midseason to late. The largest of the fluffy or feathered type of asters. The immense chrysanthemum-like blooms, 5 in. or more across, have long, gracefully curled and twisted petals, giving them a lovely fluffy appearance. They are carried on strong stems, 1½ to 2 ft. long. Plants branch freely and grow 2 to 3 ft. tall. Valuable for cutting.

992 Crimson	995 Purple
993 Blue	996 Rose
994 Pink	997 White

998 Mixed Colors The above and others.

Any of the above California Giants:

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85¢.

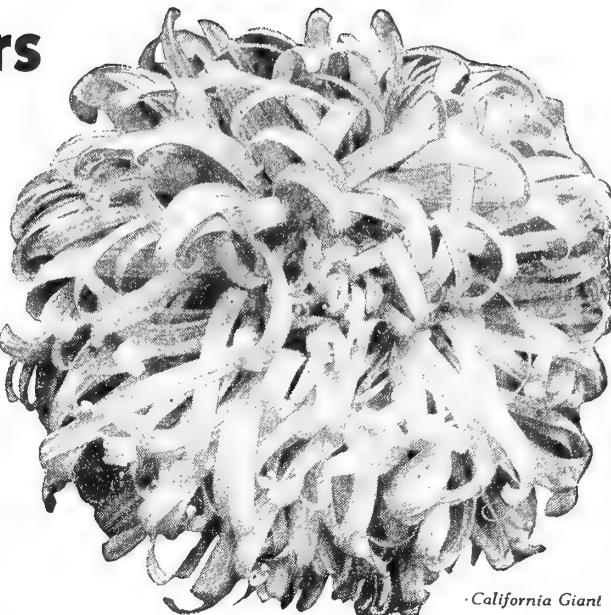
4130 California Giant Aster Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above six colors (value 90¢) for only 50¢

1118 Maule's Choice Varieties Mixed

This mixture contains all the best types of big, double asters in all colors. It is a supremely fine assortment of early, midseason, and late flowering varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.



California Giant



American Beauty

American Beauties

Midseason to late. A true American type of aster, noted for its vigorous growth, free blooming character, and the unusually long stems of the large flowers. The plants are of branching habit and grow 2 to 2½ ft. tall. Flowers are globular, fully double, with incurved petals, and usually about 4 in. across. They are desirable for beds, borders and cutting.

1072 Carmine Rose W. R. 1018 Deep Rose W. R.

1074 Azure Blue (Dark Lavender) W. R. 1076 Purple W. R.

1075 Crimson W. R. 1077 Shell-Pink W. R.

1079 Mixed Colors W. R. Fine range of beautiful colors, including many not listed above. Very showy.

Any of the above American Beauty Asters:

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70¢.

1071 Peerless Yellow

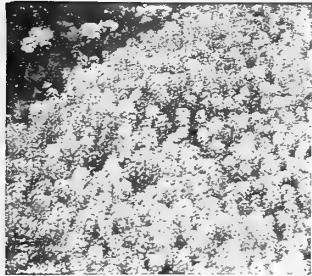
Midseason to late. Beautiful, clear light yellow. Flowers are large, double, and perfectly round in form. Plants are of the branching type and grow 2 to 3 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.

4126 American Beauty Wilt Resistant Aster Collection

Six lovely colors, Carmine Rose, Azure Blue, Crimson, Purple, Shell Pink, and White in this collection, pictured in color on the back cover.

6 Pkts.—One of each color (value 90¢) for only 50¢



914 Alyssum, Little Gem

Alyssum—Sweet Alyssum

The annual forms are of very quick growth and popular for edgings, borders, rock gardens, pots and boxes. Sowings two to three weeks apart, from early spring to mid-July, will insure blooms until frost. Perennial alyssums are showy, spring-flowering plants so popular in rock gardens.

913 Violet Queen Fragrant, bright violet flowers with top ones in cluster being white. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.

914 Little Gem The best pure white dwarf alyssum. Grows 4 or 5 in. high. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢.

918 Sweet (Maritimum) Always desirable. Pure white, honey-scented flowers cover the spreading plants. 10 in. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢.

916 Saxatile compactum (Perennial) Bright golden yellow flowers very early in the spring. 9 to 12 in. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.



1384 Perennial Baby's Breath, Pacifica

Baby's Breath—Gypsophila

Used extensively for mixing with other flowers in bouquets. The annual types bloom quickly from seed, making plants about 1½ ft. tall and covered with small, open, bell-shaped blooms. Easily grown in any soil. To have the annual type in bloom all season, make several sowings.

1368 Giant White An improved large-flowered variety; pure white. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢.

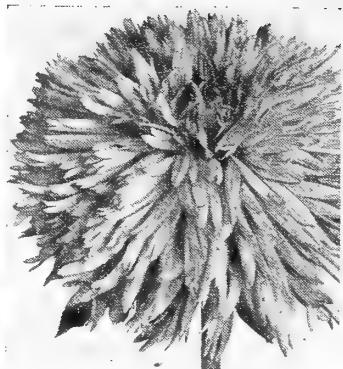
PERENNIAL BABY'S BREATH

Easily grown, most profuse blooming, popular hardy plants, excellent for borders and mixing with other cut flowers.

1384 Pacifica Quite erect growing plants, 3 to 4 ft. tall, covered during August with masses of small pink blooms. Lovely and desirable. Very showy. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 40¢.

1371 Paniculata Tiny single white flowers on slender stems in June and July. 2½ ft. tall. Can be dried. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢.

1383 Paniculata Double Small double white flowers in great profusion. June and July. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 40¢.



1142 Calendula, Yellow Shaggy

Calendula—Scotch Marigold

Calendulas bloom all summer until frost where summers are not too hot. In warm sections, sowings made in late June will provide choice flowers in late summer and fall. 1½ to 2 ft.

1169 Art Shades Extra choice mixture of apricot, cream, orange, picotees and many other colors. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1164 Glowing Gold Large double flowers of a glowing gold color. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢.

1156 Golden Ball Deep golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1167 Masterpiece Rich orange with reddish orange-brown center. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1141 Orange Fantasy Deep coppery orange, edged deep mahogany-red. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1188 Yellow Colossal Bright yellow flowers sometimes 4½ in. across. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1142 Yellow Shaggy Flowers 3 in. across, and almost as deep. Petals quilled and cut. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

1161 Mixed Varieties Well blended. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢.

Cactus from Seed

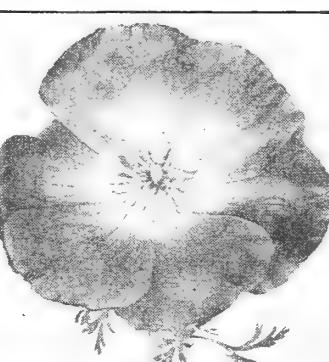
1154 Mixed Varieties (House Plant) A choice assortment of many interesting types and forms that are easily grown from seed. It is surprising how quickly they grow. Complete culture given on the seed packet. Pkt. 15¢; 100 seeds 40¢.

Castor Oil Bean—Ricinus

Tall, annual, large-leaved showy plants of tropical appearance; handsome and quite effective as specimen plants on the lawn or as a background or screen. Quick growers. Do best in a warm, sunny location. Said to keep moles out of the ground.

1714 Zanzibarensis The tallest growing castor oil bean, reaching a height of 12 to 14 ft. The large, rich green leaves often grow 2 ft. across. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢.

1715 Mixed Green, red and bronze leaved varieties in mixture. 8 to 10 ft. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢.



1326 California Poppy

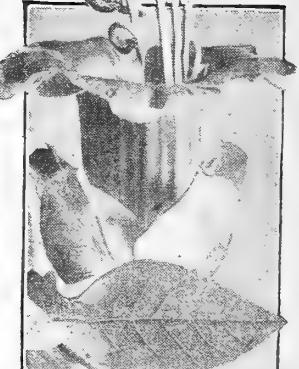
**California Poppy
Eschscholzia**

Quick growing, free flowering plants of easiest culture. Bloom early and continue until frost. 12 to 15 in. tall.

1326 Mixed Single Flowering A large variety of colors; single flowers. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢.

Calceolaria

1155 Mixed Colors (House Plant) Peculiar, pouch-like blooms in many colors, some attractively blotched, spotted, tigereed or laced. Very colorful. Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢.



1243 Cobaea Scandens

Cobaea—Cathedral Bells

1243 Scandens An annual climber that makes a growth of 10 to 20 ft. Its large, bell-shaped flowers turn from clear green in the bud to rich purplish-blue when fully developed. Each bloom is an inch or more across. They are followed by large, plum-shaped fruits. This daintily foliated plant climbs by means of tendrils, clinging to a rough surface. Ideal for porches, arbors, or any place where shade is desired. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

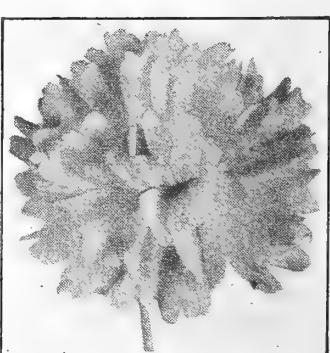
Candytuft—Iberis

Grows 12 to 16 in. tall, and rushes from planting to bloom in 2 months. Will continue to bloom through the season if not allowed to go to seed. Flowers are borne in umbel or umbrella shaped clusters.

1185 Mixed Colors Including pink, rose, lilac and white. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢.

Cyclamen

1268 Giant Mixed (House Plant) Wonderful house plants with large, colorful, fragrant blooms held above the ornamental foliage. It takes cyclamen seed about 21 days to germinate, and 16 to 18 months to produce blooming plants. Our mixture is a careful blend of the best and clearest colors. Pkt. (10 seeds) 25¢; 100 seeds \$2.25.



1255 Coreopsis

Coreopsis

(Perennial) One of the easiest grown hardy plants. Blooms from May until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed. The flowers are long-stemmed and useful for cutting. 2 to 3 ft.

1255 Double Yellow Very showy, large, double and semi-double, golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

Blue Lace Flower—Didiscus

1151 Large, delicate, lace-like flowers of lavender-blue, about 2½ in. across. Good for cutting. Blooms all summer. 1½ ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢.

Black-Eyed Susan Vine

Thunbergia alata

1942 Mixed Beautiful in window boxes or trailing on the ground. Yellow, buff, orange and white flowers, some with black eye. 4 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

Blue Sage—Salvia

Grows quickly from seed. Blooms all summer and fall.

1725 Farinacea, Blue Bedder Flowers are dark blue; stems and calyx violet-white. 2½ ft.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢.

1728 Azurina grandiflora (Perennial)

Long spikes of bright sky-blue flowers in August and September. Prefers full sun. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢.



1145 Annual Campanulas

Campanula

Canterbury Bells

Most useful and beautiful subjects in the garden. Easily raised from seed and succeed in any good, well-drained soil. The Annual varieties bloom in less than 6 months from seed; Biennial varieties bloom the second year, after which the plants die.

ANNUAL CAMPANULAS

Flowers and plants are shaped like those of the well-known biennial Canterbury Bells, but blooms are produced from seed in less than 6 months. 2 to 2½ ft.

1145 Mixed Colors Shades of blue, lavender, rose, pink and white.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

BIENNIAL CAMPANULAS

Pyramid-shaped plants covered with large, bell-like blooms during late May and June. 2 to 2½ ft.

1147 Double Mixed In blue, pink and white. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1173 Cup-and-Saucer, Mixed Colors White, rose, and blue cup-and-saucer-shaped blooms in a lovely mixture. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢.

Cornflowers, Double

Centaurea cyanus fl. pl.

Popular, easily grown plants doing well in almost any soil or location. Fine for garden display and cutting. Large double flowers throughout the summer and fall. 2 to 2½ ft.

1213 Blue..... Any of these:
1228 Red..... Pkt. 10¢;
1229 Rose..... ¼ oz. 35¢.
1230 White..... ¼ oz. 35¢.

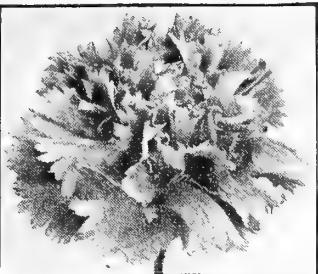
1218 Mixed Colors All the above.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

4137 Double Cornflower Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of the above 4 colors (value 40¢) for only..... 30¢



1213 Cornflower, Double Blue



1198 Giant Marguerite Carnation

Carnations

Carnations are excellent for beds, borders and cutting; flowers last a long time on the plants or in water. Plants delight in a well-drained soil rich in lime, and a sunny location. If seed of the perennial varieties is started early indoors, many plants will flower the same season. May also be potted.

Giant MARGUERITE

1198 Finest Mixed Come into bloom about 5 months after sowing. Our mixture includes all colors, such as scarlet, crimson, rose-pink, salmon, maroon and yellow, besides white. Flowers are large, 2 to 2½ in. across, beautifully fringed, highly fragrant and borne on fine long stems unsurpassed for cutting. 12 to 15 in. Hardy in mild climates.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 90¢.

ENFANT DE NICE

1196 Mixed Colors (Perennial) A French Hybrid strain with very large, double, fragrant flowers, 2½ to 3 in. across, in many lovely colors. 1½ ft.

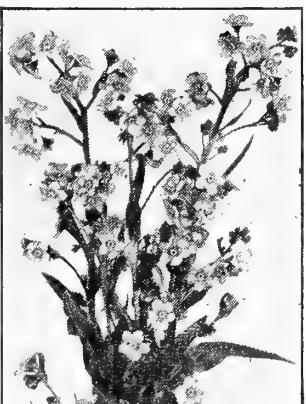
Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 45¢.

IMPROVED GIANT (CHABAUD'S)

(*Perennial*) Exquisitely scented flowers, 2 in. or more across, may be had in 5 or 6 months from the sowing of the seeds. Plants are of erect growth, 15 to 18 in. tall, and very profuse blooming. Stems are long.

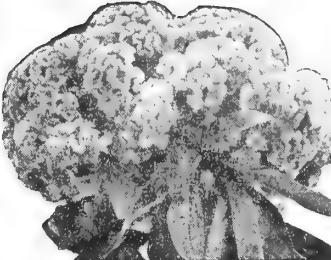
1191 Mixed Colors This mixture is truly a marvelous one. It includes white, rose, crimson, and yellow self colors plus many striped and fancy picotee and bizarre blossoms in endless variation.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

1233 Chinese Forget-Me-Not
Cynoglossum amabile

Of easiest culture in ordinary garden soil and a sunny place. Produces graceful, loose sprays of large, Forget-Me-Not-like blooms continuously throughout the summer on strong plants about 20 in. high.

1233 Blue Rich turquoise-blue.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.



1205 Crested Cockscomb, Empress

Celosia—Cockscomb

Celosia is a family name referring to a large group of flowers. They vary from the dwarf Cristata and Plumed to the tall, feathery, unbelievable plumes of the Plumas. All are exceptionally thrifty.

CRISTATA OR CRESTED

Dwarf plants with broad, showy, velvety flower heads or combs. Easily dried for winter decoration. 10 in.

1204 Dwarf, Mixed Colors Many magnificent colors in mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1205 Empress Very large combs of dark crimson; bronzy red foliage.

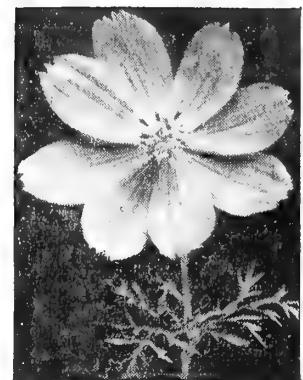
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

DWARF PLUMED

Compact, well-branched plants, 1 ft. tall, each branch tipped with a showy, silky plume. Excellent for beds, borders, edgings and pots.

1202 Fire Feather Brilliant fiery red.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.



1260 Cosmos, Orange Flare

Cosmos

Always a favorite but more so now than ever, with the introduction of extra early strains. Easily grown. Showy in the garden and most desirable for cutting.

1260 Orange Flare

Fern-like foliated plants, 3 ft. tall, with beautiful golden orange blooms, 3 in. across. Will flower in about 3 months from seed and continue to bloom profusely until frost.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

1267 Yellow and Orange Mixed

This lovely combination of yellow and orange cosmos makes a gay spot not only in your garden, but also in a vase after cutting.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

1257 Sensation Mixed

The largest flowered early blooming cosmos, 4 to 6 in. across, in deep and light pink as well as white. Plants grow 4 to 6 ft. high. Blooms in about 10 weeks; continues until frost.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; ¼ oz. 70¢.

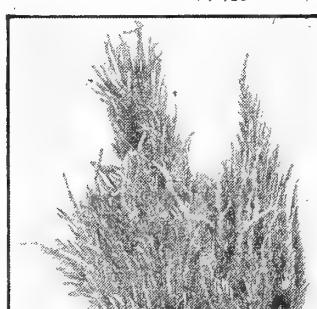
EARLY SINGLE

Begin to bloom in about 60 days from seed, continuing until frost. Flowers grow about 3 in. across, and are produced most freely on plants about 4 ft. tall. Particularly valuable where seasons are short.

1263 Crimson Any of these:
1262 Pink Pkt. 10¢;
1264 White ¼ oz. 30¢.

1265 Mixed Colors The above three.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.



1209 Pride of Castle Gould Celosia

PLUMOSA—TALL PLUMED

Large, silvery plumes of brilliant colors. Blooms from midsummer until frost. Very effective in beds. 2½ to 3 ft.

1209 Pride of Castle Gould Enormous plumes which are attractively curled in much the same way as ostrich feathers, to which they may be likened. Many colors in mixture.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1207 Giant Plumed, Mixed Colors Large, silvery plumes of all the exquisite colors that are found in celosias.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

Cineraria—Cape Aster

(*House Plant*) Beautiful plants for house decoration during the winter and early spring. The rich and vivid colors range from light, bright blue to royal plum-purple and from shining crimson to deep maroon. Many have lovely contrasting white centers or clearly defined margins and rings of various shades.

1234 Tall Mixed Large flowers, 2 to 3 in. across, completely cover the plants, which grow about 1½ ft. tall. All colors and color combinations.

Pkt. 35¢; 2 pkts. 60¢.

1235 Dwarf Mixed Compact, showy plants, about 1 ft. high and as much across, covered with large blooms in many self colors and color combinations.

Pkt. 35¢; 2 pkts. 60¢.

4140 Early Single Cosmos Collection

3 Pkts.—One each of crimson, pink and white (value 30¢) for only..... 25¢

EARLY DOUBLE

A large percentage of the flowers will have a cushion-like crested center surrounded by a row of broad outer petals. Blooms 2 to 2½ in. across. Plants 3 to 4 ft. tall. Some single flowers may be expected.

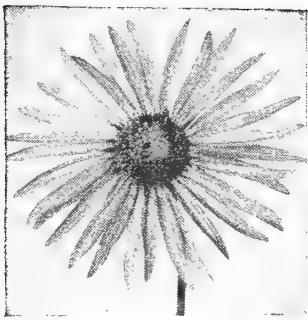
1251 Mixed Colors Crimson, pink, and white, the most famous cosmos colors, are included in this well balanced mixture. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 75¢.

SPECIAL MIXTURE

1261 Single and Double Flowering, Mixed Early and late varieties; pink, crimson and white flowers.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

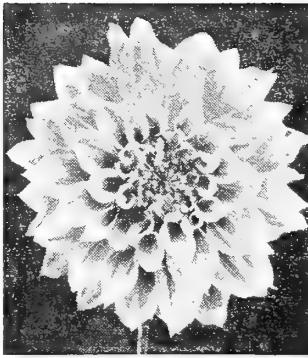
MAULE'S SEEDS

1975 *Tahoka Daisy*

Tahoka Daisy

1975 Bushy plants with flowers 2 in. or more across; lilac-blue petals surrounding a deep golden yellow disc-like center. Blooms early and profusely during the summer and fall. 20 in.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 35¢.

1278 *Exhibition Dahlia*

Dahlia from Seed

It requires only about 2 weeks longer for dahlias to flower from seed than from roots. The seed should be started in boxes just as with choice annuals or early vegetables, and the little plants set out when the weather warms up. Seeds saved from the finest double flowers of the large flowered types will produce some singles and semi-doubles and may be different in type from the parents. There is always a possibility of raising some fine new dahlias—as many amateurs have done.

1278 Exhibition Mixed Seed saved from the very largest blooms; should some worth while giant flowered varieties. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 85¢; 2 pkts. \$1.50.

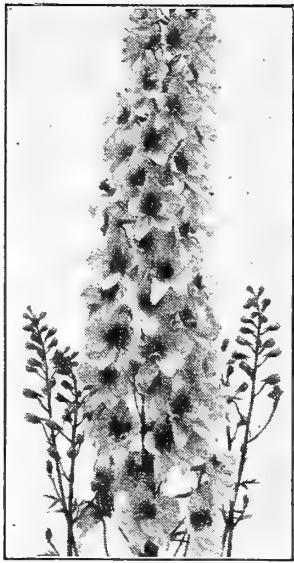
1277 Decorative Mixed Seed saved from choice varieties of the Formal and Informal Decorative types. Mixed colors. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢.

1274 Large-Flowered Mixed Fine assortment of many colors saved from the finest large double flowers. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢.

For Dahlia roots see page 48.

1289 *Prize Mixed Delphinium*

Delphinium *Hardy Larkspur—Perennial*

Among the most beautiful and popular hardy plants for garden and cutting. Easily grown, doing best in deep, rich soil which must be well drained. Bloom in June and, if spikes are cut off a few inches above the ground after blooming, new spikes will be produced. Will flower the first season if seed is started early.

MAULE'S MAMMOTH

Mesmerizing spikes, 4 to 6 ft. tall, thickly set with large, double, semi-double or single blooms, 2 in. or more across. Plants are of strong growth.

1297 Art Shades So called because the florets are an artistic combination of blue with pink suffusion.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢.

1298 Deep Blue Shades Range from darkest blue to deepest purple.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢.

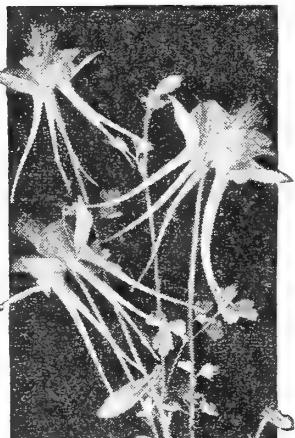
1299 Light Blue Shades Azure-blue, turquoise-blue and other exquisite light blue shades mixed.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢.

1289 Prize Mixed

Colors range from cornflower-blue to pansy-violet; light lavender, mauve, and heliotrope, with many opaline variations; crested centers or "bees" in white, cream and black.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

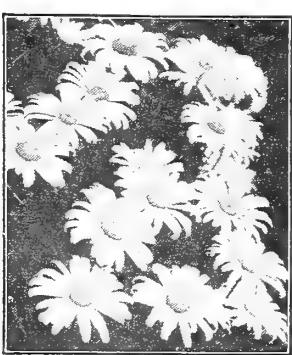
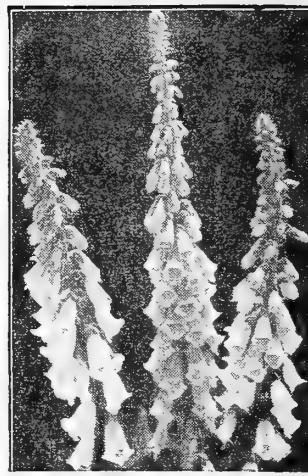
958 *Columbine (Aquilegia)*

Columbine—*Aquilegia*

(*Perennial*) Attractive plants with showy, oddly formed flowers in great profusion during May and June. Excellent for garden display and cutting. Easily grown in ordinary, well-drained soil and a sunny or semi-shaded location. 2½ to 3 ft.

958 Best Mixed Very choice mixture of beautiful colors and color combinations. The graceful flowers with their long spurs are most attractive.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85¢.

1283 *Shasta Daisy, Alaska*1315 *Foxglove, Giant Shirley*

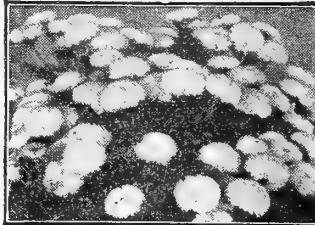
Foxglove—*Digitalis*

(*Biennial*) Sow seeds each year for blooms the next. Tall, stately spikes of bell-shaped, spotted flowers. Does well in either sun or half-shade. June and July.

1315 Giant Shirley, Mixed Colors

Large bells in many bright colors, some attractively blotched or spotted crimson, maroon or chocolate. 6 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85¢.

1330 *Feverfew, Golden Ball*

Feverfew—*Matricaria*

Old-fashioned flowers of easiest culture and distinct charm. Possess a characteristic aromatic odor. Fine for borders, beds and cutting. Blooms all summer and fall.

1336 Snowball Pure white, double, ball-shaped flowers; compact plants, 10 in. tall. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢.

1330 Golden Ball Small, double, golden yellow, button-chrysanthemum-like flowers on dwarf plants, 8 in. tall. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢.

Four O'Clocks

Mirabilis—Marvel of Peru

Free blooming annuals for bedding, for a temporary foundation planting, or for a low hedge. The many-colored flowers open in the early afternoon.

1458 Finest Mixed 2 ft. Very colorful mixture. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢.

Everlasting Flowers

1331 Mixed Varieties Included in this mixture are the most popular types and varieties of everlastings—Strawflowers, Acroclinium, Globe Amaranth, Rhodanthe, Statice, etc. It is interesting to see the many different kinds of everlastings. They are beautiful in the garden or cut, but are mostly grown to dry for mixed winter bouquets. For this purpose, cut the flowers before they are fully developed, remove foliage, bunch loosely, and hang heads downward in a shady, airy place until dried. Easily grown in a sunny location and good soil.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢.



Four O'Clocks



1338 Gaillardia, Double Mixed

Gaillardia—Blanket Flower

Annual gaillardias are among the most easily grown and free blooming flowers of the garden. They like sunshine and a well-drained soil. July to frost. 15 to 18 in.

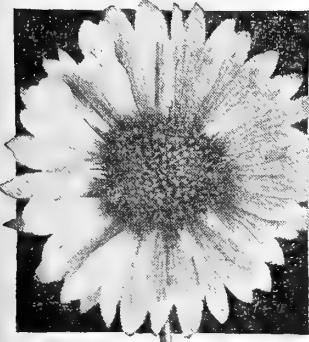
1336 Double Mixed Choice mixture of yellow, red and white double flowers with quilled or tubular petals.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1366 Fiesta Gaillardia

Fully double flowers, 2 1/2 to 3 in. across, of a brilliant, smoky red color with the florets tipped bright chrome-yellow; a gallant combination suggestive of the gay and colorful Mexican fiestas. 2 1/2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1/2 oz. 60¢.



1341 Gaillardia, Fine Mixed

PERENNIAL GAILLARDIA

Can be depended upon to bloom all summer and into the fall. Bright and gaily colored, daisy-like flowers are freely borne on long, strong, flexible stems. If seed is sown early, the plants will bloom the first year. 2 ft. tall.

1340 Torchlight As brilliant as a torch—golden yellow blooms with rich maroon centers. Flowers often 5 in. across. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢.

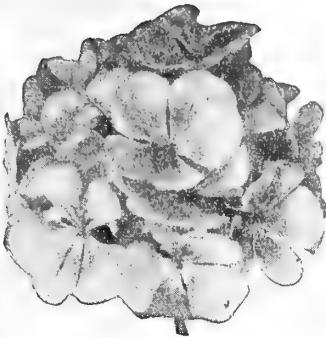
1341 Fine Mixed The big, single, daisy-like flowers are combinations of red and yellow.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢.

Globe Amaranth

Gomphrena globosa

1356 Fine Mixed (Everlasting) The strawy flower heads are clover-like in appearance, about 3/4 in. across, quite attractive in the garden, for cutting as fresh flowers, or for drying for winter bouquets. White, flesh, purple and red in mixture. 1 1/2 to 2 ft. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢.



1346 Geranium, Finest Mixed

Geranium

(*Tender Perennial*) As fine for bedding as they are for pot culture; they are, undoubtedly, one of the most popular plants for either purpose. If the seed is sown in February or March, plants will bloom that summer. Geraniums can be had in flower almost all the year round; outdoors in the summer and indoors during the winter.

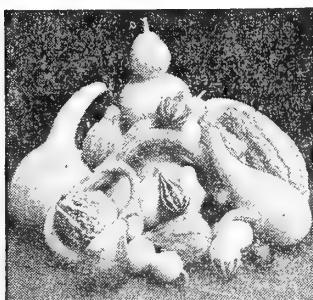
1346 Finest Mixed Includes the best single and double large flowering varieties in many colors.

Pkt. 25¢; 1/4 oz. 55¢.

Gerbera—Transvaal Daisy

1350 Finest Mixed (Tender Perennial) Large, daisy-like blooms, 3 to 4 in. across, of great daintiness and grace. Long, slender ray petals surround a small yellow center. Our mixture includes white and shades of yellow, orange, coral, salmon, scarlet, crimson, rose, red, pink, etc. Can be grown outdoors in summer or as house plants indoors during the winter. Hardy in frost-free sections.

Pkt. (25 seeds) 25¢; 100 seeds 75¢.



1364 Gourds, All Varieties Mixed

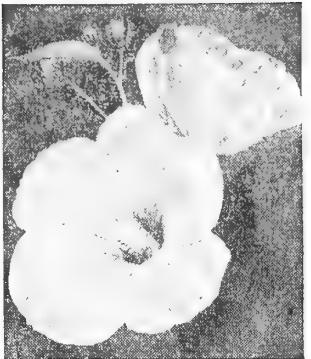
Gourds

May be trained on trellises, arbors or fences, or may be grown as you would squash or other vine crops. The ripened fruits are very ornamental—the smaller ones make excellent toys for children, while the larger ones make useful bowls, dippers, etc.

1360 Dish Cloth A highly useful gourd, from which excellent dish cloths and other sponge-like household equipment easily can be made. Upon request we will provide cultural instructions and directions for making dish cloths and other items.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 30¢.

1364 All Varieties Mixed Makes an interesting planting and furnishes many kinds of useful gourds, both large and small. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢.



1382 Giant Hibiscus

Hibiscus—Mallow Marvels

1382 Giant, Mixed Colors (Perennial) Huge, showy blooms, 6 in. or more across, are borne profusely on strong, shrub-like plants, 5 to 6 ft. tall, during August and September. Easily grown, doing well in almost any situation, in a dry or moist place. It is useful in tall borders or for planting among shrubbery. Flowers are white and shades of red and rose.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 45¢.

Hardy Sweet Pea

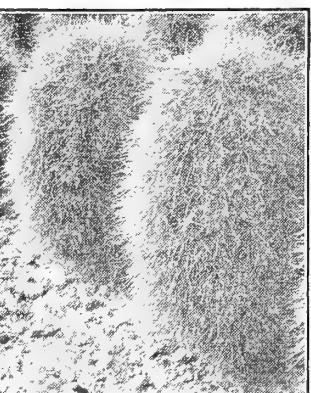
Lathyrus latifolius

1334 Mixed Colors (Perennial) Trail- ing or climbing plants with showy clusters of Sweet Pea-like flowers from June through September. Succeeds in almost any soil or location. Useful for cutting, training over fences or trellises, or for ground cover. 5 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢.

Heliotrope

1375 Giant Mixed Its fragrance and its long season of bloom have endeared heliotrope to generations of gardeners. Besides the familiar purple, there are other colors included, from white to violet-blue. Excellent bedding plants outdoors in the summer, and desirable pot-plants indoors during the winter. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 45¢.

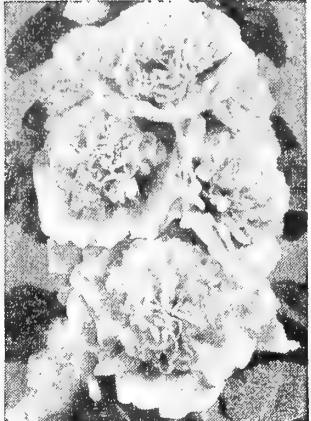


1417 Kochia

Kochia—Burning Bush

1417 Giant Christmas Ornamental foliage plants that are oval in shape, stand about 3 ft. tall, and resemble closely trimmed little evergreens. The plant is an emerald green all summer, but in the late fall it turns to a fiery red.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.



1390 Double Perennial Hollyhocks

Hollyhocks

Well-known garden favorites

Just as popular today as ever. Hollyhocks are lovely garden subjects, useful in the tall border or background, and particularly delightful along fences or walls. Do best in rich, well-drained soil and a warm, sunny location.

ANNUAL HOLLYHOCKS

1385 Mixed Colors Named annual because plants will flower the first year if seed is sown early. Our mixture contains single, semi-double and double flowers in many exquisite colors. Plants will live over the winter and continue to self-seed each season for years. 5 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

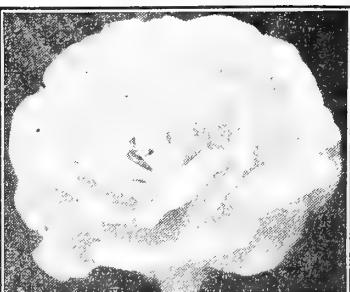
PERENNIAL DOUBLE FLOWERED

1390 Mixed Colors Well-known strain; plants 5 to 6 ft. tall, the spikes thickly studded with large, double, crepe-like blooms from late spring until midsummer. Splendid assortment of double flowers in a wide range of colors.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢.

**4148 Collection of Double Flowered Hollyhocks**

6 Pkts.—One each of **Scarlet, Rose, Newport Pink, Yellow, Salmon-Pink and White**—six separate colors (value 90¢) for only 60¢



1127 Lady's Slipper

Lady's Slipper—Balsam

Charming old - fashioned annual which is popular for beds and borders. The sturdy plants produce their rose-like flowers in midsummer and early fall.

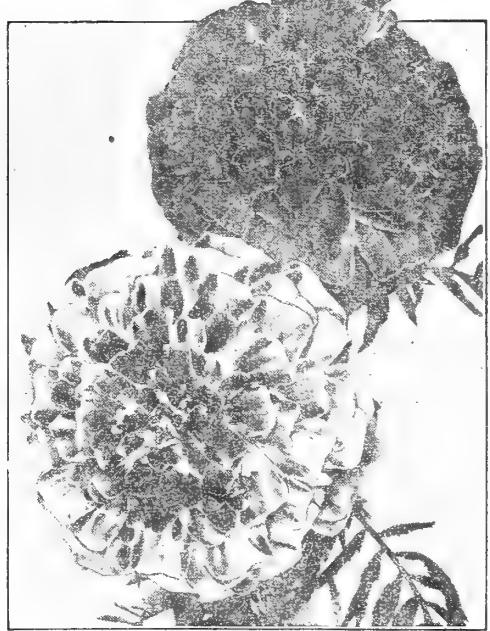
1127 Double Mixed Very large double blooms, about 2 1/2 in. across, in many pleasing colors.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

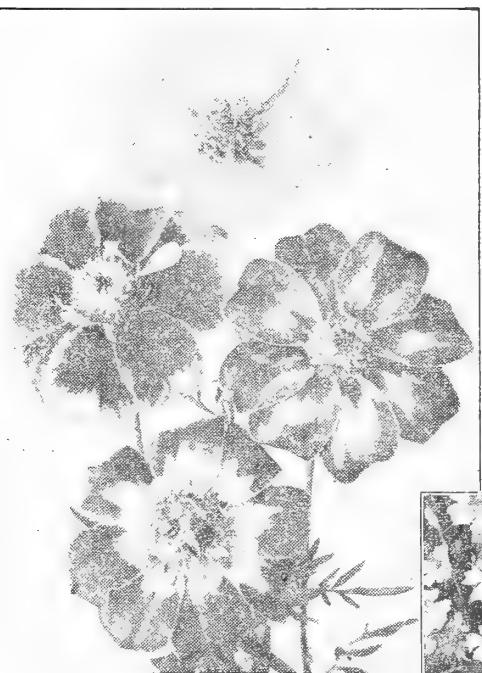
Dwarf Marigolds

NEW HYBRID

1554 Burpee's Red and Gold



1554 Burpee's Red and Gold Hybrid Marigold



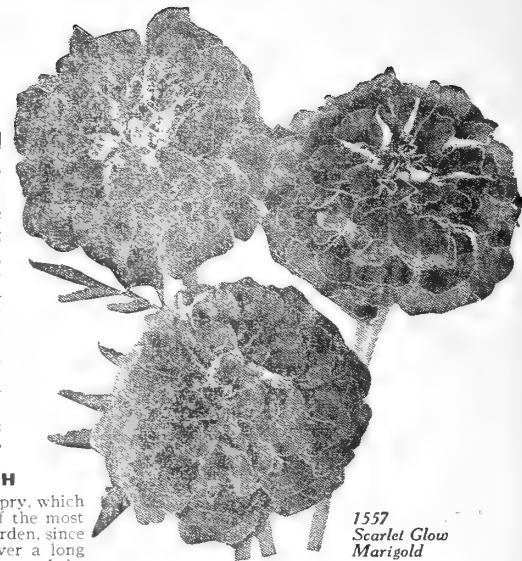
1553 Flaming Fire Marigold

TALL SINGLE FRENCH

1553 Flaming Fire An exception to the other varieties on this page, this French Marigold attains a height of 2½ ft. Flowers are 2 in. across, borne on long stems. Blooms vary in color with the seasons; often yellow, yellow spotted red, and red flowers will be found on the same plant at one time. Begins blooming about 12 weeks from planting. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 25¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.



1520 Miniature Marigold



1557
Scarlet Glow
Marigold

1557 Scarlet Glow This brightest red of all Dwarf Double French Marigolds blooms steadily from midsummer until frost. In warm weather blossoms are mottled orange and red. As the weather grows cooler they grow more and more intense scarlet. Pkt. 15¢; ⅛ oz. 40¢.

1560 Spry The most profuse blooming of all Marigolds. Plants are of true Lilliput form, dwarf and compact, 9 in. high and come into bloom in less than 9 weeks from seed. Flowers have a bright, yellow crested center and mahogany-red guard petals. Pkt. 15¢; ⅛ oz. 40¢.

DWARF DOUBLE FRENCH

All varieties grow 1 ft. tall except Spry, which reaches only 9 in. These are some of the most useful and attractive flowers in the garden, since they bloom with great profusion over a long period. The blossoms are 1½ in. across, and the compact plants are absolutely ideal for borders.

1521 Harmony Cushion-like centers of fluted orange petals surrounded by reddish brown outer petals. Early and profuse. A well known and favorite variety. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1542 Mixed Colors This mixture includes many varieties in addition to those listed. It provides a complete range of Marigold colors, but keeps strictly within the Dwarf Double French type so you can use it where uniformly low plants are needed.

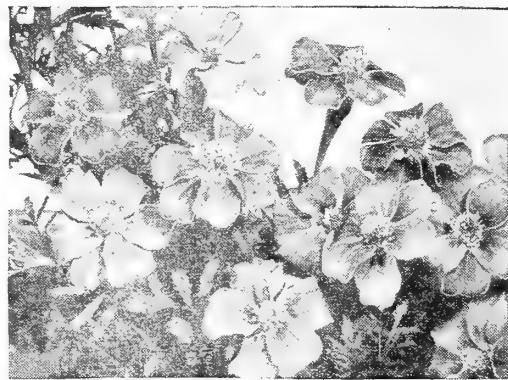
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

DWARF SINGLE FRENCH

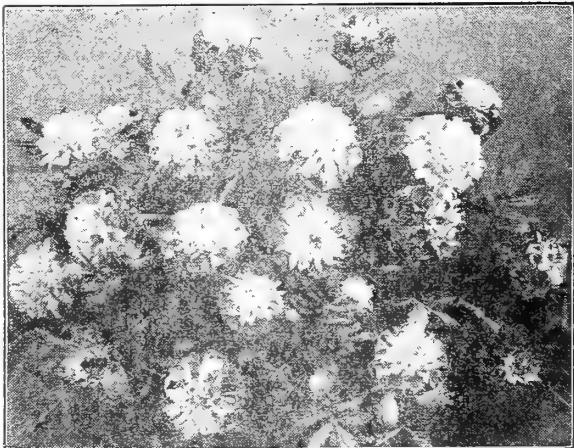
1548 Flash (*All-America Silver Medal Winner for 1945*) Brilliant new flower with 1½ in. single blossoms in massed, fiery display. Color varies from tangerine with overlay of red, bronze, and yellow to solid red as weather changes from hot to cool. Plants 18 in. tall, compact, and mound shaped. Blooms constantly from about 8 weeks from planting until frost. Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

MINIATURE

1520 Signata pumila Tiny yellow orange-starred flowers; fine, lacy foliage. Only 8 in. high. The flowers are single, with few petals, but such a mass of them are constantly in bloom that the plants are literally covered until frost. A distinctive novelty. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.



1548 Flash Marigold



1560 Dwarf Double French Marigold, Spry

Tall African Marigolds

CARNATION FLOWERED AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

The carnation flowered marigolds are all tall, averaging 2½ ft. in height, and large flowered. The blossoms are loosely and informally formed, with the result that they appear to be extra large, warmly colored carnations. All except Guinea Gold and Real Gold are of the new, odorless foliage type, making them even more attractive as cut flowers than ever before.

1559 Mayling Named in honor of Madame Chiang Kai-shek. Mayling does honor to China, the land from which the first odorless foliated marigold originally came. This flower is huge, 3 in. across, fluffy, and with a golden primrose color that is the purest, clearest thing imaginable. The plants grow 2 ft. tall and blossom freely, making a cheerful bank of color in solid plantings. The foliage is odorless.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

1480 Burpee Gold An improved strain of this fine variety, one of the first odorless foliage marigolds. It has glorious, deep orange blossoms that look very much like carnations. The flowers grow 3½ in. across, with the petals loosely arranged. The plants grow about 2½ ft. tall. Somewhat earlier and freer flowering than Guinea Gold; first flowers in 15 weeks.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢. ¼ oz. 85¢.

1563 Oriole The carnation-like flowers are large, 3½ in. across, of a new and sparkling shade of bright golden yellow. Plants grow 2½ ft. tall and have odorless foliage. Beautiful form, good substance, and long stems. A flower you will be proud to display in your garden.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

1455 Guinea Gold Orange-gold blooms like carnations in appearance. Many people prefer this variety to the newer carnation flowered types because it retains the characteristic marigold foliage odor. This repels such pests as Japanese beetles, yet is a clean, attractive scent to many gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1556 Mixed (odorless foliage) The finest mixture of odorless Marigolds in a complete color range of the carnation flowered type. Included are deep orange, golden orange, golden yellow, lemon yellow, and primrose; flowers grow 3 to 3½ in. across on long, strong stems. Plants grow 2½ ft. high; begin to bloom in 90 days from seed, continuing until frost.

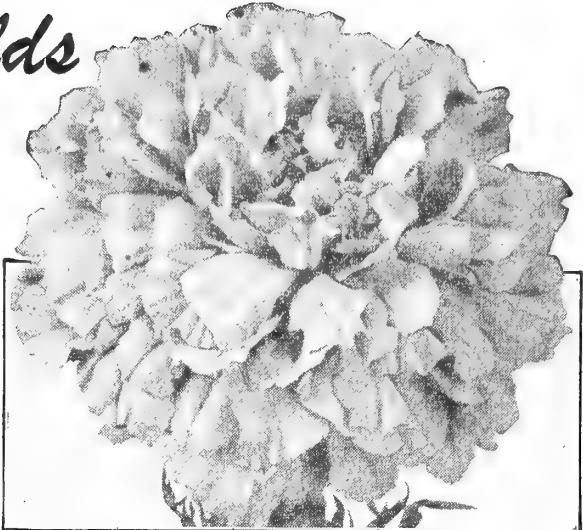
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1570 Real Gold Of all carnation flowered marigolds, this new All-American bronze medal winner is the largest in size of bloom. The blossoms frequently measure 4½ in. across. They are burnished gold in color—an orange with enough yellow to make it vivid, lively, and compellingly attractive. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall; are bushy, prolific, and continue to bear flowers freely until frost. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1523 MAULE'S SPECIAL MARIGOLD MIXTURE

Flowers are of many shapes: ball, carnation and peony-flowered; they average somewhat over 4 in. across. Colors run from the deepest orange to lightest primrose. 2½ to 3 ft. tall; early, some mid-season and late.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢.



1570 Real Gold Marigold

TALL DOUBLE AFRICAN

Large, double flowers on long, stiff stems. Excellent for beds, borders and cutting. 2½ to 3½ ft.

1449 Lemon Alldouble Light lemon yellow. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1453 Lemon Ball Canary-yellow; sponge-like. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1454 Orange Ball Intense orange; sponge-like. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

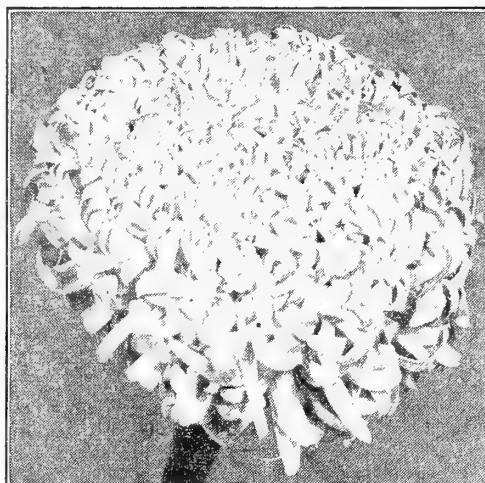
1447 Orange Alldouble Rich orange flowers. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1549 Orange Supreme Peony-like flowers of intense orange on long stems. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1471 Yellow Supreme Large, frilled-petaled peony-like blooms; creamy yellow. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢.

1551 Sunset Giants Most of the flowers are extremely large, often 5 in. across. Colors range from deep orange to delightful primrose-yellow. 3½ ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1456 Mixed Colors Fine assortment. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.



1547 Mammoth Mum Marigold

CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

A distinct class of tall African marigolds, with petals so tightly crowded in the blossoms as to resemble chrysanthemums. The cut flowers impart a feeling of satisfying stability.

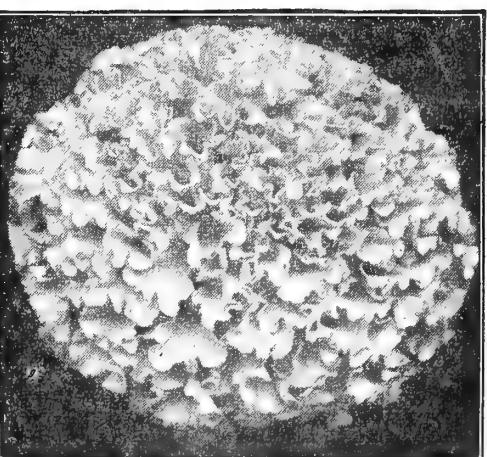
1547 Mammoth Mum All-American winner. The largest chrysanthemum flowered marigold. The blossom color is sulphur yellow, which is so different from other flower colors that it can be identified from a great distance. The 3½ in. flower heads are solid, with tightly curled and interlaced petals. Grows 2½ ft. tall. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1479 Golden Glow Flowers resemble in color and appearance those of the familiar Golden Glow Rudbeckia. They are a sharp, golden yellow. The blossoms are borne in clusters of from 5 to 10. Plants grow 2½ ft. tall and have odorless foliage.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1476 Early Sunshine Cheerful, bright, lemon-yellow flowers having the appearance of a pompon chrysanthemum; 2½ in. across and 1½ in. deep. Very early for flowers of this type; blossoms appear in 15 weeks. 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢.



1453 Lemon Ball Marigold



1556 Carnation Marigolds, Mixed Colors (odorless foliage)



Giant Imperial Larkspur

Larkspur

Long spikes, double flowers, colors superbly rich and lovely. Few flowers are more effective in the garden, especially when several colors are planted close together. One of our prettiest cut flowers. Likes a sunny place and rich, well-drained garden soil. Sow where plants are to remain. Easily grown; quick growers.

GIANT IMPERIAL

New type—the attractive spikes stand upright, close to the center stalk, like delphiniums. A great improvement in larkspurs. 3 to 4 ft.

1499 Blue Bell

Clear azure-blue. New type—the attractive spikes stand upright, close to the center stalk, like delphiniums. A great improvement in larkspurs. 3 to 4 ft.

1437 Carmine King

Carmine-rose.

1419 Dark Blue Spire

Intense Oxford-blue; always admired.

1501 Los Angeles Improved

Brilliant rose on salmon.

1427 Ruby

An altogether new Larkspur color, and one seldom found in any flower. The blossoms look like ruby gems, with subtle color shading giving them a living glow.

1435 White Spire

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢.

Any of the above 6 varieties:

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1/2 oz. 60¢.

4155 Giant Imperial Larkspur Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above six named varieties (value 60¢) for only 45¢

Lantana

1418 Dwarf Hybrids, Finest Mixed Showy clusters of verbena-like flowers from midsummer until frost. Our mixture contains yellow, orange, red, and pink shades. May be grown in pots the year round. 1 1/2 ft. Seed is of slow germination. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢.

Lobelia

Dwarf plants, compact in habit, for edgings, garden decoration, rock gardens, and pot culture. 4 to 6 in.

1430 Crystal Palace Compacts

Deep blue. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢.



1405 Heavenly Blue Morning Glory

Morning Glory (Day Blooming)

Grows anywhere. Free and continuous blooming until frost. The flowers open in the morning and close about noon. 10 ft.

1405 Heavenly Blue

Bright sky-blue flowers, 4 in. and more across, with showy white throats. The vines are simply covered with flowers when in full bloom. Best spot for planting is in full sunlight.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1486 Giant Mixed

Wide range of rich colors; extra large flowers.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢.

1487 Scarlett O'Hara

All-America Gold Medal Winner. Nearest approach to scarlet in morning glories. Flowers grow 3 1/2 to 4 in. across; bright rosy red. This variety is an ideal companion for Heavenly Blue.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

Moonflower

Ipomoea (Night Blooming)

Quick climbing, vigorous, dense foliaged annual vines. The flowers open in the late afternoon or evening and close the next morning, unless the day is cloudy. 15 ft.

1406 Giant Pink

Lavender-pink. Enormous. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.

1404 Giant White

Pure white blooms often 6 in. across. Fragrant.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.



1654 Phlox, Tall Large Flowered

Phlox Drummondii

Annual phlox is certainly most brightly colored. It is particularly showy, and most effective when planted in masses in mixture. Begins to bloom in early summer and continues until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed.

Tall Large Flowered

1654 Mixed Colors Well-balanced blend of all colors, including apricot, primrose, scarlet, rose, violet, and white.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Giant Flowered

1695 Art Shades Very large individual florets, $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. across, in massive trusses on plants 9 in. tall. Wonderful mixture of soft colors—salmon with white eye; deep salmon with cream eye; apple blossom pink; soft rose; light blue with white eye; pale violet with white eye, and others.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Dwarf Compact

1694 Mixed Many colors in mixture. These neat little plants, about 6 in. tall, with their even, compact growth, are splendid for beds, borders, rock gardens, pots and window boxes.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Poppies

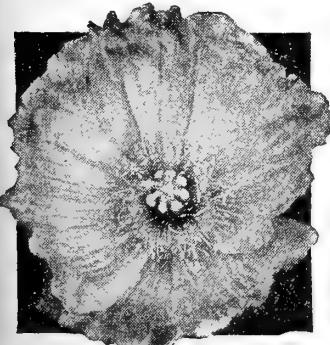
For bedding, edging taller annuals, or wherever a bright show of color is wanted, use poppies. Easy to grow in ordinary soil and a sunny location.

1671 Double Shirley, Mixed Colors Double and semi-double flowers in a pleasing mixture of many showy colors. 18 in. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢.

ICELAND POPPIES (Perennial)

Colorful silken flowers on graceful, wiry stems, 15 to 18 in. long. Will bloom the first year if sown early.

1667 Mixed A choice blend of the finest colors. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25¢.



1667 Iceland Poppies



1270 Pinks (Dianthus), Floradale

Pinks—Dianthus

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Dwarf, compact plants, about 1 ft. tall, of the easiest culture. Flowers are brilliantly colored, of different forms, 2 to 3 in. across. Bloom from July until frost.

1270 Floradale Flowers are very large, single, and have deeply fringed petals. Every color known in dianthus is in this mixture, and in addition to self colors there are flowers of many fancy patterns. Bushy, compact, free flowering plants, 12 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45¢.

1294 Double Mixed (Hedewigii) Marvelous colors from white to crimson; laced and striped; fine double blooms. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢.

1510 Single and Double, Mixed Some are edged and spotted, others beautifully eyed with contrasting colors. All combinations known in pinks.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 70¢.

1509 Fringed, Double Mixed (Laciniatus) Large, fringed, carnation-like flowers of many colors; some with contrasting colors on the edges. The most impressive.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢.

PERENNIAL PINKS

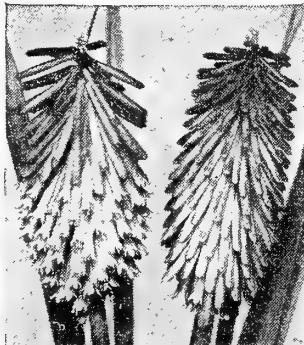
Popular, profuse blooming hardy plants; flower in spring and early summer. Many will bloom first year if seed is started early.

1303 Allwoodi Large double, semi-double and single flowers in a charming range of colors and markings. 1 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢.

1512 Winteri Flowers are large, single and delightfully sweet-scented.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 55¢.

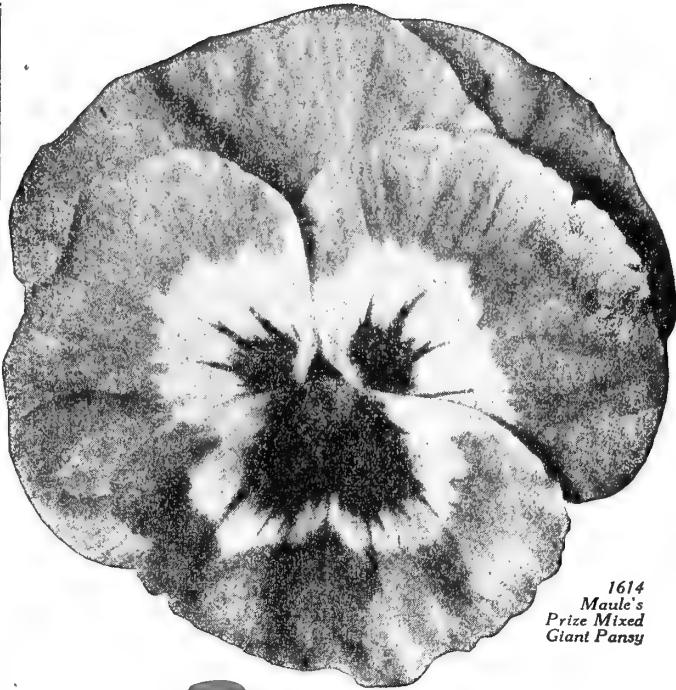


1946 Red Hot Poker, Early Hybrids

Red Hot Poker—Tritoma

1946 Early Hybrids (Tender Perennial) Stately, impressive plants with narrow, grass-like leaves and spear-like spikes of pale yellow to orange-scarlet flowers through August and September. Showy in the garden; fine to cut.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢.



1614
Maul's
Prize Mixed
Giant Pansy

Pansies

For many years we have specialized in pansies—and today Mauls Pansies are grown all over the world by those who want the very best at low cost. Plant in rich, well-drained soil in a sunny position; keep flowers picked for continuous bloom. For earliest blooms, start seed indoors.

GIANT PHENOMENAL

1600 Mixed Colors The very largest, choicest and most "phenomenal" of pansies. The mixture is especially rich in pansies of the ruffled type, and there are many and varied colors and color combinations. The presence of many pansies of those wine-red shades so rare among flowers has endeared it to many Mauls customers.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.50.

MASTERPIECE (RUFFLED)

1595 Mixed Colors So ruffed and waved that flowers appear double. Our mixture contains many colors, mostly rich, dark and velvety shades. Not the largest of pansies, but one of the most beautiful.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25.

IMPROVED SWISS GIANTS

1610 Mixed Colors The richly colored blooms are extremely large, round and crinkled. There is a predominance of deep red. The flowers are marked with blotches of deeper contrasting color.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25.

TRIMARDEAU OR GIANT BEDDING

1602 Mixed Colors Excellent pansies for bedding and edging where color effect is of more importance than size of blooms. Flowers are suitable for cutting.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85¢.



Trimardeau
Pansies

1593 Maul's Special Giant Pansies This is a fancy blend assembled for advertising purposes. Its value is 35¢ per pkt., but we are glad to offer it to our regular customers as well as new ones at only

Pkt. 10¢.



Giant Petunias

The giant petunias listed on this page are the aristocrats of the family. They produce the largest, fanciest, most unique blooms of all. The supremely fine results obtained from these petunias justify the extra care necessary to start the plants indoors.

Giant Ruffled Petunias

The largest of all petunias; when well grown blooms measure 5 to 6 in. across. Edges of petals are deeply waved or ruffled. Their extra feature of contrasting vein coloring adds so much to the marvelous beauty of these Giant Single Petunias. Unsurpassed for bedding, cutting and pots.

Dwarf Giants of California

1620 Finest Mixed Compact, stocky plants with truly enormous, heavily ruffled and wavy flowers, 4 to 5 in. across, in an unusually large variety of the finest colors. Superb for bedding and desirable for pot culture. This mixture belongs in the Giant Ruffled group, but its individuality in colors and its distinctly dwarf habit of growth place it almost in a class of its own. Extra care when the plants are small insures the finest flowers. **Pkt. 25¢; 1/28 oz. 75¢; 1/64 oz. \$1.25.**

Special Blend

1638 Finest Mixed Ruffled Giants A well-balanced blend of Giant Ruffled Petunias; many gorgeous colors—flowers with wide-open, light or dark throats, netted and veined, often in stunning contrasting colors. These are very free flowering and always admired. Since these are the largest flowered of all petunias, they are hobbyists' favorites. Just get a ruler and see how wide a 6 in. blossom is!

Very special price **Pkt. 10¢.**

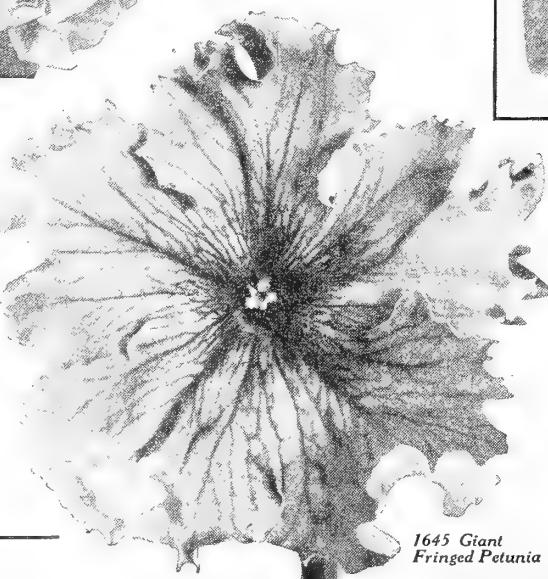


New! Alldouble Petunia

1624 Colossal Shades of Rose

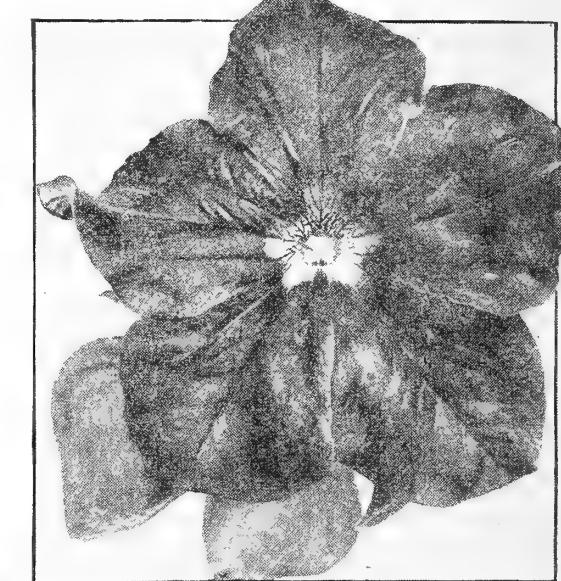
All-America Silver Medal winner for 1946. The most gigantic double blossoms ever seen in petunias. This new variety often produces flowers over 5 in. across, and they are always fully double, with fringed or ruffled petals. The blossom colors are most delightful, ranging from pale rose-pink to deepest rosy mauve. Plants grow 20 in. tall.

Pkt. (containing 100 seeds) \$1.00.



Alldouble Dwarf Petunia

1613 America All-America 1943 Silver Medal Winner. The first Alldouble Petunia ever created in America and one of the finest and most novel of the new flowers. Plant habit is compact and uniform, 1 ft. high and 1½ ft. across; begins to bloom very early and continues to flower profusely until frost. The rose-pink flowers, 2 in. or more across, come 100% true for doubleness. Ideal for beds, borders and pots. **Pkt. (100 seeds) 50¢.**



1649 Giant Single Flowered Petunia

Giant Single Petunias

Blooms are quite large, 4 in. or more across. They are smooth edged; that is, they are not fringed or ruffled, but deeply five-lobed. As with other giant petunias, seed should be started indoors in boxes six to eight weeks before your usual planting time.

1649 Giant Single Flowered, Finest Mixed Bright showy colors and color combinations in mixture. Wonderful for massed effect. **Pkt. 20¢; 1/32 oz. 70¢.**

Giant Fringed Petunias

Flowers are attractively fringed or frilled about the edges, and have a delicacy and grace all their own. Large, single blooms, 4 in. or more across. Sow the seed indoors two months ahead of your usual planting time.

1645 Finest Mixed, Giant Fringed Only the choicest fringed petunias are included. There are many rich colors, some blotched and variegated.

Pkt. 20¢; 1/28 oz. 60¢.

Bedding Type Petunias

Dwarf Compact Varieties of Bedding Petunias

Little bushy plants about 1 ft. high, so completely covered with flowers that the foliage is hidden from view. Ideal for edgings to taller plants, beds, borders, and pot culture.

1611 Cream Star Soft creamy white flowers deepening to golden yellow towards throat; shaped like a five-pointed star. All-America winner.
Pkt. 20¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢.

1637 Rose of Heaven Bright rose petals with lighter colored throat. Showy and effective.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢.

1635 Rosy Morn Clear rose-pink, with a white throat adding to its fragility and attractiveness.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢.

1621 Snowball The blooms are so white and so profusely formed that the plants look like little mounds of snow, the blossoms actually hiding the foliage.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.

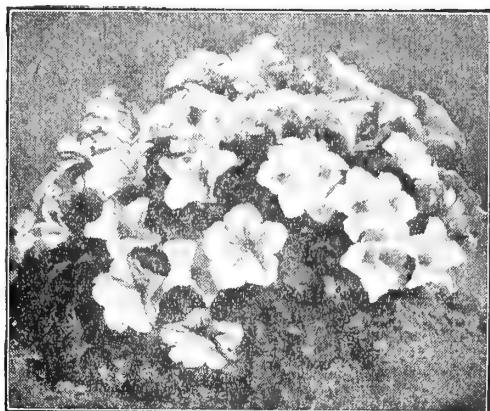
1707 Salmon Supreme The flowers are rich coral-salmon changing to soft salmon-pink, 2 in. across, and are produced freely on neat plants of rounded and compact form.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{32}$ oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. \$1.50.

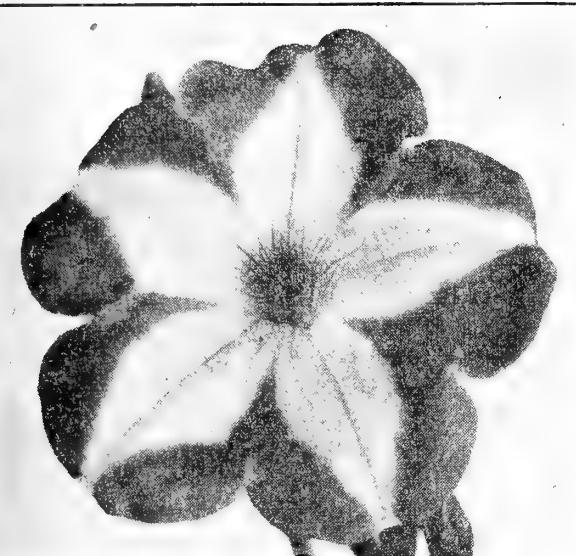
1607 Twinkles A bicolor petunia of great grace and attractiveness. Twinkles is a brilliant rose color, marked in various ways with white. These markings most frequently take the form of a star, as shown in the illustration below. A most desirable bedding flower.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢.

1640 Finest Mixed, Dwarf Compact Petunias Colors are rich and varied. Makes a grand display.
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75¢.



1611 Dwarf Compact Petunia, Cream Star



1607 Twinkles, Dwarf Compact Petunia

Large Flowered Bedding or Balcony Petunias

These are the largest flowered of the bedding type, and make excellent plants for window boxes, porch and balcony boxes, and large beds. Branches are long and trailing.

1641 Balcony Blue A popular color, deep violet-blue of unvarying intensity and soft, velvety texture. This color combined with Balcony White makes a lovely bed or vase of cut flowers.

1643 Balcony Crimson Deep crimson of unusual vivacity. Always attracts attention because of its brightness and cheerful appearance.

1644 Balcony Rose Bright and showy, combines well with other colors. The most familiar petunia color and the one which has endeared this flower to generations of gardeners.

1659 Balcony White Pure white, without veining or throat marking of any other color. This solid white makes it a perfect companion to all other varieties.

1606 Blue Wonder Silvery mid-blue flowers. A wonderful improvement over other blue petunias. The blue of this variety closely approximates the familiar blue found in cornflowers.

Any of the above: Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢.

1603 Black Prince Deep mahogany-red, almost black. This is the darkest, the most velvety of all petunias, providing a dramatic end of the spectrum for all other colors.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢.

1660 Balcony Mixed Colors A carefully prepared blend of the best and clearest colors to be found in this Large Flowered Bedding type. For any situation around the home where a show of color is desired, we recommend this special mixture.
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85¢.

4159 Balcony Petunia Collection

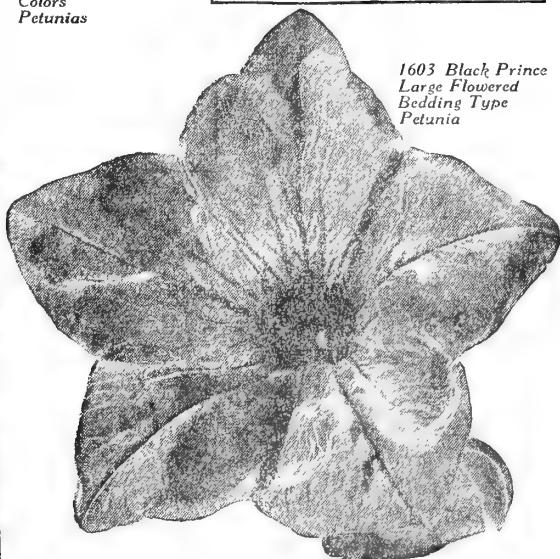
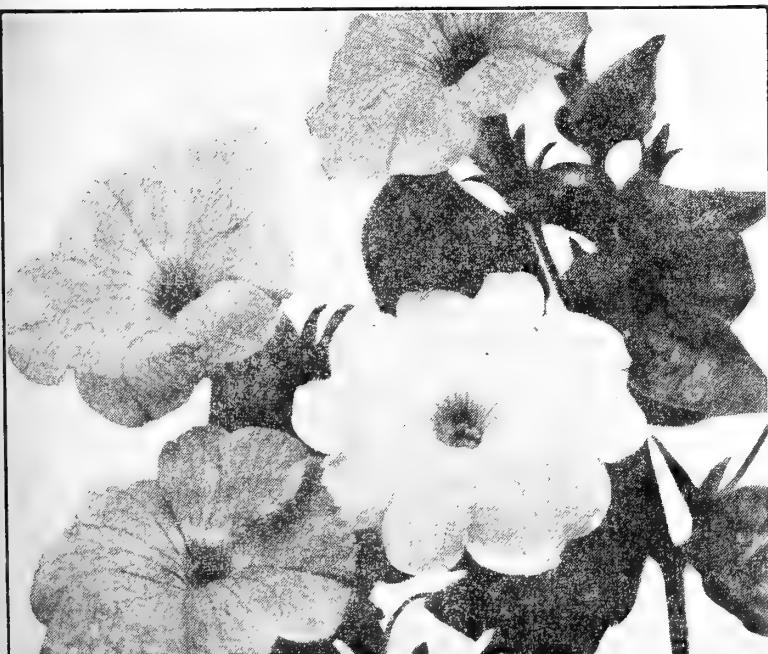
4 Pkts.—One each of **Blue, Crimson, Rose** and **White**—very popular for hanging baskets or window-box planting, as well as for bedding or ground cover (value 60¢) for only 50¢

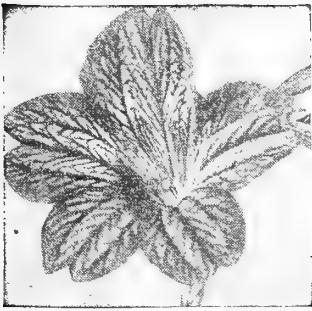
4162 Old Glory Bedding Petunia Collection

3 Pkts.—One each of **Red, White** and **Blue** for a glorious display (value 30¢) for only 25¢

1660
Balcony
Mixed
Colors
Petunias

1603 Black Prince
Large Flowered
Bedding Type
Petunia



1721 *Salpiglossis, Emperor*

Salpiglossis

Painted Tongue, Velvet Trumpet

1721 Emperor Mixed Colors Large, trumpet-like flowers, velvety in texture and of the richest colors—beautifully penciled, netted and veined with golden yellow, crimson and purple. Blooms from July until frost. Desirable for bedding and excellent for cutting. 2½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

Sanvitalia—Creeping Zinnia

1719 Procumbens Small, deep golden yellow, zinnia-like double flowers are freely borne on spreading plants which grow about 6 in. tall. Blooms all summer and fall. Excellent for edgings, rock gardens, and graves in dry places.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

Snow-on-the-Mountain

Euphorbia

1329 Variegata Showy foliage plants, the top leaves attractively marked with white. While they may be planted in beds, they are mostly used as a background to dwarf plants, for foundation plantings or groups. They prefer a sunny location. 3 to 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

Star of Texas Resists drought

1768 Flowers are light canary-yellow with a lighter colored center; single, daisy-like, with long, pointed petals. Stems are thin and strong, and although they are not very long, they are suitable for cutting. Does well in dry, open places. Bushy, erect plants, 1½ ft. high.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

Statice—Sea Lavender

Sinuata Clusters of colorful, straw everlasting flowers of great value, either fresh or dried. 2 ft.

1770 Blue Any of these:
1771 Rose Pkt. 10¢;
1772 White ¼ oz. 30¢.

1757 Mixed Colors Above and others.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢.

1756 Bonduelli, Improved Rich lemon-yellow. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1757 *Statice Sinuata, Mixed*1748 *Scabiosa, Giant Hybrids*

Scabiosa

Also known as Pincushion Flower, Sweet Scabious, and Mourning Bride. Blooms from midsummer until frost. An old garden favorite greatly improved. Does well in any good soil and a sunny location.

MEDIUM TALL LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE

Plants average 2 ft. Pretty in beds and borders; highly prized for cutting.

1731 Peace The flowers are 1½ to 2 in. across, of perfect form, almost spherical in shape, pure white without any tingeing of pink or mauve.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

1744 Heavenly Blue Flowers are round, soft azure-blue and borne most profusely on long stems well above the foliage.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

TALL LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE

Plants grow about 3 ft. tall. Unsurpassed for cutting as blooms last a long time.

1747 Blue Cockade Deep azure-blue.

1738 Pompadour Large flowers, 2½ in. across. Intense blackish purple blending into lighter rose-purple, heavily edged white.

1739 Red Rich, glowing color.

1736 Shasta Pure white.

Any of the above:
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

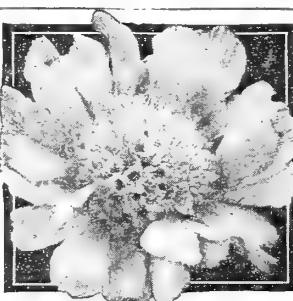
1742 Mixed Colors All the above.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢; ½ oz. 60¢.

1748 Giant Hybrids

Extra large, very double blooms in a charming mixture of colors, including rare shades. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 45¢.

**4163 Collection of
Four Lovely Scabiosas**
4 Pkts.—One each of **Red, Blue
Cockade, Pompadour, and
Shasta** (value 40¢) for only **30¢**

1743 *Perennial Scabiosa*

PERENNIAL SCABIOSA (Blue Bonnet)

1743 Caucasica Artistically shaped flowers of a soft, charming shade of lavender-blue are freely borne on long stems. 2 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

1724 *Scarlet Sage, America*

Scarlet Sage (Salvia)

Popular for beds and borders. No other plant brings such vivid color to the garden from early summer until fall. May be used for cutting. Start seeds indoors; set plants out when weather gets warm.

1724 America or Globe of Fire Quite early and very free blooming. Bright scarlet-red spikes cover the globular plants. 1½ ft.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. \$1.00; ¼ oz. \$1.75.

1723 Bonfire Well-rounded, sturdy bushes of even height with rather upright, stately spikes of scarlet-red carried well above the foliage. 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 60¢; ½ oz. \$1.00.

1726 Scarlet Bedder Plants are neatly rounded, quite compact, about 1 ft. tall, and literally covered with showy, stocky, scarlet flower spikes.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 60¢; ½ oz. \$1.00.

1753 *Giant Imperial Stocks*

Stocks—Gilliflower

Dense spikes of showy, double, fragrant flowers, like small rosettes, in a wide range of soft, warm colors. Fine for beds, borders and cutting.

**1752 Cut - and - Come - Again,
Mixed Colors** Many lovely soft colors. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

1753 Giant Imperial, Mixed Tall spikes, 2 to 2½ ft. high; finest color range.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

1751 Dwarf Ten Weeks, Mixed 1 to 1½ ft. high. Beautiful mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

1766 *Red Sunflower*

Sunflower—*Helianthus*

Stately plants suitable for backgrounds or screens. Many showy flowers from midsummer until frost.

1762 Chrysanthemum-Flowered Double Golden yellow blooms, 6 to 8 in. across, and double to the very center. 5 to 7 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢.

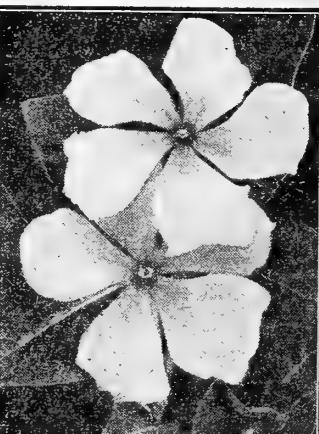
1766 Red Large flowers of varying size and colorings, including chestnut-red, bright red, crimson or yellow and red. 5 to 6 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

Sweet William

Dianthus barbatus

1928 Annual Sweet William, Mixed Blooms the first year from seed if sown early. Many fine, bright self-colors, and also starred and mottled varieties. 15 in.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

1992 *Vinca rosea*

Vinca rosea—Periwinkle

1992 Mixed Colors Periwinkles are just about the surest fire flowers there are. They grow readily and are practically immune to disease and insect damage. The leaves are glossy green; the blossoms are attractive, five-petaled round flowers of shades of rose and pink as well as white. Blossoms in midsummer and continue until late fall.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

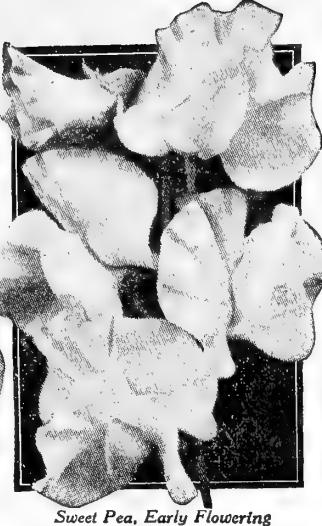
Viola cornuta Tufted Pansy

2002 Finest Mixed (Perennial) Flowers the first year if seed is sown early. May until frost. Smaller flowered than pansies, but bloom over a longer period. Many colors.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.



Sweet Pea Giant Ruffled



Sweet Pea, Early Flowering

Sweet Peas

Few other garden flowers are liked better than Sweet Peas. From a long list of named varieties we have selected only those with the largest and best formed flowers, longest and strongest stems, most desirable blooming and growing habits, as well as a complete range of colors. One-half ounce of seed will sow about 15 ft. of row.

GIANT RUFFLED

Giant in size, and appearing even larger than they are because of the unusual duplexness, as well as the extra ruffling and frilling of the petals. They have great daintiness and charm, and wonderful fragrance.

1846 Fluffy Ruffles Improved

Soft creamy pink.

1805 Lady Ruffles Improved

Soft pink on white.

1902 Ruffled Blue Mid-blue.

1907 Ruffled Carmine Carmine.

1900 Ruffled Rose Glowing rose.

1912 Ruffled White Pure white.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢.

1919 Giant Ruffled Mixture, All Colors A specially prepared blend.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

4180 Giant Ruffled Sweet Pea Collection

6 Pkts. — One each of all 6 named varieties (value 90¢) for only 75¢

1844 Maule's Special Mixture Early Flowering Sweet Peas

Come into bloom 3 to 4 weeks earlier than the other varieties. This excellent mixture often escapes the hot weather that injures later types. The color balance is carefully planned. You'll be delighted with this special-purpose group.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢.

Verbenas

Dwarf, spreading plants covered with large trusses of bloom from mid-summer to frost. Thrives in poor soil and withstands drought. Frequently pleasantly fragrant, and certainly outstanding for the long, uninterrupted period of bloom. Colors run freely from pastel to the most brilliant hues. 8 to 12 in. tall.

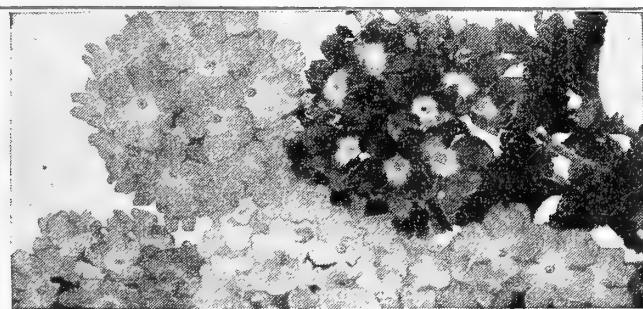
1978 Giant, Mixed Colors A wide range of colors, including white, delicate pink, crimson, lavender, blue, salmon, and rose. Some are solid colors, while others have contrasting eyes.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

4178 Collection of 6 Select Giant Spencer Sweet Peas

Avalanche, What Joy, Blue Bird, Pinkie, Ambition, and Red Boy

6 pkts. — One each of all six varieties (value 60¢) for only 45¢



1978 Verbena, Giant Mixed Colors

Snapdragons

Snapdragons are easily grown in ordinary well-drained garden soil in either full sun or semi-shade. Flowers are freely produced for several months and until frost where conditions are favorable. For earliest blooms sow seed indoors about six weeks before your regular outdoor planting time.

RUST-RESISTANT TALL GIANT SNAPDRAGONS

The tallest spikes and the largest flowers. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall. They are base branching, each plant producing 8 to 18 long, graceful spikes covered with large flowers.

963 Copper Shades

968 Crimson With carmine tube.

977 Golden Rod Wonderful plants.

969 Pink Shades

970 White Giant Faintly spotted yellow on the lip.

978 Yellow Giant Canary yellow with white tube.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85¢.

950 Mixed Colors The above and other desirable shades. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 70¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25.

4108 Tall Giant Rust-Resistant Snapdragon Collection

6 Pkts. — One each of the above 6 separate colors for a beautiful display in the garden or in vases (value 90¢) for only 75¢

SUPER MAJESTIC, RUST-RESISTANT

972 Mixed Colors Highly immune to the rust disease. Spikes grow about 2 ft. tall and there are usually 10 to 20 spikes per plant. All the colors found in this wonder flower are in this mixture and there are others never seen before in snapdragons.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 55¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 90¢.

SEMI-TALL, LARGE FLOWERED

Neat, bushy, compact growing plants, about 15 in. tall, each bearing many long, dense spikes of large flowers. They are very free flowering.

939 Rose Brilliant shade of rose.

954 Golden Large, golden yellow.

955 Mauve Soft orchid-mauve.

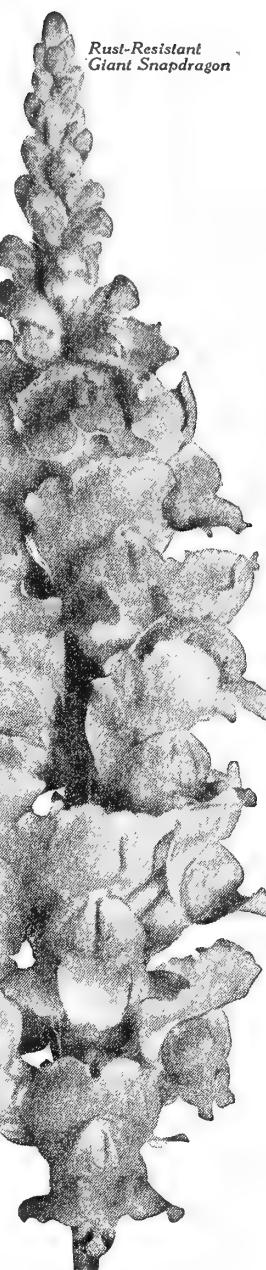
941 Purity Glistening pure white.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75¢.

940 Mixed Colors, Semi-Tall Large Flowered A well-blended mixture of all colors.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60¢.



4113 Semi-Tall Large Flowered Snapdragon Collection

4 Pkts. — One each of the four named separate varieties (value 60¢) for only 45¢

MAJESTIC SEMI-TALL GIANT FLOWERED

Flowers are as large as those of the tall giant type, but the massive, hyacinth-like spikes grow only 1½ to 2 ft. tall. The flowers are closely set on the spikes.

936 Eldorado Deep golden yellow. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75¢.

957 Mixed Colors, Majestic Giant Flowered The above and other lovely colors including white, salmon-color, and scarlet in a wonderful mixture.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 70¢.

Maule's Wonderful Zinnias

Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

Flowers are very large, grow up to 6 in. across, and about 2 in. in depth; they greatly resemble giant dahlias. Plants grow about 3 ft. tall, are sturdy, well branched, and hold their showy, long-stemmed flowers well above the foliage. Bright and attractive in the garden, beds, or borders, and wonderful for cutting.

2071 Canary Bird Delicate primrose yellow, the color varying as the flowers mature.

2058 Dream Deep lilac lavender changing to rich purple.

2083 Exquisite Light rose outer edges with deep rose center.

2062 Golden Dawn Golden yellow.

2057 Illumination The name aptly describes the vivid, luminous, deep Tyrian rose color.

2061 Oriole Bright glistening orange center, the outer petals a rich gold; showy bicolor.

2063 Polar Bear These big white zinnias make lovely bouquets alone or in combination with others.

2052 Purple Prince Extremely brilliant purple.

2073 Scarlet Flame Opening flowers are brightest orange-scarlet becoming intense red as they mature.

2095 Will Rogers Most brilliant scarlet-red.

Any of the above Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias:
Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60¢.

2065 Maule's Special Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixture

A blend that cannot be outdone. All the separate varieties described above are in the mixture to assure the most pleasing effect.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

4197 Special Collection Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

6 Pkts. One each of **Canary Bird**, **Exquisite**, **Purple Prince**, **Oriole**, **Polar Bear**, and **Will Rogers**. The best assortment of large flowered zinnias money can buy. 50¢

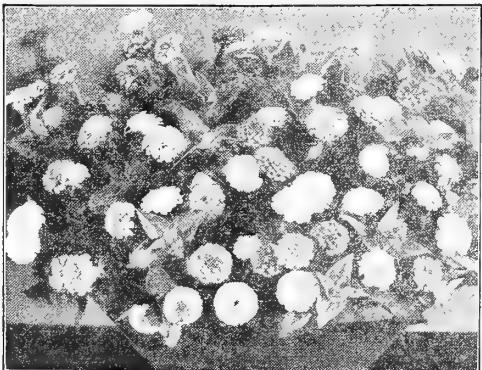
Value 90¢, for only 50¢

Burpee's Super Giants

Biggest and Newest Zinnias

2035 Special Mixture Bigger than Dahlia Flowered, with a wide diversity of colors and flower forms. Rare tones of apricot, cream, buff, and salmon; shades of rose and orange, as well as white, scarlets, and crimson. Many are of two or more combinations of colors. Flowers 5½ to 6½ in. across; some like Dahlia Flowered, others with curled and twisted petals somewhat similar to the David Burpee Zinnias. An extremely fine new variety.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70¢.



2069 Cupid Zinnias, Mixed Colors

Cupid Zinnias—Smallest of All

2069 Mixed Colors Flowers grow less than 1 inch across and are borne continuously from early summer until frost. Fine for beds, borders, edgings, and rock gardens. Flowers are borne on stems long enough for cutting. Our mixture contains rich scarlet, bright yellow, pure white, lilac and other shades. 1 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

Giant
Dahlia
Flowered
Zinnia



Fantasy Zinnias

2089 Star Dust Beautiful golden yellow, well-rounded flowers, 3 to 3½ in. across. Petals are narrow, tubular and prettily twisted, which gives them the appearance of a small shaggy chrysanthemum.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60¢.

2096 Mixed Colors Flowers of a most artistic form, borne on long, stiff stems. Colors include red, yellow, orange, pastel pinks, lavender and cream. 2 to 2½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

Miscellany

We present here a few items which refuse to be classified, but without which our catalog would be incomplete.

2024 Maule's Wonder Garden Special Mixture

A surprise mixture of the easiest and surest growing annual flower seeds (no climbers) that may be sown broadcast, to give a natural or wild effect in the garden, odd corners, and borders. With little care, a charming effect may be had from early summer to frost.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

4135 The Children's Garden

Here's a group of 12 different annual flowers chosen because of their attractiveness and extreme ease of growing. These flowers are offered in full size packets at a great bargain. Sweet Alyssum, Empress Celosia, African Marigold Mixed, Mignonette Mixed, Dwarf Nasturtiums Mixed, Calendula Mixed, Dwarf Petunias Mixed, Pinks Single and Double Mixed, Aster American Beauty Mixed, Portulaca Single Mixed, Cornflowers Mixed, and Zinnia California Giant Mixed.

12 Pkts.—One of each (value \$1.35) for only 75¢

4101 Maule's Dollar Flower Garden

To satisfy gardeners who demand the very best in flower seed mixtures, we have assembled the special, select stock blends listed below. In each case we have chosen the largest flowering and purest colored varieties we possess, and we have put an unusually generous amount of seed in each packet. Last year we offered these mixtures in our catalog at 25¢ per packet, and they are the same value this year.

Asters Giant chrysanthemum flowered, 5 best colors

Marigolds Four best carnation flowered varieties

Petunias Four bedding varieties, 4 colors

Zinnias Dahlia flowered, 7 choicest colors

These four packets make a whole flower garden in themselves, and the group is being advertised in magazines this year as Maule's Dollar Flower Garden for 10¢. This unheard-of bargain has been purchased by many thousands of prospective Maule customers, but we feel that it is only fair to offer the same seed; at the same price to our old friends who receive our catalog year after year. Accordingly, we will send the four packets listed above (Collection 4101), value \$1.00, for just 10¢

Zinnias are Easy to Grow

David Burpee Zinnias

2026 Finest Mixed While the flower heads are very large, it is their shaggy, chrysanthemum-like form that is most striking. The petals are attractively curled and quilled, and even the leaves are curiously twisted. Unusual range of colors, such as apricot, cream, buff, burnt orange, rose, and peach. Some flowers are solid colors while others are a blend of two or three colors. 3 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢.



2026
David Burpee
Zinnias

Lilliput, Baby or Pompon Zinnias

The little pompon flowers, an inch or more across, are most appealing whether seen in borders, beds, or as cut flowers. The plants grow 12 to 18 in. high, are bushy and very free blooming. Nice as edgings to taller zinnias.

2025 Black Ruby

2082 Canary Yellow

2074 Crimson Gem

2077 Golden Gem

2078 Lilac Gem

2079 Rosebud

2080 Salmon Rose

2081 White Gem

Any of the above Lilliput Zinnias:

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35¢.

2076 Mixed Colors A well-balanced blend of the above and other colors.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢.

4186 Collection 5 Lilliput Zinnias

5 Pkts.—One each of Crimson Gem, Golden Gem, Lilac Gem, Salmon Rose, and White Gem (value 50¢) for only 40¢

California Giant Zinnias

Large, flat blooms that are most graceful and attractive, 5 to 6 in. across, and about 1 in. thick, and composed of overlapping loosely arranged petals. The plants grow 3 ft. tall.

2091 Enchantress Two-tone rose.

2039 Lavender Gem Deep lavender.

2043 Lemon Queen Lemon-yellow.

2053 Orange King Orange-scarlet.

2092 Purity Pure white.

2045 Rose Queen Clear bright rose.

2093 Scarlet Gem Glowing scarlet.

2094 Violet Queen Purplish violet.

Any of the above California Giants:
Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

2054 Mixed Colors All of the separate colors have been carefully blended into a grand mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢.

4188 Collection of 4 Choice California Giant Zinnias

4 Pkts.—One each of Rose Queen, Lemon Queen, Purity, and Scarlet Gem (value 40¢)
for only 25¢

Cut-and-Come- Again Zinnias

Flowers measure about $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. across and the more you cut, the more the plants will bloom. These are medium sized zinnias, both in plant and blossom, and frequently blend better in mixed cut flowers than the massive blooms of the giant types.

2028 Canary Yellow

2029 Crimson

2031 Golden Orange

2032 Pinkie

2033 Salmon Rose

2027 Bright Scarlet

2034 White

Any of the above 7 colors:

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35¢.

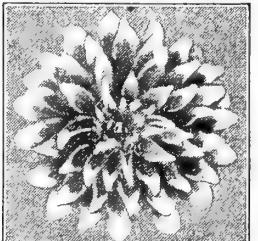
2040 All Colors Mixed All the above and others are included in this mixture of Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50¢.

Double Mexican or Miniature Zinnias

2098 Mixed Colors Flowers are semi-double and double, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. across, in shades of orange, yellow and maroon, bordered creamy white. 12 to 18 in. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢.



2098 Mexican Zinnias

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DDT

52x17 DDT Dust

Thoroughly tested D D T product called DiKilz designed for general plant dusting except Bean Beetles. Long term effectiveness. 1 lb. 45¢; 5 lbs. \$1.40.

52x16 DDT Plant Spray

25% solution to be diluted 1 to 400 in water. Kills thrips, cucumber beetles, and many other insects. Not for indoor use. $\frac{1}{2}$ pint \$1.00.

52x08 DDT Household Spray

Use on screens, walls, etc. to kill flies, mosquitoes, fleas, and other pests. Lasts for weeks. 5% D D T content. 1 pt. 45¢; 1 qt. 85¢.

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